Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 5434 SB Title: Juvenile court jurisdiction

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Agency Name	2023	-25	2025	-27	2027-29		
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	No fiscal impac	t					
Loc School dist-SPI	No fiscal impac	t					
Local Gov. Other							
Local Gov. Total		•					

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name		20	023-25			2	025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Office of Public Defense	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Caseload Forecast Council	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Criminal Justice Training Commission	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	1.0	259,000	259,000	259,000	.3	63,000	63,000	63,000	.0	0	0	0
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	In addit	ion to the estin	nate above,there	e are additiona	al indeter	rminate costs	and/or savings.	. Please see in	dividual f	scal note.		
Department of Corrections	.0	1,000	1,000	1,000	.0	31,000	31,000	31,000	1.0	284,000	284,000	284,000
Department of Corrections	In addit	ion to the estin	nate above,there	e are additions	al indeter	minate costs	and/or savings.	. Please see in	dividual f	scal note.		
Superintendent of Public Instruction	.1	43,000	43,000	43,000	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	1.1	303,000	303,000	303,000	0.3	94,000	94,000	94,000	1.0	284,000	284,000	284,000

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs GF-State Total FTEs GF-State Total F							FTEs GF-State Total		
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	No fiscal impact								
Loc School dist-SPI	No fis	cal impact								
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.									
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	1		2027-29			
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total		
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0		
Office of Public Defense	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0		
Caseload Forecast Council	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0		
Criminal Justice Training Commission	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0		
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0		
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0		
Superintendent of Public Instruction	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0		
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0		

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	cal impact						-		
Loc School dist-SPI	No fis	cal impact								
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Cynthia Hollimon, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 810-1979	Final 2/6/2023

Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title: Juvenile court ju	ırisdiction		55-Administrative Office of ne Courts
Part I: Estimates	1			
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to:				
NONE				
Estimated Expenditures from:				
Estimated Capital Budget Impa	nt•			
NONE				
The revenue and expenditure estin subject to the provisions of RCW 4		ost likely fiscal impact. Responsibi	lity for expenditu	res may be
Check applicable boxes and fol If fiscal impact is greater the Parts I-V.	low corresponding instructions an \$50,000 per fiscal year in t	he current biennium or in subse		
		current biennium or in subseque	ent biennia, com	plete this page only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, con	nplete Part IV.			
Legislative Contact Delika St		Phone: 360'		Date: 01/19/2023
Agency Preparation: Angie Wi	rkkala	Phone: 360-	-704-5528	Date: 01/27/2023

179,994.00 Request # 074-1
Form FN (Rev 1/00) 1 Bill # <u>5434 SB</u>

Phone: 360-357-2406

Phone: (360) 819-3112

Date: 01/27/2023

Date: 01/30/2023

Chris Stanley

Gaius Horton

Agency Approval:

φFM Review:

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

The bill would create a juvenile justice task force and changes juvenile offender jurisdiction to 14 to 17 years of age.

Section 6 would nullify the bill if funding is not provided by June 30, 2023.

II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

None

II. C - Expenditures

No fiscal impact expected to the Administrative Office of the Courts and the courts other than participation as named members to the Raise the Age Juvenile Justice Task Force. The task force is staffed by the Office of Juvenile Justice. The act is void if appropriations are not provided.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (State)

NONE

III. B - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (County)

NONE

III. C - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (City)

NONE

III. D - FTE Detail

NONE

III. E - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B1 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (State)

NONE

IV. B2 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (County)

NONE

IV. B3 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (City)

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

None

179,994.00 Request # 074-1

Form FN (Rev 1/00) 2 Bill # 5434 SB

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title:	Juvenile court jurisdiction		Agency: 0	56-Office of Public Defense
Part I: Estimates					
X No Fiscal Impact					
Estimated Cash Receipts to:					
NONE					
Estimated Operating Expend NONE	itures from:				
Estimated Capital Budget Imp	pact:				
NONE					
The cash receipts and expendite and alternate ranges (if approp		this page represent the most likely fiscal	l impact. Factors	impacting the	precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and					
	than \$50,000 p	er fiscal year in the current biennium	m or in subseque	ent biennia, c	complete entire fiscal note
form Parts I-V.	on \$50,000 nor	fiscal year in the current biennium of	or in subsequent	hiennia cor	nnlata this naga only (Port I
		•	or in subsequent	bienina, con	ipiete tilis page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, co	omplete Part IV	' .			
Requires new rule making	ng, complete Pa	rt V.			
Legislative Contact: Delik	ka Steele		Phone: 360786	7486	Date: 01/19/2023
Agency Preparation: Katri	in Johnson		Phone: 360-58	5-3164 1	Date: 01/25/2023
Agency Approval: Soph	nia Byrd McShe	rry	Phone: 360-58	5-3164	Date: 01/25/2023
OFM Review: Gaiu	s Horton		Phone: (360) 8	19-3112	Date: 01/25/2023

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill would have no fiscal impact on the Office of Public Defense (OPD).

