# **Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary**

Bill Number: 5285 SB

Title: Liquor license renewals

## **Estimated Cash Receipts**

| Agency Name           | 2013-15   |           | 2015-     | -17       | 2017-19   |           |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                       | GF- State | Total     | GF- State | Total     | GF- State | Total     |
| Department of Revenue | 2,096,000 | 2,098,000 | 2,186,000 | 2,188,000 | 2,186,000 | 2,188,000 |
|                       |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| Total \$              | 2,096,000 | 2,098,000 | 2,186,000 | 2,188,000 | 2,186,000 | 2,188,000 |

# **Estimated Expenditures**

| Agency Name           | 2013-15 |          |          | 2015-17 |          |          | 2017-19 |          |          |
|-----------------------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
|                       | FTEs    | GF-State | Total    | FTEs    | GF-State | Total    | FTEs    | GF-State | Total    |
| Department of Revenue | .0      | 0        | 0        | .0      | 0        | 0        | .0      | 0        | 0        |
| Liquor Control Board  | .1      | 0        | 22,400   | .1      | 0        | 40,000   | .1      | 0        | 40,000   |
| Total                 | 0.1     | \$0      | \$22,400 | 0.1     | \$0      | \$40,000 | 0.1     | \$0      | \$40,000 |

# **Estimated Capital Budget Impact**

NONE

| Prepared by: | Cherie Berthon, OFM | Phone:       | Date Published: |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|
|              |                     | 360-902-0659 | Final 2/4/2013  |

\* See Office of the Administrator for the Courts judicial fiscal note

 \*\* See local government fiscal note FNPID 33295

FNS029 Multi Agency rollup

# **Department of Revenue Fiscal Note**

| Bill Number: | 5285 SB | Title: | Liquor license renewals | Agency: | 140-Department of<br>Revenue |
|--------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
|--------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|---------|------------------------------|

# **Part I: Estimates**

No Fiscal Impact

### Estimated Cash Receipts to:

| Account                              | FY 2014   | FY 2015   | 2013-15   | 2015-17   | 2017-19   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| GF-STATE-State                       | 645,000   | 703,000   | 1,348,000 | 1,406,000 | 1,406,000 |
| 01 - Taxes 01 - Retail Sales Tax     |           |           |           |           |           |
| GF-STATE-State                       | 47,000    | 51,000    | 98,000    | 102,000   | 102,000   |
| 01 - Taxes 05 - Bus and Occup Tax    |           |           |           |           |           |
| GF-STATE-State                       | 311,000   | 339,000   | 650,000   | 678,000   | 678,000   |
| 01 - Taxes 75 - Penalties and Intrst |           |           |           |           |           |
| Performance Audits of Government     | 1,000     | 1,000     | 2,000     | 2,000     | 2,000     |
| Account-State                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 01 - Taxes 01 - Retail Sales Tax     |           |           |           |           |           |
| Total \$                             | 1,004,000 | 1,094,000 | 2,098,000 | 2,188,000 | 2,188,000 |

### **Estimated Expenditures from:**

NONE

### **Estimated Capital Budget Impact:**

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

| Legislative Contact: | Dean Carlson   | Phone: (360)786-7305 | Date: 01/24/2013 |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Agency Preparation:  | Gerald Sayler  | Phone: 360-534-1517  | Date: 01/29/2013 |
| Agency Approval:     | Don Gutmann    | Phone: 360-534-1510  | Date: 01/29/2013 |
| OFM Review:          | Cherie Berthon | Phone: 360-902-0659  | Date: 01/29/2013 |

# **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Briefly describe, by section number, the significant provisions of the bill, and any related workload or policy assumptions, that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency.

This bill enhances the Department of Revenue's ability to collect delinquent excise taxes from taxpayers that hold liquor licenses, such as restaurants and bars.

This bill amends existing law to give the Department of Revenue (Department) the ability to request the Liquor Control Board take any or all of the following actions if a taxpayer is more than 30 days delinquent in paying any excise taxes:

- Suspend the taxpayer's liquor license,
- Refuse to renew the taxpayer's existing liquor license, or
- Refuse to issue a new liquor license to the taxpayer.

The bill would also require that a taxpayer wishing to appeal a tax assessment to the Board of Tax Appeals must first pay in full the amount of taxes assessed by the Department.

This bill expands the Department's existing authority, which applies only to the collection of delinquent spirits taxes.

This bill would take effect July 1, 2013.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Briefly describe and quantify the cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency, identifying the cash receipts provisions by section number and when appropriate the detail of the revenue sources. Briefly describe the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explain how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing functions.

#### ASSUMPTIONS

- Approximately 50 percent of delinquent taxpayers with liquor licenses will be subject to the additional authority provided to the Department of Revenue (Department) in this bill.

- It is estimated that 10 percent of these taxpayers will pay their outstanding liabilities under this increased authority.

- It is assumed that the estimated additional revenues resulting from this bill will stay constant each year if current economic conditions continue.

- Fiscal Year 2014 reflects eleven months of impact due to the July 1, 2013, effective date.

- Affected taxpayers will fall under NAICS 722 classification

#### DATA SOURCES

- Data from the Department's Compliance Division.

### REVENUE ESTIMATE

If this bill is enacted, state revenues will increase by approximately \$2.1 million in the 2013-2015 Biennium and \$2.2 million in both the 2015-2017 and 2017-2019 biennia.

