# **Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary**

 Bill Number:
 1482 HB
 Title:
 Protecting senior citizens' and disabled veterans' property tax exemption eligibility

# **Estimated Cash Receipts**

NONE

| Agency Name         | 2023-25   |           | 2025-27   |          | 2027-29   |           |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
|                     | GF- State | Total     | GF- State | Total    | GF- State | Total     |
| Local Gov. Courts   |           |           |           |          |           |           |
| Loc School dist-SPI |           |           |           |          |           |           |
| Local Gov. Other    |           | (800,000) |           | (32,000) |           | (114,999) |
| Local Gov. Total    |           | (800,000) |           | (32,000) |           | (114,999) |

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures**

| Agency Name              |      | 20       | )23-25      | 20    |      |          | 2025-27     |       |      | 2027-29  |             |       |
|--------------------------|------|----------|-------------|-------|------|----------|-------------|-------|------|----------|-------------|-------|
|                          | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total |
| Department of<br>Revenue | .0   | 3,700    | 3,700       | 3,700 | .0   | 0        | 0           | 0     | .0   | 0        | 0           | 0     |
| Total \$                 | 0.0  | 3,700    | 3,700       | 3,700 | 0.0  | 0        | 0           | 0     | 0.0  | 0        | 0           | 0     |

# **Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures**

| Agency Name           | 2023-25 |       |       | 2025-27 |       |       | 2027-29 |       |       |
|-----------------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
|                       | FTEs    | Bonds | Total | FTEs    | Bonds | Total | FTEs    | Bonds | Total |
| Department of Revenue | .0      | 0     | 0     | .0      | 0     | 0     | .0      | 0     | 0     |
| Total \$              | 0.0     | 0     | 0     | 0.0     | 0     | 0     | 0.0     | 0     | 0     |

# **Estimated Capital Budget Breakout**

| Prepared by: Cheri Keller, OFM | Phone:         | Date Published: |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
|                                | (360) 584-2207 | Final 2/ 7/2023 |

# **Department of Revenue Fiscal Note**

| Bill Number:1482 HBTitle: | Protecting senior citizens' and disabled veterans' property tax exemption eligibility | Agency: | 140-Department of Revenue |
|---------------------------|---|---------|---------------------------|
|---------------------------|---|---------|---------------------------|

### Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

#### Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

#### **Estimated Expenditures from:**

|                 |          | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|-----------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| FTE Staff Years |          | 0.1     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| Account         |          |         |         |         |         |         |
| GF-STATE-State  | 001-1    | 3,700   |         | 3,700   |         |         |
|                 | Total \$ | 3,700   |         | 3,700   |         |         |

#### **Estimated Capital Budget Impact:**

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

X If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

X Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

| Legislative Contact: | Rachelle Harris | Phone:60-786-7137  | Date: 01/22/2023 |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Agency Preparation:  | Frank Wilson    | Phon&60-534-1527   | Date: 02/04/2023 |
| Agency Approval:     | Valerie Torres  | Phon&60-534-1521   | Date: 02/04/2023 |
| OFM Review:          | Cheri Keller    | Phon(360) 584-2207 | Date: 02/06/2023 |

# Part II: Narrative Explanation

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

#### CURRENT LAW:

The law provides an exemption (exemption program) on the property tax of a principal place of residence for qualifying senior citizens (aged 61 or older), individuals with disabilities, and veterans with disabilities. The level of exemption varies based on the participant's income threshold.

The income thresholds necessary to qualify in the exemption program are as follows:

- Threshold 1 is the greater of \$30,000, or 45% of the county median household income.
- Threshold 2 is the greater of \$35,000, or 55% of the county median household income.
- Threshold 3 is the greater of \$40,000, or 65% of the county median household income.

All qualifying participants receive an assessed value on their primary residence in the year they first qualify that remains fixed ("frozen"). This frozen value is used to calculate future property taxes. However, if a participant fails to qualify in the program for high income purposes, they lose the exemption. If the high income is only for one year, they may retain their frozen value.

