

Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct
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Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27				2027-29			
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Office of Attorney General	10.8	3,588,000	3,588,000	3,588,000	10.5	3,488,000	3,488,000	3,488,000	10.5	3,488,000	3,488,000	3,488,000
State Lottery	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Washington State Gambling Commission	Fiscal note not available											
Office of Insurance Commissioner	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis Board	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Utilities and Transportation Commission	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Washington State Patrol	Fiscal note not available											
Criminal Justice Training Commission	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Office of Independent Investigations	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Social and Health Services	Fiscal note not available											
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
University of Washington	Fiscal note not available											
Washington State University	Fiscal note not available											
Eastern Washington University	Fiscal note not available											
Central Washington University	Fiscal note not available											
The Evergreen State College	2.0	388,938	388,938	388,938	2.0	402,438	402,438	402,438	2.0	402,438	402,438	402,438
The Evergreen State College	In addition to the estimate above,there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see individual fiscal note.											
Western Washington University	.7	293,586	293,586	293,586	.7	293,586	293,586	293,586	.7	293,586	293,586	293,586
Western Washington University	In addition to the estimate above,there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see individual fiscal note.											
State Parks and Recreation Commission	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.											
Department of Fish and Wildlife	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Natural Resources	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	13.5	4,270,524	4,270,524	4,270,524	13.2	4,184,024	4,184,024	4,184,024	13.2	4,184,024	4,184,024	4,184,024

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
State Lottery	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Washington State Gambling Commission	Fiscal note not available								
Office of Insurance Commissioner	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis Board	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Utilities and Transportation Commission	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Washington State Patrol	Fiscal note not available								
Criminal Justice Training Commission	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of Independent Investigations	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Social and Health Services	Fiscal note not available								
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
University of Washington	Fiscal note not available								
Washington State University	Fiscal note not available								
Eastern Washington University	Fiscal note not available								
Central Washington University	Fiscal note not available								
The Evergreen State College	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Western Washington University	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
State Parks and Recreation Commission	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Fish and Wildlife	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Natural Resources	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Cheri Keller, OFM	Phone: (360) 584-2207	Date Published: Revised 2/15/2023
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Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 100-Office of Attorney General
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	11.0	10.5	10.8	10.5	10.5
Account					
General Fund-State 001-1	1,844,000	1,744,000	3,588,000	3,488,000	3,488,000
Total \$	1,844,000	1,744,000	3,588,000	3,488,000	3,488,000

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Chad Standifer	Phone: 3605863650	Date: 02/10/2023
Agency Approval: Edd Giger	Phone: 360-586-2104	Date: 02/10/2023
OFM Review: Cheri Keller	Phone: (360) 584-2207	Date: 02/10/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1: New Section – Findings and Intent.

Section 2: New Section – Definitions.

Section 3: New Section. Under 43.10.030, the Attorney General’s Office (AGO) may investigate and bring an action against a law enforcement agency or local corrections agency for violation of the state Constitution or state law. This includes issuing written civil investigative demands and initiating actions for injunctive or declaratory relief and seeking damages, costs and attorney fees. Provides that if an investigation is initiated, the AGO shall confer with the Office of Independent Investigations (OII).

Section 4: New Section. Sections 2 and 3 are to be liberally construed for remedial purposes and control in the case of conflicts with other laws.

Section 5: New Section. By July 1, 2024, the AGO shall develop and publish model policies for law enforcement and local correction accountability systems. In developing model policies the AGO shall consult with the Criminal Justice Training Commission (CJTC), OII, and other agencies, bodies, and people as specified.

Section 6: New Section. Sections 2-5 of this act are added to chapter 43.10 RCW.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

General Fund-State (GF-S) Account 001-1: Attorney General’s Office (AGO) Administration Division’s and Civil Rights Division’s activities are funded with General Fund-State dollars. No cash receipt impact. There is no client agency to bill for legal services.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Attorney General’s Office (AGO) Agency Assumptions:

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2023 legislative session.

Location of staffing is assumed to be in a Seattle office building.

Total workload impact in this request includes standard assumption costs for goods & services, travel, and capital outlays for all FTE identified.