Section 2 establishes a task force that includes an OPD representative. OPD would absorb costs associated with participation in the task force.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill would have no fiscal impact on OPD. OPD's involvement in the newly established task force would be absorbed by current staffing levels.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title:	Juvenile court jurisdiction	Agency	101-Caseload Forecast Council
Part I: Estimates			•	
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts t	to:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Exp NONE	enditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:			
NONE				
		n this page represent the most likely fisco	al impact. Factors impacting	the precision of these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if ap Check applicable boxes a				
If fiscal impact is gre		per fiscal year in the current bienni	um or in subsequent bienni	a, complete entire fiscal note
form Parts I-V.	es than \$50,000 ne	er fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia	complete this page only (Part I
	_	•	or in subsequent blemma,	ompiete tins page only (1 art 1)
Capital budget impa	•			
Requires new rule m	aking, complete I	Part V.		
Legislative Contact: I	Delika Steele		Phone: 3607867486	Date: 01/19/2023
Agency Preparation: (Clela Steelhamme	r	Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 01/30/2023
Agency Approval:	Clela Steelhamme	<u>r</u>	Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 01/30/2023
OFM Review:	Cynthia Hollimon		Phone: (360) 810-1979	Date: 01/30/2023

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

SB 5434

CONCERNING THE JURISDICTION OF JUVENILE COURT

101 – Caseload Forecast Council January 26, 2023

SUMMARY

A brief description of what the measure does that has fiscal impact.

- Section 1 Legislative intent section.
- Section 2 Adds a new section to chapter 43.216 RCW that establishes the Raise the Age Juvenile Task Force for the purpose of considering and providing recommendations regarding implementation of juvenile jurisdiction expansion to encompass persons 18, 19 and 20 years of age by July 1, 2027.
- Section 2 Additionally sets membership of the task force and requires the initial meeting to be no later than September 1, 2023, and a final report be submitted on or before December 1, 2025.
- Section 2 Additionally establishes requirements of the report and that meetings be held at least monthly.
- Section 3 Amends RCW 9A.04.050 by raising the age that children are considered incapable of committing crimes from under age 8 to age 13 and younger. Children charged with Murder in the First or Second Degree that are 8 through 13 years of age are presumed to be incapable of committing crime, but this presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that they have sufficient capacity to understand the act or neglect, and to know that it was wrong.
- Section 4 Amends RCW 13.40.590 by revising the target offenders age for youth court programs from age 8 through 17, to 14 through 17.
- Section 5 Amends RCW 13.40.600 by revising the age of authority of Youth Courts from 8 through 17, to 14 through 17.
- Section 6 States that if specific funding for the purposes of this act is not provided by June 30, 2023, the act is null and void.

EXPENDITURES

Assumptions.

The bed impacts for this bill were calculated under the following assumptions.

- CFC = Caseload Forecast Council
- DOC = Department of Corrections
- DCYF = Department of Children, Youth, and Families
- JR = Juvenile Rehabilitation
- ISRB Indeterminate Sentence Review Board
- DOSA = Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative
- FOSA = Family and Offender Sentencing Alternative
- MHSA = Mental Health Sentencing Alternative

- FY = Fiscal Year
- Sentences are based on CFC FY22 data and assume no changes in crime rates, filings, plea agreement practices or sentencing volumes, *etc.* (*i.e.*, there will be an identical number of sentences each year).
- Sentences are distributed evenly by month.
- For Community Corrections impact, ADP estimates are provided as information and are indeterminate as they do not Supervision Compliance Credit.
- Exceptional sentences are included.
- Residential DOSA, FOSA, and MHSA sentences, which have zero correctional confinement under the current policy, have no impact to confinement capacity but the term of DOC community custody is eliminated under the proposed policy.
- For individuals sentenced as an indeterminate sex offender under RCW 9.94A.507, it is assumed individuals would have at least served the confinement ordered by the court. This could be underestimating the savings, as it is the purview of the ISRB to determine release, some individuals may be held longer than the minimum term ordered by the court.
- For jail sentences, length of stay in jail is calculated using a figure for average earned release, based on a 2001 survey of local jails by the Sentencing Guidelines Commission, the Office of Community Development, and the Washington State Association of Counties.
- For prison sentences, average time spent in jail prior to transfer to DOC is based on DOC FY 2022 data for the DOC by crime category and are calculated by the CFC.
- For prison sentences, length of stay in prison is calculated using figures for average percentage of sentence served in prison, which is based on DOC FY22 data, for non-DOSA offenders, by DOC crime category and are calculated and provided by the DOC.
- Proposed Prison sentences are assumed to be no confinement and no supervision under the proposed policy.
- Proposed Jail sentences are assumed to be no confinement and no supervision under the proposed policy.
- Bed impacts are calculated with phase-in factor.

