Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2334 E 2S HB	mber: 2334 E 2S HB Title: Cannabinoid additives			Ager	ncy: 195-Liquor an Board	-	
Part I: Estimates				•			
No Fiscal Impact							
Estimated Cash Receipts to: ACCOUNT		FY 2018	FY 2019	2017-19	2019-21	2021-23	
Dedicated Marijuana Account-State		F1 2016	238,70			477,41	
315-1			200,100	200,101	,	,	
	Total \$		238,70	238,707	477,414	477,41	
Estimated Expenditures from:							
		FY 2018	FY 2019	2017-19	2019-21	2021-23	
FTE Staff Years		0.0	1.0	0.5	1.0	1	
Account Dedicated Marijuana Account-State		0	174,812	174,812	238,754	238,75	
315-1			,	,	200,101	_00,.0	
Ti	otal \$	0	174,812	174,812	238,754	238,75	
The cash receipts and expenditure estimates and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are ex			ely fiscal impact. Fac	ctors impacting the preci	sion of these estimates,		
Check applicable boxes and follow corre							
X If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,0 form Parts I-V.	-		biennium or in subs	sequent biennia, comp	plete entire fiscal note		
If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000	per fiscal y	rear in the current bio	ennium or in subseq	quent biennia, complet	te this page only (Part	I).	
Capital budget impact, complete Pa	rt IV.						
X Requires new rule making, complet	te Part V.						
Legislative Contact:			F	Phone:	Date: 03/0	7/2018	

Aaron Hanson

Ramona Nabors

Agency Approval:

OFM Review:

Date: 03/07/2018

Date: 03/12/2018

Phone: 360-664-1701

Phone: (360) 902-0547

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Briefly describe by section number, the significant provisions of the bill, and any related workload or policy assumptions, that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency.

Section 1 would allow licensed marijuana producers and processors to use a CBD product as an additive for the purposes of enhancing the cannabidiol concentration of any product authorized for production, processing, and sale by a marijuana licensee. CBD products must be produced by or purchased from a licensed marijuana producer or processor. Licensed marijuana producers and processors may purchase a CBD product from a source not licensed as a marijuana producer or processor, provided the CBD product has a THC level of 0.3% or less, and meets testing standards.

Section 1(3) states that the Liquor and cannabis Board ("Board") may enact rules to implement the requirements of this section.

Section 2(vv) defines "CBD product" as any product containing or consisting of cannabidiol.

Section 3 raises the license fee for marijuana producer, processor, and retailer licenses from \$1,300 to \$1,381/year.

Section 4 sets the effective date of section 3 (license fee increase) as July 1, 2018.

NEW TO THIS VERSION OF THE BILL:

Section 1(3) now restricts the rule making authority of the Board by prohibiting the adoption of rules pertaining to either the production or processing practices of the industrial hemp industry or any cannabidiol products that are sold or marketed outside of the regulatory framework established under chapter 69.50 RCW.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Briefly describe and quantify the cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency, identifying the cash receipts provisions by section number and when appropriate the detail of the revenue sources. Briefly describe the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explain how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 3 raises the license fee for marijuana producer, processor, and retailer licenses from \$1,300 to \$1,381/year, effective July 1, 2018.

There are currently 2,947 marijuana producers, processors, and retailers. Assuming the same number of licensees in future years, the annual cash receipt impact is \$238,707 (2,947 x \$81).

II. C - Expenditures

Briefly describe the agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), identifying by section number the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings). Briefly describe the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explain how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing functions.

ENFORCEMENT:

The LCB Enforcement Division utilizes a methodology called "Field Increments" (also known as "FI") when determining the workload impact of an enforcement activity. Enforcement officers spend portions of their time driving, training, being in the office, and taking leave. Time spent in these activities is time that an officer is unavailable for field work directly engaging in activities such as premise checks, inspections, and investigations.

Field increments are the amount of time that it takes to do an activity in the field. Each FI is 1/10th of an hour (6 minutes). For example, if a tavern premise check takes 2 FI's and two officers, it is anticipated that one check will consume 4 FI's (24 minutes of field work time - 2 FI's x 2 officers x 6 minutes). Using historical data, the Enforcement Division has determined that an officer is available for 4,220 FI's each year.

Regulating CBD products will be new work for the Enforcement Division. The workload impact will require an additional LCB Enforcement Officer 2 (LEO2). Ongoing costs of \$116,777 per year (\$100,227 in salaries/benefits, \$16,550 in associated costs). One-time costs in FY19 of \$27,695 for training and set-up. Please see the attached "2334 E2SHB Cannabinoid additives Field Increment calculator" for a breakdown of the workload impact.

The Enforcement Division anticipates performing 13 marijuana audits per year, each of which will require a lab test of CBD products to determine compliance. The current contract with the Department of Agriculture sets the cost at \$200/test, so testing costs will be \$2,600 per year.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY:

There will be costs to modify the agency's licensing system (iSeries - estimated at 44 hrs @\$150/hr = \$6,600 in contracted costs) and traceability system (Leaf - estimated at 85 hrs @\$150/hr = \$12,750 in contracted costs). There will also be one-time divisional staff cost of \$8,390.

LICENSING:

This version of the bill adds a nonrefundable \$81 fee on all marijuana producer, processor, and retailer applications and renewals. There will be minimal impact to the Licensing Division to update forms and communicate the change to licensees.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2018	FY 2019	2017-19	2019-21	2021-23
FTE Staff Years		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
A-Salaries and Wages		76,527	76,527	140,640	140,640
B-Employee Benefits		32,015	32,015	59,814	59,814
C-Professional Service Contracts		19,350	19,350		
E-Goods and Other Services		20,860	20,860	15,740	15,740
G-Travel		15,160	15,160	22,320	22,320
J-Capital Outlays		10,900	10,900	240	240
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total:	\$0	\$174,812	\$174,812	\$238,754	\$238,754

III. B - Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2018	FY 2019	2017-19	2019-21	2021-23
LCB Enforcement Officer 2	70,320		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs			1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0

III. C - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2018	FY 2019	2017-19	2019-21	2021-23
Enforcement Division (060)		147,072	147,072	238,754	238,754
Information Technology Division (070)		27,740	27,740		
Total \$		174,812	174,812	238,754	238,754

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Identify provisions of the measure that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Section 1(3) states that the LCB may enact rules to implement the requirements related to using CBD products as additives.

2334 E2SHB "Cannabinoid additives"- Enforcement Field Increment (FI) Calculator					
CBD					
1,220 Processors	Number of events	Time Factor	Staffing Factor	FI Total	
Complaint Investigations Marijuana	37	20	1.3	962	
Marijuana Audits	13	60	2.5	1950	
Non RVP Member Support and Education	61	7	1	427	
				0	
				0	
				0	
				0	
				0	
			Total FI's	3,339	
		To	tal Field Increments per FTE	4,220	

FTE's required

Round

0.79

1.0 FTE

Notes Frequency

1,220 Processors	
Complaint Investigations Marijuana	3%
Marijuana Audits (% of Complaint Investigations)	35%
Non RVP Member Support and Education	5%