Agency administration support FTE are included in the tables, for every 1.0 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG), the AGO includes 0.5 FTE for a Legal Assistant 3 (LA) and 0.25 FTE of a Management Analyst 5 (MA). The MA is used as a representative classification.

The AGO Administrative Division (ADM) assumes that in FY 2024 they will need to draft and complete the model policies, be involved in outreach and communications with law enforcement agencies and local correction agencies. Outreach

includes a wide swath of community advocates, attorneys, and other stakeholders that will take a significant amount of work.

Ongoing advice and communication with stakeholders, law enforcement and local corrections agencies will be needed FY 2025 and, in each FY, thereafter.

Direct costs:

FY 2024: \$32,000 for Special Assistant Attorney General (SAAG) services.

ADM GFS total FTE workload Seattle rates:

FY 2024: \$170,000 for 1.0 Policy Assistant (Exempt) (PA) (this includes \$32,000 in SAAG costs).

FY 2025: \$70,000 for 0.5 PA and in every fiscal year thereafter.

Assumptions for the AGO Civil Rights Division (CRD) legal services:

These assumptions are for the enforcement work under Section 3. CRD assumes the model policy work in Section 5 will be estimated separately.

CRD assumes that this work will result in hundreds of contacts and requests for investigation of police departments and jails per year. CRD assumes that the legal assistant staff will need to screen the contacts and requests.

CRD assumes that the AGO will open eight matters per year for initial inquiry and investigation, and that two of those matters will proceed to litigation each year. These matters, by legislative definition, will be complex and involve department-level inquiries and not inquiries of “isolated” incidents. See Section 1.

A team of one AAG, one AGO Senior Investigator (INV), and one LA can handle four of these matters per year, because three will be in varying states of investigation, litigation, negotiation, etc. Two teams are needed and this will require a Managing AAG (MAAG) to supervise them.

These estimates are based on CRD’s experience investigating and resolving issues related to police practices in the Cities of Lakewood and Othello, as well as extensively litigating one matter involving the City of Sunnyside. It is also based on our estimates from investigating practices by two jails and three sheriffs’ offices. These estimates are also consistent with the estimates shared by the Maryland AGO regarding similar authority that may be extended to that office. Maryland has a similar population to Washington and may expect a similar number of complaints regarding police and jail misconduct.

For each litigated matter (two per year) CRD estimates \$60,000 in litigation costs. This accounts for costs related to process service, travel, expert witness fees, lay witness appearance fees, court reporter fees, deposition transcripts, and postage. These estimates are based off our litigation costs in *State v. City of Sunnyside, et al.*, a pending police misconduct lawsuit.

CRD: Total Seattle workload impact:

FY 2024 and in each FY thereafter: \$1,674,000 for 1.0 MAAG, 4.0 AAG, 2.0 LA, 2.0 INV (this includes litigation costs of \$120,000).

The AGO Government Compliance and Enforcement Division (GCE) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the Washington State Gambling Commission (GMB), the Office of the Insurance Commissioner (OIC) and Washington State Patrol (WSP).

GCE provides legal advice to GMB. Although this bill may result in some modest increase in legal advice requests relating to review and revision of policies in response to the model policies adopted by the AGO, it has been determined it would be nominal and costs are not included in this request.

OIC continually updates and modifies their policies and does not anticipate the need for an increase in legal services as a result of the model policies adopted by the AGO under this bill.

GCE provides program-specific litigation support to the WSP. Although section 5 of this bill could increase client advice requests relating to the implementation of the model policies, we assume that work would be handled by the Criminal Justice Division (CRJ).

The AGO Washington State University Division (AGO-WSU) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing Washington State University (WSU).

AGO-WSU assumes it is unlikely that the AGO will conduct an investigation or bring an action against the WSU PD under sections 2-4. In the event legal action is brought, it is assumed the litigation will be handled by a division or entity other than the WSU Division. In the unlikely event of an investigation, it is possible that the WSU Division will provide legal advice to the client during the investigation. It is further assumed that the WSU division will not be involved in the drafting of model policies required by section 5.