Note: Due to multiple factors, the number of sentences imposed in FY 2022 continued to decline. The estimated Average Daily Population (ADP) savings associated with this legislative change is based on sentences imposed in FY 2022, and may be underestimating the ADP savings due to delayed sentences.

Impact on the Caseload Forecast Council.

None.

Impact on prison and jail beds.

The bill changes the age at which youth are considered incapable of committing a crime, from the age of under 8 to under the age of 14. For such youth who received an adjudication of local sanctions or confinement at a JR facility, a sentence would no longer occur, or for youth declined to adult court, confinement at a DOC facility, a JR facility until age 25, and supervision by DOC in the community would no longer occur, reducing the Average Daily Population (ADP) of jail, prison, JR, and Community Corrections.

The CFC has the information necessary to estimate the reductions to prison and jail ADP resulting from changing the age at which a youth is considered incapable of committing a crime for the juveniles sentenced as adults to confinement (16 individuals). Of the 16 individuals, 7 received a sentence under the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative, 6 received a presumptive jail sentence, and 3 received a prison sentence. All were convicted of sex offenses. The pre-sentence time spent in county jail, the estimated length of stay at a DOC and/or JR facility, and the community corrections term imposed by the court are included in the ADP estimates.

Average Monthly Population Jail and Prison Impacts SB 5434 Juvenile Court Jurisdiction

Caseload Forecast Council January 27, 2023

				,							
		Fiscal Year									
	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	FY33	
Jail AMP	0	-1	-3	-4	-4	-5	-5	-5	-5	-6	
Prison AMP (DOSA)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Prison AMP (Non-DOSA)	0	0	-1	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-8	
Prison AMP (Total)	0	0	-1	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-8	

Impact on supervision caseload.

In addition to the bed impacts, the bill will result in reductions to DOC's Community Corrections population. The CFC does not have the information necessary to provide determinate estimates of the ADP changes to community corrections under the provisions of the bill. In 2020, RCW 9.94A.717 passed, allowing for supervision compliance credits. As eligible individuals may reduce a portion of the supervision term based on programming, the CFC is unable to calculate an estimated length of stay for community custody. The CFC is providing an indeterminate ADP as an estimate of the impacts assuming no supervision compliance credits (SCC) were allowed. This may overestimate the savings as individuals sentenced not sentenced to a SSOSA or indeterminate plus sex offense sentence (RCW 9.94A.507) are allowed to earn SCC. Approximately 50% of the individuals impacted would be allowed to earn SCC.

For the indeterminate impacts, the bill will result in a maximum supervision impact of -34 in average daily population.

Average Monthly Population Supervision Impacts SB 5434 Juvenile Court Jurisdiction

Caseload Forecast Council January 27, 2023

		Fiscal Year								
	FY23 FY24 FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 FY30 FY31 FY32									
Supervision AMP	0	-1	-4	-7	-12	-16	-21	-25	-30	-34

Indeterminate impacts

Impact on local Juvenile Detention and Juvenile Rehabilitation beds.

Youth under the age of 14 will no longer be adjudicated through the juvenile courts under the provisions of the bill and will no longer serve confinement at JR or in local juvenile facilities. The CFC does not have the information necessary to estimate the reduced need for JR beds resulting from this provision, as the juvenile court imposes a range of confinement, and the release date within the range is determined by JR.

In Fiscal Year 2022, there were 437 adjudications of youth who were under the age of 14 (293 total dispositions) at the time of the offense, with the following placements:

- 231 adjudications with no confinement, or to work crew or private residence;
- 172 adjudications with juvenile county detention at an average confinement time of 13.8 days; and
- 36 adjudications with confinement at a JR facility (including 2 adjudications for Murder in the First Degree).

In addition, there will be decreased need for Juvenile Rehabilitation (JR) beds for individuals sentenced in adult court for an offense committed before the age of 18. Current law requires such individuals to serve to their confinement at a JR facility until age 25, or until release if occurring prior to age 25. As a result, reductions of adult convictions because age at offense was under the age of 14, would also decrease the need for JR beds. There were 2 individuals that committed their offense under the age of 14 that were sentenced to a DOC confinement that were under the age of 25 at sentencing.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title:	Juvenile court jurisdiction	Agency:	227-Criminal Justice Training Commission
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to	0:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Expo NONE	enditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:			
NONE				
		this page represent the most likely fisca	al impact. Factors impacting	the precision of these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if app Check applicable boxes a				
If fiscal impact is great	_	per fiscal year in the current bienniu	ım or in subsequent biennia	a, complete entire fiscal note
form Parts I-V.	4 050 000	C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Lead's Longer
	•	fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia, c	omplete this page only (Part I
Capital budget impac	et, complete Part Γ	V.		
Requires new rule ma	aking, complete Pa	art V.		
Legislative Contact: D	Delika Steele		Phone: 3607867486	Date: 01/19/2023
Agency Preparation: B	Brian Elliott		Phone: 206-835-7337	Date: 01/23/2023
Agency Approval: B	Brian Elliott		Phone: 206-835-7337	Date: 01/23/2023
OFM Review:	ynthia Hollimon		Phone: (360) 810-1979	Date: 01/26/2023

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 2 identifies the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs as being a member of the raise the age juvenile justice task force.