Each threshold is adjusted every five years, with the next adjustment taking place on March 1, 2024, for taxes levied for collection in 2025. As well, beginning with the March 1, 2024, adjustment and every second adjustment after, if the income threshold in a county is not adjusted based on percentage of county median income, then the income threshold must adjust based on the growth of the consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U), to a maximum adjustment of 1%.

The exemption requires the "principal place of residence" claimed must be occupied for more than six months each calendar year by the applicant.

#### PROPOSED LAW:

The proposal provides that a participant claiming an exemption remain eligible if their income exceeds the minimum threshold resulting from an increase based on a cost-of-living adjustment to social security, supplemental security income, or pension benefits.

The participant's eligibility would remain until the next income threshold update.

The new tax preference performance provisions do not apply to this bill.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE:

This bill takes effect beginning with property taxes due for calendar year 2024.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### ASSUMPTIONS

- No data is available regarding private pension benefits. For this estimate we calculated a range of magnitude by applying a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) to social security benefits only and by applying a COLA to all household income. This estimate used an impact near the middle of this to capture COLA for private pensions.

- Assumes participants that qualified for the senior, veteran, and disabled property tax exemption program (senior program) can remain in the program until the next income threshold adjustment if the participant's income exceeds the threshold level

as a result of a COLA increase from social security benefits or private pensions.

- Assumes the county median income mirrors the forecast of income growth by the Economic and Revenue Forecast Council.

- Each year the department analyzes local regular levies and how close each district is to their statutory tax rate maximum. Based on that analysis a new property tax exemption would result in 90% of local property taxes impacted by the exemption being shifted to non-exempt property owners. Local taxing districts would experience a loss equal to 10% of local property taxes impacted by the exemption.

- Based on five years of state property tax collections, 52.36% of state property tax collections occur in April and 47.64% occur in October. When converting from calendar year to fiscal year, this estimate assumes revenues shifts and losses follow this trend.

- Approximately 8,000 additional households will remain in the senior program in tax year 2024 as a result of this legislatio

#### DATA SOURCES

- Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2016-2020

- Department of Revenue, State Property Tax Model

- Economic and Revenue Forecast Council, 2022 forecast of income growth

- Office of Financial Management (OFM) - Median Household Income Estimates by County: 1989 to 2019; Preliminary estimates for 2020 and Projections for 2021

- US Department of Veteran Affairs

#### **REVENUE ESTIMATES**

The Economic and Revenue Forecast Council predicts the state property tax levy remains below the \$3.60 limit throughout the 2027-29 biennium. A new exemption results in a shift and no loss to the state levy.

#### PROPERTY TAX SHIFTS

This legislation results in a state levy shift to other taxpayers of an estimated \$3 million for fiscal year 2024 and \$2.8 million in fiscal year 2025, the first full fiscal year.

#### TOTAL REVENUE IMPACT:

State Government (cash basis, \$000): None

Local Government, if applicable (cash basis, \$000):

| FY 2024 - | (\$ | 400) |
|-----------|-----|------|
| FY 2025 - | (\$ | 400) |
| FY 2026 - | (\$ | 8)   |
| FY 2027 - | (\$ | 24)  |
| FY 2028 - | (\$ | 39)  |
| FY 2029 - | (\$ | 76)  |

#### DETAIL OF REVENUE IMPACT FOR PROPERTY TAX BILLS, Calendar Year Basis

State Government, Impact on Revenues (\$000): None

State Government, (\$000), Shift of Tax Burden

| CY 2024 - | \$<br>5,800 |
|-----------|-------------|
| CY 2025 - | \$<br>0     |
| CY 2026 - | \$<br>100   |
| CY 2027 - | \$<br>200   |
| CY 2028 - | \$<br>300   |
| CY 2029 - | \$<br>600   |

Local Government, Impact on Revenues (\$000)

| CY 2024 - | (\$ | 800) |
|-----------|-----|------|
| CY 2025 - | \$  | 0    |
| CY 2026 - | (\$ | 15)  |
| CY 2027 - | (\$ | 32)  |
| CY 2028 - | (\$ | 46)  |
| CY 2029 - | (\$ | 100) |
|           |     |      |

Local Government, (\$000), Shift of Tax Burden

| CY 2024 - | \$ 17,200 |
|-----------|-----------|
| CY 2025 - | \$ 0      |
| CY 2026 - | \$ 300    |
| CY 2027 - | \$ 700    |
| CY 2028 - | \$ 1,000  |
| CY 2029 - | \$ 2,300  |

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

This estimate affects senior citizens and people with disabilities including veterans eligible for the property tax exemption program.

