Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 1068 HB Title: Injured worker medical exams

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29				
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Department of Labor and Industries	.0	0	0	10,000	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	10,000	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Board of Industrial	Fiscal 1	Fiscal note not available							
Insurance Appeals									
Department of Labor and	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Industries									
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

NONE

Prepared by: Anna Minor, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 790-2951	Preliminary

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1068 HB	Agency: 235-Department of Labor an Industries					
Part I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
NONE						
Estimated Operating Expendi	tures from:					
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Account	(00.1	5.000		5.00		
Accident Account-State	608-1	5,000	0	5,000		0
Medical Aid Account-State	609	5,000	0	5,000	0	0
-1	Total \$	10,000	0	10,000	0	0
The cash receipts and expendituand alternate ranges (if appropri			e most likely fiscal i	mpact. Factors in	pacting the precision o	these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and f	ollow correspo	onding instructions:				
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	than \$50,000 p	per fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subsequen	t biennia, complete er	
V 166 1:						ntire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less that	ın \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or	in subsequent b	ennia, complete this	
			rrent biennium or	in subsequent b	ennia, complete this	
Capital budget impact, co	omplete Part IV	V.	rrent biennium or	in subsequent b	ennia, complete this	
Capital budget impact, co	omplete Part IV	V.		in subsequent b		page only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, co X Requires new rule makin Legislative Contact: Trude	omplete Part IV g, complete Pa	V.	1		7384 Date: 01	page only (Part I).

Anna Minor

OFM Review:

Date: 01/20/2023

Phone: (360) 790-2951

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
608-1	Accident Account	State	5,000	0	5,000	0	0
609-1	Medical Aid Account	State	5,000	0	5,000	0	0
		Total \$	10,000	0	10,000	0	0

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years					
A-Salaries and Wages					
B-Employee Benefits					
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services	10,000		10,000		
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	10,000	0	10,000	0	0

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

See attached.

Part II: Explanation

This bill gives workers the right to record compelled medical examinations, expands the definition of companion/observer who may attend the exam, and removes reference to the Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals (BIIA) from RCW 51.36.070 (3).

II. A – Brief Description of What the Measure Does that Has Fiscal Impact

Section 1 amends RCW 51.36.070 by adding a new subsection 4. This subsection:

- Gives the worker the right to record the audio, video, or both, of all compelled examinations ordered under this section, RCW 51.32.110, or by the BIIA.
- States the worker is responsible for paying the costs of recording.
- States that upon request, the worker must provide one copy of the recording to the department or self-insured employer within 14 days of receiving the request, but in no case prior to the issuance of a written report of the compelled examination.
- States that the worker must take reasonable steps to ensure the recording equipment does not interfere with the compelled examination.
- States any material alteration of the recording by the worker or done on the
 worker's behalf that results in the receipt of benefits may be subject to repayment
 of those benefits pursuant to RCW 51.32.240.
- States that recordings made under this subsection are deemed confidential pursuant to RCW 51.28.070.
- States the worker has the right to have one person, who is at least the age of
 majority and who is of the worker's choosing, to be present to observe all
 compelled examinations ordered under this section, RCW 51.32.110, or by the
 BIIA. The observer must be unobtrusive and not interfere with the exam. The
 observer may not be the worker's legal representative.

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II. B – Cash Receipt Impact

Non-Appropriated State Fund Premiums

As an insurance entity, (L&I) premium rates are intended to match premiums to claims cost projections. Therefore, for this fiscal analysis it is assumed that any incremental costs or savings will equal the incremental revenue collected.

Non-Appropriated Premium Impact to Employers

Individual changes to the Accident and Medical Aid fund do not change rate assumptions by themselves. Cost increases are only one of many components in determining rates. The high-level strategy that is used to determine if a rate change is necessary is as follows:

- Review of liabilities, or costs of the Workers' Comp System.
- Investment earnings.
- Adequate revenue (premiums + investments) based on projected costs (actuarial estimates) will determine need for a premium change.

Non-Appropriated Self-Insured Employers

If an employer chooses to be self-insured, they are responsible to pay for overall claim costs and a portion of administration costs of L&I's Self-Insurance Program and other costs of related support functions. The administrative assessment is an amount per dollar of claim benefit costs. If benefit costs are increased due to the change in independent medical examinations, self-insured employers would be assessed by L&I for their appropriate portion of administrative costs based on the increase. Incremental costs or savings will equal the incremental revenue collected from assessments.

II. C – Expenditures

Non-Appropriated – State Fund Benefits Costs

There is non-appropriated impact only to the Accident Account, fund 608, and Medical Aid Account, fund 609. (Non-appropriated costs are not included in the Fiscal Note Summary.) Currently, the Workers' Compensation System experiences challenges with providers willing to accept L&I patients. L&I expects this bill would further reduce the pool of providers willing to conduct compelled medical exams. This is anticipated to cause scheduling delays if a provider

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does not consent to an audio and/or video recording. Any delays in services for injured worker will increase future disability and claim costs. It is expected that this will be more problematic amongst mental health providers. The impact of these changes on workers' compensation claim benefit costs is difficult to estimate and, therefore, indeterminate.

Below are some high level information to outline the potential impact to Workers' Compensation costs.

Current assumptions:

- The department currently conducts about 3,750 per quarter, or 15,000 annually.
- Of those about 3,000 per quarter, or 12,000 new claims annually, are compensable.

Impacts of implementation of this bill:

- A portion of the 12,000 of the compensable claims would need to be rescheduled due to providers not consenting to an audio/video recording. The department does not have information to understand what level of consent will be agreed upon.
- It is expected that a larger portion of the delays would be with mental health providers, due to their current capacity challenges.
- The reschedule depending on location and provider capacity would take from 24 days to potentially 60 days to reschedule.
- Any delays in receiving Workers' Comp Services will increase the duration injured workers are receiving time-loss, and will drive an increase in long-term disability.

The table provides potential annual impacts to the Workers' Compensation System:

Time-Loss Delay Cost	108.99	per day	
Compensable IME's	12,000		
Days Delayed	25	45	65
Percent of Compensable IME Delayed:			
10%	3,270,000	5,885,000	8,501,000
20%	6,539,000	11,771,000	17,002,000
30%	9,809,000	17,656,000	25,504,000
40%	13,079,000	23,542,000	34,005,000
50%	16,349,000	29,427,000	42,506,000

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<u>Appropriated – Operating Costs</u>

This proposed bill increases expenditures to the Accident Account, fund 608, and the Medical Aid Account, fund 609. The following assumptions were used to estimate the resources requested to implement this bill.

Information Technology (IT)

L&I estimates minimal requests for recordings to be provided to the department; therefore, there is limited IT impact. However, if requests for recordings increase, the department may require funding to address this.

Printing & Mailing

\$4,602 is needed in fiscal year 2024 to update and print the "Your Independent Medical Exam" for state fund and self-insured injured workers (English and Spanish).

Rule making

\$5,000 is needed for two rule making hearings to occur during fiscal year 2024. The average cost of one rule making hearing is \$2,500. (2 hearings x \$2,500 each = \$5,000)

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

This legislation would result in rule changes to:

- WAC 296-23-362, May a worker bring someone with them to an independent medical examination (IME)?
- WAC 296-23-367, May the worker videotape or audiotape the independent medical examination?

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