The AGO University of Washington Division (UOW) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the University of Washington (UW).

The AGO Public Lands Conservation Division (PLC) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the Department Natural Resources (DNR) or Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW).

The new requirements in section 3 of the bill do not create a fiscal impact to PLC. Given PLC's role advising WDFW and DNR, any investigations or lawsuits against the agencies would need to be handled by another division.

The AGO Education Division (EDU) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing Eastern Washington University (EWU), Western Washington University (WWU), Central Washington University (CWU), and The Evergreen State College (TESC)

Section 3 may generate requests for advice and/or the need to hire a SAAG, if EDU clients with law enforcement personnel are the subject of an investigation and need legal advice and representation in order to respond to civil investigative demands for documents.

EDU assumes that none of the investigations will result in any cases being filed, and that were a case to be filed, the client would be represented by a SAAG.

EDU assumes that only one of the four institutions of higher education will be subject to investigation in any given year. Ultimately, it is difficult, if not impossible, predict how many investigations might arise and it is noted that the bill is not focused on isolated acts, but alleged patterns or cultures of misconduct.

Section 5 may generate requests for advice relating to implementation of model policies and the need for collective bargaining to implement provisions of the policies.

The AGO Licensing and Administrative Law Division (LAL) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB).

The enactment of this bill will not impact the provision of legal services to the LCB, as it does not impose significant new requirements on LCB. There may be the necessity for additional policy review and legal advice if LCB must modify any policies to be consistent with model policies adopted by the AGO under section 5 of the proposed legislation.

LAL has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the State Lottery Commission (Lottery).

The enactment of this bill will not impact the provision of legal services to Lottery because Lottery does not exercise its law enforcement authority and is not planning on changing this posture. Lottery’s legal director reviews and adopts model policies from the AGO when policies are required by statute.

The AGO CRJ has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing WSP.

Sections 2 and 3 create a role for the AGO to investigate police agencies for violations of state law and file civil lawsuits to restrain further misconduct, but those duties are best suited to a division other than CRJ and will have no fiscal impact on CRJ. While these sections subject WSP to possible civil lawsuits brought by the AGO for violations of state law where insufficient accountability, training, and policies lead to such violations.

Section 5 may generate requests for client advice from WSP on implementation of the model policies, but it is not expected to increase the workload.

The AGO Social & Health Services Division (SHO) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS).

The enactment of this bill will not impact the provision of legal services to DSHS because DSHS has only a limited law enforcement role with relation to its fraud duties.

The AGO Utilities and Transportation Commission (AGO-UTC) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (UTC).

The enactment of this bill will not impact the provision of legal services to UTC because the AGO-UTC would not likely be the division investigating and prosecuting violations by law enforcement agencies and because the Commission would not likely be investigated.

While the Commission can employ limited law enforcement officers, it has not in many years. It may in the future issue its rail safety staff badges of authority to facilitate their entry into secure rail facilities, but it does not intend for those staff members to enforce criminal laws or make arrests.

The AGO Corrections Division (COR) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the Department of Corrections (DOC).

The enactment of this bill will not impact the provision of legal services to DOC because the investigative and enforcement authority granted to the AGO would extend to local correctional and limited authority law enforcement agencies, but not to DOC.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	1,844,000	1,744,000	3,588,000	3,488,000	3,488,000
Total \$			1,844,000	1,744,000	3,588,000	3,488,000	3,488,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	11.0	10.5	10.8	10.5	10.5
A-Salaries and Wages	1,141,000	1,094,000	2,235,000	2,188,000	2,188,000
B-Employee Benefits	357,000	343,000	700,000	686,000	686,000
C-Professional Service Contracts	152,000	120,000	272,000	240,000	240,000
E-Goods and Other Services	184,000	177,000	361,000	354,000	354,000
G-Travel	10,000	10,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Total \$	1,844,000	1,744,000	3,588,000	3,488,000	3,488,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA*