This bill has no fiscal impact on the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill has no cash receipt impact.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill has no expenditure impact.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

Bill # 5434 SB

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title: Juvenile court jurisdiction			ency: 307-Departme Youth, and Fa	
Part I: Estimates			!		
No Fiscal Impact					
Estimated Cash Receipts to:					
NONE					
Estimated Operating Expenditur	res from: FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.0
Account		1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
General Fund-State 001-1	133,000	126,000	259,000	63,000	0
	Total \$ 133,000	126,000	259,000	63,000	0
In addition to the estima	tes above, there are additional in	ndeterminate costs	and/or savings. P	lease see discussion.	
	estimates on this page represent the	e most likely fîscal im,	pact. Factors impo	acting the precision of t	these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and foll					
If fiscal impact is greater that	n \$50,000 per fiscal year in the	current biennium o	or in subsequent b	viennia, complete ent	ire fiscal note
Form Parts I-V.	650,000 per fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or i	n subsequent bier	nnia, complete this pa	age only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, com	•			, 1	
Requires new rule making, of					
Legislative Contact: Delika S	Steele	Pl	hone: 360786748	6 Date: 01/2	19/2023
Agency Preparation: Jay Trea	t	Pl	hone: 360-556-63	13 Date: 01/	31/2023
Agency Approval: James S	mith	Pl	hone: 360-764-94	92 Date: 01/	31/2023
OFM Review: Cynthia	Hollimon	Pl	hone: (360) 810-1	979 Date: 01/	31/2023

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

New Section 2 establishes a "raise the age" juvenile justice task force.

New Section 2 (c)(i) requires that a task force member be from Juvenile Rehabilitation (JR).

Section 2 (3) requires that the Office Of Juvenile Justice provide staff support for the new task force.

Section 3 amends RCW 9A.04.050 by raising the age that children are considered incapable of committing crime from under age 8 to age 13 and younger.

Section 4 amends RCW 13.40.590 by revising the target offenders age for youth court programs from age 8 through 17, to age 14 through 17.

Section 5 amends RCW 13.40.600 by revising the age of authority of youth courts from age 8 through 17, to age 14 through

New Section 6 adds a null and voice clause if specific funding for this purpose is not provided by June 20, 2023.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Total costs are Indeterminate, however, section 2 has estimated costs.

New Section 2 (c)(i)

Additional staff time will be absorbed within existing resources.

New Section 2 (3)

Totals costs are \$133,000 and 1 FTE for FY2024 \$126,000 1 FTE for FY2025, and \$63,000 and .5 FTE for FY2026. This includes all costs in the model that include the standard FTE costs.

The task force initial meeting shall convene no later than September 1, 2023 and must hold one meeting per month. The final report is due on or before December 1, 2025.

The following sections are indeterminate.

Sections 3, 4 and 5 that change the age that children are considered incapable of committing crime from under age 8 to age 13 and younger could potentially change the need for Juvenile Rehabilitation (JR) beds.

Children under the age of 14 will no longer be adjudicated through the juvenile courts and will no longer serve confinement at JR. The CFC does not have information to estimate the reduced need for JR beds as the juvenile court imposes a range of confinement and the release date is determined by JR.

There will also be a decreased need for JR beds for individuals sentenced in adult court for an offense committed before the age of 18 as required by current statutes.

DCYF assumes the impact will result when the ADP caseload changes in the JR residential facilities forecast. The impact would be reflected in the forecasted maintenance level budget step. DCYF will true up our fiscal impact in subsequest budget submittals if the legislation is enacted into law.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	133,000	126,000	259,000	63,000	0
		Total \$	133,000	126,000	259,000	63,000	0

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.3	
A-Salaries and Wages	92,000	92,000	184,000	46,000	
B-Employee Benefits	30,000	30,000	60,000	15,000	
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services	2,000	2,000	4,000	1,000	
G-Travel	2,000	2,000	4,000	1,000	
J-Capital Outlays	7,000		7,000		
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	133,000	126,000	259,000	63,000	

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
WMS Band 1	92,500	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.3	
Total FTEs		1.0	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.0

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Program Support (090)	133,000	126,000	259,000	63,000	
Total \$	133,000	126,000	259,000	63,000	