#### FIRST YEAR COSTS:

The department will incur total costs of \$3,700 in fiscal year 2024. These costs include:

Labor Costs – Time and effort equate to 0.07 FTEs.

- Amend one administrative rule.

#### ONGOING COSTS:

There are no ongoing costs.

### Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

|                            | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| FTE Staff Years            | 0.1     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| A-Salaries and Wages       | 2,400   |         | 2,400   |         |         |
| B-Employee Benefits        | 800     |         | 800     |         |         |
| E-Goods and Other Services | 300     |         | 300     |         |         |
| J-Capital Outlays          | 200     |         | 200     |         |         |
| Total \$                   | \$3,700 |         | \$3,700 |         |         |

III. B - Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

| Job Classification | Salary  | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| EMS BAND 4         | 126,619 | 0.0     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| MGMT ANALYST4      | 73,260  | 0.0     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| TAX POLICY SP 2    | 75,120  | 0.0     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| TAX POLICY SP 3    | 85,020  | 0.0     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| TAX POLICY SP 4    | 91,524  | 0.0     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| WMS BAND 3         | 107,685 | 0.0     |         | 0.0     |         |         |
| Total FTEs         |         | 0.1     |         | 0.1     |         |         |

#### III. C - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

**IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures** NONE

### IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Should this legislation become law, the department will use the expedited process to amend WAC 458-16A-150, titled: "Senior citizen, disabled person, and disabled veteran exemption-Requirements for keeping the exemption." Persons affected by this rulemaking would include individuals eligible for the property tax exemption.

# LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

| Bill Number:                  | 1482 HB                         | Title:      | Protecting senior citizens' and disabled veterans' property tax exemption eligibility |  |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---|--|
| Part I: Juri                  | sdiction-Location               | on, type or | status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.                      |  |
| Legislation I<br>X Cities: Re | mpacts:<br>venue loss and shift |             |   |  |
| X Counties:                   | Revenue loss and shi            | ft          |   |  |
| X Special Dist                | ricts: Revenue loss             | and shift   |   |  |
| Specific juri                 | Specific jurisdictions only:    |             |   |  |
| Variance occurs due to:       |                                 |             |   |  |
| Part II: Es                   | timates                         |             |   |  |
| No fiscal in                  | npacts.                         |             |   |  |
| Expenditure                   | es represent one-time           | costs:      |   |  |
| Legislation                   | provides local option           | :           |   |  |

Key variables cannot be estimated with certainty at this time:

#### Estimated revenue impacts to:

| Jurisdiction     | FY 2024   | FY 2025   | 2023-25   | 2025-27  | 2027-29   |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| City             | (119,132) | (119,132) | (238,264) | (9,531)  | (34,250)  |
| County           | (146,445) | (146,445) | (292,890) | (11,716) | (42,103)  |
| Special District | (134,423) | (134,423) | (268,846) | (10,753) | (38,646)  |
| TOTAL \$         | (400,000) | (400,000) | (800,000) | (32,000) | (114,999) |
| GRAND TOTAL \$   |           |           |           |          | (946,999) |

Estimated expenditure impacts to:

None

# Part III: Preparation and Approval

| Fiscal Note Analyst: Angie Hong         | Phone: 360-725-5041   | Date: 02/06/2023 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|
| Leg. Committee Contact: Rachelle Harris | Phone: 360-786-7137   | Date: 01/22/2023 |
| Agency Approval: Allan Johnson          | Phone: 360-725-5033   | Date: 02/06/2023 |
| OFM Review: Cheri Keller                | Phone: (360) 584-2207 | Date: 02/07/2023 |

Bill Number: 1482 HB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

## **Part IV: Analysis** A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

This bill protects the property tax exempt status of senior citizens and disabled veterans. If the income of the person claiming the exemption increases as a result of a cost-of-living adjustment to social security benefits, supplemental security income, or pension benefits in an amount that would disqualify the applicant from eligibility, the applicant is not disqualified but instead maintains eligibility. The continued eligibility under this subsection is allowed until the next updated income threshold is published.