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Assistant Attorney General (AAG)-Seattle	124,635	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Legal Assistant 3-Seattle	67,044	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Management Analyst 5	91,524	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Managing AAG	125,000	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Policy Assistant (exempt)	95,000	1.0	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.5
Senior Investigator-Seattle	98,532	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Total FTEs		11.0	10.5	10.8	10.5	10.5

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Division (ADM)	170,000	70,000	240,000	140,000	140,000
Civil Rights Division (CRD)	1,674,000	1,674,000	3,348,000	3,348,000	3,348,000
Total \$	1,844,000	1,744,000	3,588,000	3,488,000	3,488,000

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 116-State Lottery
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: John Iyall	Phone: 360-810-2870	Date: 02/14/2023
Agency Approval: Josh Johnston	Phone: 360-810-2878	Date: 02/14/2023
OFM Review: Gwen Stamey	Phone: (360) 790-1166	Date: 02/14/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Washington's Lottery is a limited authority Washington law enforcement agency as defined in RCW 10.93.020. However, Lottery employees are not authorized to carry weapons or apprehend, arrest, or confine any person. Therefore, it is highly unlikely a Lottery employee would commit a violation of the state Constitution, or a state law related to law enforcement activities that would trigger the penalties described in Section 3 of the bill.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 160-Office of Insurance Commissioner
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Michael Walker	Phone: 360-725-7036	Date: 02/14/2023
Agency Approval: Michael Wood	Phone: 360-725-7007	Date: 02/14/2023
OFM Review: Jason Brown	Phone: (360) 742-7277	Date: 02/15/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill authorizes the Attorney General to investigate and bring an action against a law enforcement agency or local corrections agency for a violation of the WA state Constitution or state law. No fiscal impact to the Office of Insurance Commissioner.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 195-Liquor and Cannabis Board
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
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- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Colin O Neill	Phone: (360) 664-4552	Date: 02/13/2023
Agency Approval: Aaron Hanson	Phone: 360-664-1701	Date: 02/13/2023
OFM Review: Amy Hatfield	Phone: (360) 280-7584	Date: 02/13/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill would strengthen and clarify the authority of the attorney general to address law enforcement and local corrections agency misconduct through investigations and legal actions.

By July 1, 2024, the attorney general shall develop and publish model policies for law enforcement and local correction agency accountability systems, specifying model practices for receiving complaints of serious misconduct, conducting investigations, imposing discipline, and addressing disciplinary appeals. In developing these policies, the attorney general shall consult with the criminal justice training commission, the office of independent investigations, law enforcement and local corrections agencies, police and local corrections unions, independent oversight bodies, city attorneys and county prosecutors, people impacted by police or local corrections misconduct, experts, and police and jail accountability advocate

CHANGES MADE BY THE SUBSTITUTE VERSION:

New Section 3(4): If an investigation is initiated, the attorney general shall confer with the office of independent investigations to ensure that any investigation under this section will not interfere with or impede an ongoing investigation being conducted by the office of independent investigations.

Section 5: adds that the attorney general shall, when developing the policies enumerated in Section 5, in addition to the entities previously listed, also consult with the criminal justice training commission and the office of independent investigations.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No fiscal impact. The agency already has policy and procedures in place to investigate officer misconduct. Any changes made by the Attorney General's Office under section 5 of the bill can be implemented without any additional cost.

Due to the nature of the work done by the agency's enforcement division it is extremely rare that an officer must use force during the execution of their duties. The division does not arrest and transfer people to jail. This reduces the agency's exposure to potential excessive use of force by officers.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 215-Utilities and Transportation Commission
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Amy Andrews	Phone: 360-481-1335	Date: 02/13/2023
Agency Approval: Amy Andrews	Phone: 360-481-1335	Date: 02/13/2023
OFM Review: Tiffany West	Phone: (360) 890-2653	Date: 02/14/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

UTC assumes this legislation has no fiscal impact on UTC. UTC is a limited law enforcement agency but does not commission employees as peace officers, nor does it enforce criminal law. UTC employees do not receive certification as criminal justice personnel.

Section 1 attempts to clarify existing authority and authorizes the AG's office to investigate and if necessary bring suit against law enforcement agencies and local corrections agencies.

Section 2 is a new section that provides definitions that apply to the legislation.