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

None

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title:	Title: Juvenile court jurisdiction			Agency: 310-Dep Correcti	
Part I: Estimates No Fiscal Impact						
No riscar impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
NONE						
Estimated Operating Expend	itures from:					
1 5 1		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	0.0	0.	0	0.0 1.0
Account						
General Fund-State 00	1-1	0	1,000	1,00	0 31,0	000 284,000
	Total \$	0	1,000	1,00	0 31,0	000 284,000
In addition to the esti	mates above, th	nere are additional in	ndeterminate cost	s and/or savings	. Please see discus	ssion.
The cash receipts and expendit			e most likely fiscal in	mpact. Factors in	npacting the precision	on of these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if approper Check applicable boxes and a						
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	•	-	current biennium	or in subsequer	t biennia, comple	te entire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less that	an \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or	in subsequent b	iennia, complete t	this page only (Part I
Capital budget impact, co	omplete Part IV	7.				
Requires new rule makin	g, complete Pa	rt V.				
Legislative Contact: Delik	ca Steele]	Phone: 3607867	486 Date:	: 01/19/2023
Agency Preparation: Jaym	ie Hall]	Phone: (360) 72	5-8428 Date:	: 02/01/2023
Agency Approval: Rone	ell Witt]	Phone: (360) 72	5-8428 Date:	: 02/01/2023
OFM Review: Cynt	hia Hollimon]	Phone: (360) 81	0-1979 Date:	: 02/06/2023

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 is a new section that serves as an introduction the legislature states to amend jurisdiction of juvenile court to include youth ages 14 through 20 by July 1, 2027. A juvenile justice task force will be established to examine and plan for implementation of the expanded juvenile age range.

Section 2 adds a new section to chapter 43.216 RCW that establishes the Raise the Age Juvenile Task Force for the purpose of considering and providing recommendations regarding implementation of juvenile jurisdiction expansion to encompass persons 18, 19 and 20 years of age by July 1, 2027

Section 2(1)(c) states Department of Corrections (DOC) will be a member of the task force which will meet once a month with a final report due December 1st, 2025.

Section 3 amends RCW 9A.04.050 by raising the age that children are considered incapable of committing crimes from under age 8 to age 13 and younger. Children charged with Murder in the First or Second Degree that are 8 through 13 years of age are presumed to be incapable of committing crime, but this presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that they have sufficient capacity to understand the act or neglect, and to know that it was wrong.

Section 4 amends RCW 13.40.590 by revising the target offenders age for youth court programs from age 8 through 17, to 14 through 17.

Section 5 amends RCW 13.40.600 by revising the age of authority of Youth Courts from 8 through 17, to 14 through 17.

Section 6 states that if specific funding for the purposes of this act is not provided by June 30, 2023, the act is null and void

Effective date is assumed 90 days after adjournment of session in which this bill is passed.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill establishes a task force in which a DOC representative would need to attend a meeting once a month. This workload can be absorbed into an employee's job duties without the need for additional staffing.

The bill also changes the age at which youth are considered incapable of committing a crime, from the age of under 8 to under the age of 14. For such youth who received an adjudication of local sanctions or confinement at a JR facility, a sentence would no longer occur, or for youth declined to adult court, confinement at a DOC facility, a JR facility until age 25, and supervision by DOC in the community would no longer occur, reducing the Average Daily Population (ADP) of jail, prison, JR, and Community Corrections.

The CFC has the information necessary to estimate the reductions to prison and jail ADP resulting from changing the age at which a youth is considered incapable of committing a crime for the juveniles sentenced as adults to confinement (16 individuals). Of the 16 individuals, 7 received a sentence under the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative, 6 received

a presumptive jail sentence, and 3 received a prison sentence. All were convicted of sex offenses. The pre-sentence time spent in county jail, the estimated length of stay at a DOC and/or JR facility, and the community corrections term imposed by the court are included in the rounded ADP estimates.

```
FY2024: 0 ADP X $6,980 DVC = $0

FY2025: 0 ADP X $6,980 DVC = $0

FY2026: -1 ADP X $6,980 DVC = -$7,000

FY2027: -3 ADP X $6,980 DVC = -$21,000

FY2028: -4 ADP X $6,980 DVC = -$28,000

FY2029: -5 ADP X $6,980 DVC = -$35,000
```

The DOC assumes this bill would likely result in an Average Daily Population (ADP) decrease, although the impact cannot be reliably estimated.

IMPACT OF SUPERVISION CASELOAD

In addition to the bed impacts, the bill will result in reductions to DOC's Community Corrections population. The CFC does not have the information necessary to provide determinate estimates of the ADP changes to community corrections under the provisions of the bill. In 2020, RCW 9.94A.717 passed, allowing for supervision compliance credits. As eligible individuals may reduce a portion of the supervision term based on programming, the CFC is unable to calculate an estimated length of stay for community custody. The CFC is providing an indeterminate ADP as an estimate of the impacts assuming no supervision compliance credits (SCC) were allowed. This may overestimate the savings as individuals sentenced not sentenced to a SSOSA or indeterminate plus sex offense sentence (RCW 9.94A.507) are allowed to earn SCC. Approximately 50% of the individuals impacted would be allowed to earn SCC.

For the indeterminate impacts, the bill will result in a maximum supervision impact of -34 in average daily population.