This bill applies to taxes levied for collection in 2024 and thereafter.

#### BACKGROUND

If this bill does not pass, approximately 8,000 households will lose eligibility according to the Dept. of Revenue's fiscal note assumptions.

### **B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS**

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This bill will not impact local government expenditures.

### C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

Initially, the FY 2024 local loss of revenue is estimated by the Department of Revenue (DOR) to be \$400,000 and \$17,200,000 would be expected to shift from senior citizens (aged 61 or older), individuals with disabilities, and veterans with disabilities to the balance of taxpayers for CY 2024. The list below summarizes fiscal year impacts by counties, cities and special districts. For the FY 2024-29 projection of local government impact, a total revenue loss of \$947,000 and tax shift of \$21,500,000 for CY 2024-29 is anticipated.

**REVENUE LOSS** 

| COUNTIES  | 5          |
|-----------|------------|
| FY 2024   | -\$146,445 |
| FY 2025   | -\$146,445 |
| FY 2026   | -\$2,929   |
| FY 2027   | -\$8,787   |
| FY 2028   | -\$14,278  |
| FY 2029   | -\$27,825  |
|           |            |
| CITIES    |            |
| FY 2024   | -\$119,132 |
| FY 2025   | -\$119,132 |
| FY 2026   | -\$2,383   |
| FY 2027   | -\$7,148   |
| FY 2028   | -\$11,615  |
| FY 2029   | -\$22,635  |
|           |            |
| SPECIAL I | DISTRICTS  |
| FY 2024   | -\$134,423 |
| FY 2025   | -\$134,423 |

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| FY 2026<br>FY 2027<br>FY 2028<br>FY 2029 | -\$2,688<br>-\$8,065<br>-\$13,106<br>-\$25,540 |
|--|--|
| TAX SHIF                                 | Т  |
| COUNTIE                                  | S  |
| CY 2024                                  | \$3,427,401                                    |
| CY 2025                                  | \$0  |
| CY 2026                                  | \$59,780                                       |
| CY 2027                                  | \$139,487                                      |
| CY 2028                                  | \$199,267                                      |
| CY 2029                                  | \$458,315                                      |
| CITIES                                   |  |
| CY 2024                                  | \$2,767,861                                    |
| CY 2025                                  | \$0  |
| CY 2026                                  | \$48,277                                       |
| CY 2027                                  | \$112,646                                      |
| CY 2028                                  | \$160,922                                      |
| CY 2029                                  | \$370,121                                      |
| SPECIAL                                  | DISTRICTS                                      |
| CY 2024                                  | \$11,004,738                                   |
| CY 2025                                  | \$0  |
| CY 2026                                  | \$191,943                                      |
| CY 2027                                  | \$447,867                                      |
| CY 2028                                  | \$639,810                                      |
| CY 2029                                  | \$1,471,564                                    |

#### METHODOLOGY - REVENUE LOSS AND TAX SHIFT

Tax exemptions lower the taxable value against which taxing districts levy their taxes. When exemptions are enacted, taxing districts may compensate for the loss in taxable value by increasing the tax rate for taxpayers who are not eligible for the exemptions. Consequently, taxpayers who do not benefit from the exemption would pay a higher tax. This higher tax results in a tax shift from the exempt taxpayers to the non-exempt taxpayers. However, when a taxing district is restricted from increasing the tax rate due to a levy limit, the taxing district incurs a revenue loss. Local government revenue losses were computed by taking the DOR fiscal note data and multiplying the result by the property tax distribution for counties, cities and special districts. These percentages are derived from DOR Property Tax Statistics for 2022.

SOURCES Dept. of Revenue