Section 3 states the AG may investigate and bring actions against law enforcement agencies and local corrections agencies for specific violations and provides the procedures to do so.

Section 4 eliminates any conflict with other statutes.

Section 5 requires the attorney general to establish model policies for law enforcement regarding accountability systems, such as complaints of misconduct, conducting investigations, imposing discipline, and addressing disciplinary appeals.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 227-Criminal Justice Training Commission
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Brian Elliott	Phone: 206-835-7337	Date: 02/09/2023
Agency Approval: Brian Elliott	Phone: 206-835-7337	Date: 02/09/2023
OFM Review: Cynthia Hollimon	Phone: (360) 810-1979	Date: 02/09/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill has no significant fiscal impact to the Washington State Criminal Justice Training Commission.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill has no cash receipt impact.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill has no expenditure impact.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 229-Office of Independent Investigations
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Tracy Sayre	Phone: 3608905279	Date: 02/09/2023
Agency Approval: Jamie Langford	Phone: (360) 902-0422	Date: 02/09/2023
OFM Review: Cheri Keller	Phone: (360) 584-2207	Date: 02/10/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Sec. 1. The state of Washington and its subdivisions undertake to protect the safety of individuals and to preserve public peace by employing peace officers who are entrusted with the power to arrest, detain, and use force against individuals suspected of violating criminal statutes, and local corrections officers who are responsible for the custody, safety, and security of incarcerated individuals.

- This clarifies existing authority and authorizes the attorney general's office to investigate, and if necessary, bring suit against law enforcement agencies and local correction agencies.

- OII investigates law enforcement officers and/or correction officers, not the law enforcement agency or the correction agency. Therefore, no fiscal impact.

Sec. 2. "Peace officer" includes any "general authority Washington peace officer," "limited authority Washington peace officer," and "specially commissioned Washington peace officer" of any county, city, or town as those terms are defined in RCW 10.93.020.

- OII will employ "limited authority Washington peace officers" and the definition in this bill is consistent with the previously defined definitions and therefore has no impact.

Sec. 3 If an investigation is initiated, the attorney general shall confer with the office of independent investigations to ensure that any investigation under this section will not interfere with or impede an ongoing investigation being conducted by OII.

- This section clarifies that if the Office of the Attorney General does initiate an investigation pursuant to this statute, they must first confer with OII to ensure the initiated investigation is not one of an individual officer use of deadly force. This change does not have a fiscal impact.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 310-Department of Corrections
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Cassi Postma	Phone: (360) 725-8428	Date: 02/14/2023
Agency Approval: Ronell Witt	Phone: (360) 725-8428	Date: 02/14/2023
OFM Review: Cynthia Hollimon	Phone: (360) 810-1979	Date: 02/15/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

1445 SHB is the newest version of HB 1445. The previous version of this bill updated RCW 43.10 to strengthen and clarify the authority of the attorney general to address law enforcement and local corrections agency misconduct through investigations and legal actions. This new version adds section 3(4) to state the Attorney General will confer with the Office of Independent Investigations after an investigation is initiated as to ensure not to interfere with or impede an ongoing investigation being conducted. The new version also adds in section 5 that the Attorney General will consult with the Criminal Justice Training Commission and the Office of Independent Investigators in addition to the previously mentioned entities when developing model policies.

Effective date is assumed 90 days after adjournment of session in which this bill is passed.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

We assume this bill will have no fiscal impact to Department of Corrections (DOC).

The enactment of SHB 1445 will not impact DOC because the investigative and enforcement authority granted to the Attorney General would only extend to local correctional and limited authority law enforcement agencies. This is in alignment with the advice DOC received from the Attorney General's Office (AGO) for this bill.