Total estimated fiscal impact by FY for this proposed legislation for all community ADP impacts is as follows:

```
FY2024: -1 ADP, at a savings of $0
FY2025: -4 ADP, at a savings of $1,000
FY2026: -7 ADP, at a savings of $1,000
FY2027: -12 ADP, at a savings of $2,000
FY2028: -16 ADP, at a savings of $110,000 and 1.0 FTE
FY2029: -21 ADP, at a savings of $111,000 and 1.0 FTE
```

AGENCYWIDE TOTAL IMPACT

Total estimated fiscal impact of this proposed legislation prison and community impacts combined follows:

```
FY2024: -1 ADP, $0
FY2025: -4 ADP, $1,000
FY2026: -8 ADP, $8,000
FY2027: -15 ADP, $21,000
FY2028: -20 ADP, $138,000
```

FY2028: -20 ADP, \$138,000 and 1.0 FTE FY2029: -26 ADP, \$146,000 and 1.0 FTE

As of December 31, 2022, the DOC currently houses 124 incarcerated individuals aged 18 through 20. The DOC does not have the capability to predict how often or in what circumstances the courts would exercise their sentencing authority, therefore, the fiscal impact is indeterminate, assumed to be a savings of less than \$50,000 per FY.

Bill # 5434 SB

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	1,000	1,000	31,000	284,000
		Total \$	0	1,000	1,000	31,000	284,000

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years					1.0
A-Salaries and Wages					138,000
B-Employee Benefits					60,000
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services				21,000	63,000
G-Travel					2,000
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services		1,000	1,000	10,000	21,000
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	1,000	1,000	31,000	284,000

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS	68,938					1.0
OFFICER 2 - WFSE						
Total FTEs						1.0

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Correctional Operation (200)				15,000	33,000
Community Supervision (300)		1,000	1,000	3,000	217,000
Healthcare Services (500)				13,000	30,000
Interagency Payments (600)					4,000
Total \$		1,000	1,000	31,000	284,000

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title:	Title: Juvenile court jurisdiction				50-Superint nstruction	tendent of Public
Part I: Estimates							
No Fiscal Impact							
Estimated Cash Receipts to:							
NONE							
Estimated Operating Expenditure	es from:						
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	20	25-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.1	0.1		0.1	0.0	0.0
Account							
General Fund-State 001-1		22,000	21,000	43,0		0	0
	Total \$	22,000	21,000	43,0	100	0	0
The cash receipts and expenditure e. and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explo	ained in Part II.		mpact. Factors	impacting the	precision of	these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follo	w corresp	onding instructions:					
If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	n \$50,000	per fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subsequ	ent biennia, c	complete en	tire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than \$3	50,000 per	r fiscal year in the cu	irrent biennium or	in subsequent	biennia, con	nplete this p	page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, comp	lete Part I	V.					
Requires new rule making, co	omplete P	art V.					
Legislative Contact: Delika St	eele			Phone: 360786	7486	Date: 01/	/19/2023
Agency Preparation: Tisha Ku	hn			Phone: 360 72	5-6424	Date: 01/	/30/2023
Agency Approval: Amy Kol	lar			Phone: 360 72	5-6420	Date: 01/	/30/2023
OFM Review: Val Terre				Phone: (360) 2	80-3973	Date: 01/	/31/2023

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 (New):

Findings and intent section. The legislature resolves to amend jurisdiction of juvenile court to include youth ages 14 through 20 by July 1, 2027. The legislature intends to partner with local governments, courts, and other stakeholders to ensure successful expansion of juvenile court jurisdiction.

Section 2 (New):

Section 2(1): Establishes the Raise the Age Juvenile Justice Task Force, and names the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI), and the Washington State School Directors' Association (WSSDA) as members of the task force.

Section 2(2): Requires the task force to convene the initial meeting no later than September 1, 2023.

Section 2(3): Requires the staff support for the task force to be provided by the Office of Juvenile Justice.

Section 2(4): Requires the task force to provide recommendations and an implementation plan to expand juvenile court jurisdiction expansion to also include persons 18, 19, and 20 years old by July 1, 2027.

Section 2(5): Requires the task force to submit a report to the Governor and the appropriate committees of the Legislature on or before December 1, 2024.

September 2(6): Requires the task force to submit a final report regarding the implementation plan for the expansion on or before December 1, 2025.

Section 2(7)(a): Requires legislative members of the task force to be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120. Details when non legislative members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses.

Section 2(7)(b): Allows for non legislative members of the task force who demonstrate financial hardship to be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060, as well as other expenses as needed for each day of non legislative task force member attends a task force meeting to provide consultative assistance.

Section 2(8): Requires the expenses of the task force to be paid jointly by the senate and the house of representatives.

Section 2(9): Requires the task force to meet at least once per month.

Section 2(10): The expiration date for this section January 1, 2025.

Section 3 (Amended):

Increases the age range that children are presumed incapable of committing a crime to age 13 and younger. Also, establishes that children aged 8 through 13 charged with murder in the first or second degree are presumed incapable of committing crime, but that presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that the child has sufficient capacity to understand the act or neglect, and to know that it was wrong.