In addition, local revenues will increase by approximately \$502,000 in the 2013-2015 Biennium and \$524,000 in both the 2015-2017 and 2017-2019 biennia.

### TOTAL REVENUE IMPACT:

State Government (cash basis, \$000): FY 2014 - \$1,004 FY 2015 - \$1,094

| FY 2016 - | \$1,094 |
|-----------|---------|
| FY 2017 - | \$1,094 |
| FY 2018 - | \$1,094 |
| FY 2019 - | \$1,094 |

Local Government, if applicable (cash basis, \$000):

FY 2014 - \$240 FY 2015 - \$262 FY 2016 - \$262 FY 2017 - \$262 FY 2018 - \$262 FY 2018 - \$262

### II. C - Expenditures

Briefly describe the agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), identifying by section number the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings). Briefly describe the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explain how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing

The Department will not incur any costs with the implementation of this legislation.

### Part III: Expenditure Detail

# III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

### Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

Identify acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and dexcribe potential financing methods

NONE

None.

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Identify provisions of the measure that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

No rule-making required.

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

| Bill Number: | 5285 SB | Title: | Liquor license renewals | Agency: | 195-Liquor Control Board |
|--------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|---------|--------------------------|
|--------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|---------|--------------------------|

# Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

### **Estimated Expenditures from:**

|                                      | FY 2014 | FY 2015 | 2013-15 | 2015-17 | 2017-19 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| FTE Staff Years                      | 0.0     | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.1     |
| Account                              |         |         |         |         |         |
| Liquor Revolving Account-State 501-1 | 2,400   | 20,000  | 22,400  | 40,000  | 40,000  |
| Total \$                             | 2,400   | 20,000  | 22,400  | 40,000  | 40,000  |

### **Estimated Capital Budget Impact:**

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

| Legislative Contact: | Dean Carlson      | Phone: (360)786-7305  | Date: 01/24/2013 |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Agency Preparation:  | Michael Kashmar   | Phone: 360-664-1690   | Date: 02/04/2013 |
| Agency Approval:     | Michael Kashmar   | Phone: 360-664-1690   | Date: 02/04/2013 |
| OFM Review:          | Diamatris Winston | Phone: (360) 902-7657 | Date: 02/04/2013 |

X

# **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Briefly describe by section number, the significant provisions of the bill, and any related workload or policy assumptions, that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency.

Section 1 expands the Department of Revenue authority (82.08.155) to include any tax or assessment due that is in arrears, and to request the Liquor Control Board suspend, refuse to renew, or refuse to issue a liquor licensee's liquor license(s).

Per the Assistant Attorney General, the Liquor Control Board Licensing Division due process requirements are the same as current statute and procedure. Note this bill amends HB 2758 (2012 session). Implementation of this bill will be a manual process, driven by written requests from DOR. SB 5285 will be implemented as an addendum to HB 2758 (2012 session).

### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Briefly describe and quantify the cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency, identifying the cash receipts provisions by section number and when appropriate the detail of the revenue sources. Briefly describe the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explain how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing functions.

### No cash receipt impact

### II. C - Expenditures

Briefly describe the agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), identifying by section number the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings). Briefly describe the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explain how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing functions.

Using an estimate from the Department of Revenue (DOR) of 3 suspensions in the first fiscal year and a maximum of 25 in the outer fiscal years, the expenditures for LCB are \$785 per case and include staff from enforcement, licensing, and a hearing officer.

# **Part III: Expenditure Detail**

### III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

|                                      | FY 2014 | FY 2015  | 2013-15  | 2015-17  | 2017-19  |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| FTE Staff Years                      | 0.0     | 0.1      | 0.1      | 0.1      | 0.1      |
| A-Salaries and Wages                 | 1,500   | 12,000   | 13,500   | 24,000   | 24,000   |
| B-Employee Benefits                  | 900     | 4,500    | 5,400    | 9,000    | 9,000    |
| C-Professional Service Contracts     |         |          |          |          |          |
| E-Goods and Other Services           |         | 1,500    | 1,500    | 3,000    | 3,000    |
| G-Travel                             |         | 2,000    | 2,000    | 4,000    | 4,000    |
| J-Capital Outlays                    |         |          |          |          |          |
| M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers        |         |          |          |          |          |
| N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services |         |          |          |          |          |
| P-Debt Service                       |         |          |          |          |          |
| S-Interagency Reimbursements         |         |          |          |          |          |
| T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements        |         |          |          |          |          |
| 9-                                   |         |          |          |          |          |
| Total:                               | \$2,400 | \$20,000 | \$22,400 | \$40,000 | \$40,000 |

**III. B - Detail:** List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

| Job Classification            | Salary  | FY 2014 | FY 2015 | 2013-15 | 2015-17 | 2017-19 |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Customer Service Specialist 1 | 33,228  |         | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Hearings Officer              | 76,536  |         | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Liquor Enforcement Officer 2  | 54,156  | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Total FTE's                   | 163,920 | 0.0     | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.1     |

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

NONE

### Part V: New Rule Making Required

Identify provisions of the measure that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Rules related to suspension, denial, or refuse to issue a license will need to be amended. Enforcement rules related to associated activities will also need to be amended.