ASSUMPTIONS

1. The DOC and AGO assume that the definition included in Section 2(1) excludes DOC due to the specific language including "county, city, or town...and any political subdivision of the state" despite the agency being defined as a "limited authority Washington law enforcement agency" under RCW 10.93.020.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Revised

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 376-The Evergreen State College
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Account					
General Fund-State 001-1	187,719	201,219	388,938	402,438	402,438
Total \$	187,719	201,219	388,938	402,438	402,438

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Daniel Ralph	Phone: 360-867-6500	Date: 02/14/2023
Agency Approval: Dane Apalategui	Phone: 360-867-6517	Date: 02/14/2023
OFM Review: Ramona Nabors	Phone: (360) 742-8948	Date: 02/15/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

HB 1445 relates to strengthening and clarifying the authority of the attorney general to address law enforcement misconduct through investigations and legal action.

Section 1 expresses the intent of the bill, which is to clarify the existing authority and authorize the attorney general’s office to investigate, and if necessary, bring suit against law enforcement agencies to compel needed reforms where there are violations of constitutional and civil rights. It is not intended to address isolated acts of misconduct or to hold individual officers liable for misconduct.

Section 2 defines “law enforcement agency,” “local corrections agency,” “local corrections officer” and “peace officer.”

Section 3 (1) states that the attorney general may investigate and bring action against a law enforcement agency for a violation where insufficient accountability systems, training, and policies at the agency lead to such violations.

This bill may expand beyond other acts or omissions that Evergreen may be liable for under the new law. If the state level consent decree were to be implemented, the impact on Evergreen would be immense but is indeterminate at this time.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Evergreen will require a Police Sergeant to provide training, oversight, and accountability with regard to the requirements of this bill. In addition, the Sergeant will need an Administrative Assistant to assist with record keeping for the training aspect requirement of the bill. Benefits are calculated at 18.3% plus health and industrial insurance. We see the need for legal counsel as well. Our attorney estimates this need to be 5 hours at \$300 per hour for FY24 and 50 hours for FY25 through FY29 at \$300 per hour for each year. We could have a very large potential liability and fiscal cost if civil action were to occur. These costs are indeterminate at this time.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	187,719	201,219	388,938	402,438	402,438
Total \$			187,719	201,219	388,938	402,438	402,438

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
A-Salaries and Wages	133,848	133,848	267,696	267,696	267,696
B-Employee Benefits	52,371	52,371	104,742	104,742	104,742
C-Professional Service Contracts	1,500	15,000	16,500	30,000	30,000
E-Goods and Other Services					
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	187,719	201,219	388,938	402,438	402,438

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA*

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Assistant CS-34	33,630	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Campus Police Sergeant CS-65-13	101,511	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 380-Western Washington University
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Account					
General Fund-State 001-1	146,793	146,793	293,586	293,586	293,586
Total \$	146,793	146,793	293,586	293,586	293,586

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Gena Mikkelsen	Phone: 3606507412	Date: 02/15/2023
Agency Approval: Kimberley Ayre	Phone: 3606503377	Date: 02/15/2023
OFM Review: Ramona Nabors	Phone: (360) 742-8948	Date: 02/15/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The bill allows the AGO to institute civil actions in the courts for injunctive or declaratory relief, damages, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees. Under the existing State Self-Insurance Liability Program (SILP), in which Western participates, personal injury and property damage arising out of our employee's negligence while acting within the scope of their employment duties and in good faith is covered under the SILP. Western's own liability and its vicarious for the actions of its employees is also covered under the SILP and has no fiscal impact to the University.

However, this bill may expand beyond negligence to other acts or omissions that Western may be liable for under the new law.

Responding to an AGO investigation, demands for documents and testimony, and civil action will be very time-consuming for Western as an institution and its employees providing administrative support and response to the AGO's initiatives. Responding to these AGO initiatives will consume time and resources of affected employees, disrupt the University mission, undermines the quality of working life and working relationships for employees, loss of privacy, added media attention, and legal debate of decisions and policies.

Additionally, this reads as a state level issued Consent Decree which would have immense impact on the department, university, and budget/funds, but indeterminate at this time to know the impact it would have.

This bill may cause additional staff time to review current department policies, but WWU is unable to determine the amount of time required without knowing the model policies that will be in place.

Some time reviewing current policies, updating them, and developing a "transparency hub" on a website is something that could come from this

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Officers would be required to complete additional training (15 officers x 8 hours training x approximate number of 10 topics x average rate of Range 64, Step L \$43.83) \$52,590.