Section 4 (Amended):

Changes the youth court programs target offenders ages from 8 though 17 to 14 through 17.

Section 5 (Amended):

Changes youth court authority over juveniles ages 8 through 17 to 14 through 17.

Section 6 (New):

If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number is not provided by June 30, 2023, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No cash receipts impact anticipated.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

OSPI Expenditure Impact

OSPI estimates it would require a .10 FTE Program Supervisor's time representing OSPI as a member of the Raise the Age Juvenile Justice Task Force in FY24 and FY25. This assumes that the task force would hold monthly meetings from September 2023 through November 2024. OSPI estimates the cost associated with this work would be \$17,000 in FY24 and \$16.000 in FY25.

WSSDA Expenditure Impact

WSSDA estimates it would require a .05 FTE Director's time representing WSSDA as a member of the Raise the Age Juvenile Justice Task Force in FY24 and FY25. This assumes that the task force would hold monthly meetings from September 2023 through November 2024. OSPI estimates the cost associated with this work would be \$5,000 in FY24 and \$5,000 in FY25.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	22,000	21,000	43,000	0	0
		Total \$	22,000	21,000	43,000	0	0

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.1	0.1	0.1		
A-Salaries and Wages	9,000	9,000	18,000		
B-Employee Benefits	5,000	5,000	10,000		
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services	6,000	6,000	12,000		
G-Travel	1,000	1,000	2,000		
J-Capital Outlays	1,000		1,000		
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	22,000	21,000	43,000	0	

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Program Supervisor	90,544	0.1	0.1	0.1		
Total FTEs		0.1	0.1	0.1		0.0

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

No capital budget impact is anticipated.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number:	5434 SB	Title: Juveni	le court jurisdiction
Part I: Jur	isdiction-Location	on, type or status	of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.
Legislation	Impacts:		
			nent, prosecution, and defense costs due to youth under the age of 13 no longer s system per this legislation
X Counties:	Same as above, also	ndeterminate cost re	ductions due to lower juvenile detention facility bed demands
Special Dist	cricts:		
Specific jur	isdictions only:		
Variance oc	curs due to:		
Part II: Es	stimates		
No fiscal in	npacts.		
Expenditure	es represent one-time	costs:	
Legislation	provides local option	:	
X Key variable	les cannot be estimate	d with certainty at the	is time: Exact cost savings due to reductions in law enforcement, prosecution, and defense costs as well as a reduction in juvenile detention facility bed demands
Estimated rev	enue impacts to:		
None			
Estimated exp	enditure impacts to:		
	Non-zero	but indeterminate	cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Kate Fernald	Phone:	564-200-3519	Date:	01/27/2023
Leg. Committee Contact: Delika Steele	Phone:	3607867486	Date:	01/19/2023
Agency Approval: Alice Zillah	Phone:	360-725-5035	Date:	01/27/2023
OFM Review: Cynthia Hollimon	Phone:	(360) 810-1979	Date:	01/30/2023

Page 1 of 3 Bill Number: 5434 SB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

Section 3 raises the age that children are considered incapable of committing crimes from under age 8 to 13 and younger, except for children charged with Murder in the First or Second Degree that are ages 8 through 13. The presumption that children age 8 through 13 who are charged with Murder in the First or Second Degree are incapable of committing crime may now be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that they have sufficient capacity to understand the act or neglect, and to know that it was wrong.

Section 4 amends RCW 13.40.590 to revise youth court programs by raising the target offender age for youth court programs from age 8 through 17 to 14 through 17.

Section 5 amends RCW 13.40.600 to revise youth court jurisdiction by raising the age of authority of Youth Courts from 8 through 17 to 14 through 17.

Section 6 adds a new section to dictate that if specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing it by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2023 in the omnibus appropriations act, this legislation is null and void.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This legislation would result in an indeterminate reduction in local government expenditures. The exact amount local governments would save cannot be estimated at this time.

LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROSECUTION, AND DEFENSE COSTS

Youth under the age of 14 will no longer be adjudicated through the juvenile courts under the provisions of the bill. Therefore, cities and counties will incur fewer expenses for law enforcement, prosecution, and defense of juvenile individuals who will no longer be subject to said legal proceedings. The total amount saved is based on variables such as the number of crimes committed and classification of crimes committed. Therefore, the exact reduction in law enforcement, prosecution, and defense costs for local governments due to this legislation cannot be determined at this time.

JUVENILE DETENTION BED IMPACTS

Youth under the age of 14 will no longer be adjudicated through the juvenile courts under the provisions of the bill and will no longer serve confinement at state Juvenile Rehabilitation (JR) or in local juvenile facilities. The information necessary to estimate the reduced need for JR or local juvenile facility beds resulting from this legislation is not available at this time

For illustrative purposes, 2019 data is offered below. Please note this data is pre-COVID. The Caseload Forecast Council would expect the number of adjudications based on fiscal year 2022 data to be less. However, 2022 youth adjudications data was not available, so exact cost savings could not be calculated.