Training records would then need to be recorded and provided on demand. This would require the purchase of new training tracking software and staff time.

The estimated cost of this would be approximately \$20,000 for new tracking software and an annual license (approximately \$200).

Additional staff time would be estimated at 0.1 FTE at \$5,449 (15 officers x 15 minutes for each entry = 3.75 hours for each course, 8 hours per month to manage and provide data upon request.

If the additional liabilities are not covered under the SILP, the Police Department will likely incur the expense of a new liability insurance policy (premiums and deductibles) to fill gaps in coverage under the SILP. Estimated premium \$50,000 per year. There may be a deductible as well which is not reflected above.

In addition to this insurance cost, there will be direct and indirect expenses incurred in response to the civil actions. If an action results in litigation, it is anticipated that overall costs would total approximately \$250,000 in attorney fees, work time, and lost productivity. Any plaintiff's verdict would be over and above this estimated cost. The cost of legal assistance is included in the Office of Attorney General fiscal note and not reflected on this.

In addition, the AGO will be charged under the new law to develop and publish model policies and practices for law enforcement and local correction agency accountability systems, specifying model practices for receiving complaints of serious misconduct, conducting investigations, imposing discipline, and addressing disciplinary appeals. There will be time and effort expended by UPD and other departments to reconcile the model policies and practices with those currently in place.

If a State Consent Decree was issued, the cost of this would be a large impact and WWU assumes the State would not be providing the funds to correct things they perceived were wrongdoing on the part of the agency.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	146,793	146,793	293,586	293,586	293,586
Total \$			146,793	146,793	293,586	293,586	293,586

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
A-Salaries and Wages	58,918	58,918	117,836	117,836	117,836
B-Employee Benefits	17,675	17,675	35,350	35,350	35,350
C-Professional Service Contracts	70,200	70,200	140,400	140,400	140,400
E-Goods and Other Services					
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	146,793	146,793	293,586	293,586	293,586

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA*

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Police Officer	91,524	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Records Specialist 2	63,216	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total FTEs		0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 465-State Parks and Recreation Commission
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Robert Ingram	Phone: (360) 902-8615	Date: 02/14/2023
Agency Approval: Frank Gillis	Phone: (360) 902-8538	Date: 02/14/2023
OFM Review: Matthew Hunter	Phone: (360) 529-7078	Date: 02/14/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This proposed substitute legislation strengthens and clarifies the authority of the attorney general to address law enforcement and local corrections agency misconduct through investigations and legal actions.

Section 3 (4) is eliminated from original bill.

Section 5 is slightly modified in policy development.

As with the original legislation, the fiscal impact of this legislation is indeterminate as it is impossible to predict the outcome of such legal action, if any.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

In the discretion of the court, the attorney general may recover the costs of the action including reasonable attorneys' fees if the attorney general prevails in the action. Though it is reasonably foreseeable that passage of this legislation will result in the increased potential for legal action against WSPRC and a potentially negative fiscal impact, the dollar amount is indeterminant as it is not possible to predict the outcome of such legal actions, if any.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 477-Department of Fish and Wildlife
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: David Hoeveler	Phone: 3609701638	Date: 02/14/2023
Agency Approval: David Hoeveler	Phone: 3609701638	Date: 02/14/2023
OFM Review: Matthew Hunter	Phone: (360) 529-7078	Date: 02/14/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

NO CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS FISCAL NOTE. Changes in this bill do not impact the Department.

There is no fiscal impact. Section 1 clarifies the existing authority and authorizes the attorney general's office to investigate, and if necessary, bring suit against law enforcement agencies and local corrections agencies where there are violations of constitutional and civil rights. WDFW does not anticipate an increase in investigations as defined in Section 1, and the Department is able to respond to any inquiries using the existing resources needed for public records requests, legislative inquiries, or other accreditation requirements.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1445 S HB	Title: Law enf. misconduct	Agency: 490-Department of Natural Resources
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Preparation: Ana Cruz	Phone: 3609021121	Date: 02/13/2023
Agency Approval: Collin Ashley	Phone: 360-688-3128	Date: 02/13/2023
OFM Review: Lisa Borkowski	Phone: (360) 742-2239	Date: 02/14/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

No change from previous fiscal note.