In Fiscal Year 2019, there were 244 adjudications of youth under the age of 13 with the following placements:

- --- 122 adjudications with no confinement, or to work crew or private residence;
- --- 105 adjudications with juvenile county detention at an average confinement time of 10.3 days; and
- --- 17 adjudications with confinement at a JR facility.

The 105 adjudications to juvenile county detention with an average confinement time of 10.3 days could be recognized as additional cost savings to counties due to their elimination under this legislation. Per DCYF's Juvenile Rehabilitation, the fiscal year 2022 average cost per day for youth at JR institutions is \$676.44 and at the Community Facilities is \$473.27. However, it is unknown what proportion of this rate is due to state Department of Social and Health Services confinement

Page 2 of 3 Bill Number: 5434 SB

and thus not under the purview of local governments. While there are savings to local governments due to this lower confinement, with the data on hand exact calculations cannot be made at this time.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This legislation would have no impact on local government revenues.

SOURCES:

Juvenile Rehabilitation at the Department of Children, Youth and Families Local Government Fiscal Note ESSB 5122 (2021) Washington Association of Prosecuting Attorneys Washington Caseload Forecast Council

Page 3 of 3 Bill Number: 5434 SB

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

			<u> </u>	
Bill Number: 5434 SB	Title: Juven	ile court jurisdiction	Agency:	SDF-School District Fiscal Note - SPI
Part I: Estimates			•	
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to:				
NONE				
Estimated Operating Expen NONE	ditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget In	npact:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expena and alternate ranges (if appr		ge represent the most likely fiscal	l impact. Factors impacting t	the precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and				
If fiscal impact is great form Parts I-V.	er than \$50,000 per fisc	al year in the current biennium	m or in subsequent biennia	, complete entire fiscal note
	than \$50,000 per fiscal	year in the current biennium of	or in subsequent biennia, c	omplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact,	complete Part IV.			
Requires new rule make	ring, complete Part V.			
Legislative Contact: De	lika Steele		Phone: 3607867486	Date: 01/19/2023
Agency Preparation: Tis	ha Kuhn		Phone: 360 725-6424	Date: 01/31/2023
Agency Approval: An	ny Kollar		Phone: 360 725-6420	Date: 01/31/2023
OFM Review: Val	l Terre		Phone: (360) 280-3973	Date: 01/31/2023

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 (New):

Findings and intent section. The legislature resolves to amend jurisdiction of juvenile court to include youth ages 14 through 20 by July 1, 2027. The legislature intends to partner with local governments, courts, and other stakeholders to ensure successful expansion of juvenile court jurisdiction.

Section 2 (New):

Section 2(1): Establishes the Raise the Age Juvenile Justice Task Force, and names the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI), and the Washington State School Directors' Association (WSSDA) as members of the task force.

Section 2(2): Requires the task force to convene the initial meeting no later than September 1, 2023.

Section 2(3): Requires the staff support for the task force to be provided by the Office of Juvenile Justice.

Section 2(4): Requires the task force to provide recommendations and an implementation plan to expand juvenile court jurisdiction expansion to also include persons 18, 19, and 20 years old by July 1, 2027.

Section 2(5): Requires the task force to submit a report to the Governor and the appropriate committees of the Legislature on or before December 1, 2024.

September 2(6): Requires the task force to submit a final report regarding the implementation plan for the expansion on or before December 1, 2025.

Section 2(7)(a): Requires legislative members of the task force to be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120. Details when non legislative members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses.

Section 2(7)(b): Allows for non legislative members of the task force who demonstrate financial hardship to be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060, as well as other expenses as needed for each day of non legislative task force member attends a task force meeting to provide consultative assistance.

Section 2(8): Requires the expenses of the task force to be paid jointly by the senate and the house of representatives.

Section 2(9): Requires the task force to meet at least once per month.

Section 2(10): The expiration date for this section January 1, 2025.

Section 3 (Amended):

Increases the age range that children are presumed incapable of committing a crime to age 13 and younger. Also, establishes that children aged 8 through 13 charged with murder in the first or second degree are presumed incapable of committing crime, but that presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that the child has sufficient capacity to understand the act or neglect, and to know that it was wrong.

Section 4 (Amended):

Changes the youth court programs target offenders ages from 8 though 17 to 14 through 17.

Section 5 (Amended):

Changes youth court authority over juveniles ages 8 through 17 to 14 through 17.

Section 6 (New):

If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number is not provided by June 30, 2023, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No cash receipts impact anticipated.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill has no expenditure impact on school districts.

Section 2 establishes the Juvenile Justice Task Force and identifies the members who must be represented. Washington State School Directors' Association has been identified as a member representing a school district that provides education services to a juvenile rehabilitation residential facility.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

No capital budget impact is anticipated.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.