No fiscal impact, the Department of Natural Resources will submit a decision package if policies developed by the attorney general are unable to be implemented within current budgets once published.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number: 1445 S HB

Title: Law enf. misconduct

Part I: Jurisdiction-Location, type or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.

Legislation Impacts:

Cities: Staff time to consult with the Attorney General's Office on model policies; potential legal costs for law enforcement agencies

Counties: Same as above

Special Districts:

Specific jurisdictions only:

Variance occurs due to:

Part II: Estimates

No fiscal impacts.

Expenditures represent one-time costs:

Legislation provides local option:

Key variables cannot be estimated with certainty at this time: Amount of staff time; future legal costs

Estimated revenue impacts to:

None

Estimated expenditure impacts to:

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Alice Zillah	Phone: 360-725-5035	Date: 02/14/2023
Leg. Committee Contact: Jessica Van Horne	Phone: 360-786-7288	Date: 02/07/2023
Agency Approval: Allan Johnson	Phone: 360-725-5033	Date: 02/14/2023
OFM Review: Cheri Keller	Phone: (360) 584-2207	Date: 02/14/2023

Part IV: Analysis

A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

CHANGES BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PRIOR BILL VERSION:

The substitute bill requires the Attorney General to confer with the Office of Independent Investigations when an investigation is initiated; and requires the Attorney General, when developing model policies, to consult with the Criminal Justice Training Commission and the Office of Independent Investigations in addition to the other entities and agencies listed in the bill. These changes do not impact the expenditure impacts discussed below.

SUMMARY OF CURRENT BILL:

Sec. 3 creates a new section. The Attorney General (AGO) may investigate and bring an action against a law enforcement agency or local corrections agency for a violation of the Washington state Constitution or state law, including where insufficient accountability systems, training, and policies at the agency lead to such violations. In the discretion of the court, the AGO may recover the costs of the action including reasonable attorneys' fees if the AGO prevails the action.

Sec. 5 creates a new section. By July 1, 2024, the AGO shall develop and publish model policies for law enforcement and local correction agency accountability systems, specifying model practices for receiving complaints of serious misconduct, conducting investigations, imposing discipline, and addressing disciplinary appeals. The model policies should promote transparent and effective accountability systems that: Mete out fair, impartial, and swift discipline commensurate to wrongdoing; reduce officer misconduct; reduce barriers to accountability; and uphold the civil and constitutional rights of members of the public. The model policies shall be consistent with standards adopted in other model policies addressing policing practices, including policies governing use of force, duty to intervene, and investigation practices. In developing these policies, the AGO shall consult with law enforcement and local corrections agencies, police and local corrections unions, independent oversight bodies, city attorneys and county prosecutors, people impacted by police or local corrections misconduct, experts, and police and jail accountability advocates.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would result in indeterminate costs for city and county law enforcement agencies and jails. Law enforcement agencies would consult with the Attorney General's Office, resulting in indeterminate but likely minimal costs in staff time. Additionally, if a law enforcement agency or city or county jail were the subject of an action brought by the Attorney General, there would be legal costs that could be significant.

As a point of reference, the City of Seattle spent an estimated \$120 million from 2012 to 2019 on Consent Decree related costs. In 2012, Seattle and the United States Department of Justice entered into a settlement agreement, or Consent Decree, that required Seattle to implement reforms “with the goal of ensuring that police services are delivered to the people of Seattle in a manner that full complies with the Constitution and laws of the United States, effectively ensures public trust and officer safety, and promotes public confidence.” The total includes \$20.3 million added to the Seattle Police Department’s annual budget to sustain functions added under the Consent Decree, beginning in 2018. Seattle's size makes it an outlier in the state, and the Consent Decree was brought about by federal, not state action, so these costs are provided with the caveat that other cities are unlikely to see expenses of this magnitude.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would have no revenue impacts for local governments.

SOURCES:

City of Seattle

Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs