Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 1389 S HB Title: Residential rent increases

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29					
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Office of Attorney General	Fiscal no	ote not availab	le									
Department of Commerce	5.5	2,298,325	2,298,325	2,298,325	7.4	3,379,214	3,379,214	3,379,214	7.4	3,379,214	3,379,214	3,379,214
Total \$	5.5	2,298,325	2,298,325	2,298,325	7.4	3,379,214	3,379,214	3,379,214	7.4	3,379,214	3,379,214	3,379,214

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	
Office of Attorney General	Fiscal 1	note not availabl	e							
Department of Commerce	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Gwen Stamey, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 790-1166	Preliminary 2/17/2023

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1389 S HB	Title: Residentia	I rent increases		A	gency: 103-Departs	ment of Commerce
Part I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
NONE						
F.C	. C					
Estimated Operating Expenditure	FY 202	4 FY 2	025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	1 1 202	3.6	7.4	5.5	7.4	7.4
Account			- '	0.0		1
General Fund-State 001-1	59	7,318 1,	701,007	2,298,325	3,379,214	3,379,214
			701,007	2,298,325	3,379,214	
The cash receipts and expenditure es and alternate ranges (if appropriate)			ly fiscal in	npact. Factors im	pacting the precision o	f these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follow	v corresponding instr	actions:				
X If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 per fiscal ye	ar in the current b	iennium	or in subsequent	biennia, complete e	ntire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than \$5	0,000 per fiscal year	n the current bien	nium or	in subsequent bi	ennia, complete this	page only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, comple	ete Part IV.					
X Requires new rule making, co						
Legislative Contact: Jessica Va	n Horne		F	Phone: 360-786-7	288 Date: 02	2/14/2023
Agency Preparation: Tedd Kell	eher		F	Phone: 360-725-2	930 Date: 0	2/17/2023
Agency Approval: Jason Dav	idson		F	Phone: 360-725-5	080 Date: 0	2/17/2023

Gwen Stamey

OFM Review:

Date: 02/17/2023

Phone: (360) 790-1166

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Changes in the substitute versus the original bill are technical in nature, and do not change the provisions that have a fiscal impact on the Department of Commerce (Department).

Section 1 defines the terms used in the bill for Department, inflation, and rent increase.

Section 2(1) would limit how often rent on a tenancy can be increased to once every 12 months; and to no more than 3% or the rate of inflation - whichever is higher.

Section 2(2) defines the notice a landlord must provide if rent is increased above the amount allowed in Section 1(2).

Section 2(3) would grant tenants a cause of action and defines penalties against a landlord if rent was increased beyond what is allowed under this proposal.

Section 3(1-2) would allow landlords to increase rent in an amount greater than allowed under Section 1 when 1) building has been occupied for less than 12 years (increased from 10 years in the previous version of the bill), or 2) building is owned or operated by a public housing authority or funded by a state subsidized housing program.

Section 3(3) would allow landlords to increase rent in an amount greater than allowed under Section 1 when improvements were made attributable to the unit cost more than four months of rent.

Section 3(4) would allow a landlord to request from the department an exemption to the rent increase limit due to significant hardship and grants the department the authority to adopt rules governing the exception process.

Section 4 would require the Department of Commerce (Department) to calculate the allowable rent increase as defined in Sections 2 and 6 and publish the rent increase limit in a press release and on the department's website.

Section 5 would allow landlords who choose not in increase rent to bank 3% each year, by complying with a rent banking process defined through rulemaking by the Department. The substitute adds a limit to banked rent increases, allowing no more than a 10% increase each year. It is assumed the process defined by the Department would not include submission of any information to the Department, instead relying on a detailed documentation process shared with the impacted tenant.

Section 6 would limit rent increases on month-to-month tenancies under the same framework as described in Section 2.

Section 7 would limit rent increases for manufactured housing as defined by RCW 59.20 under the same framework as described in Section 2.

Section 8 would require notices of rent increases and banked rent for manufactured housing under the requirements in Section 5.

Section 9 would enact the proposal immediately.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Changes in the substitute versus the original bill are technical in nature, and do not change the provisions that have a fiscal impact on the department of commerce (department).

Section 3(4) would allow a landlord to request from the department an exemption to the rent increase limit due to significant hardship.

Assumptions: The fiscal note assumes the process to request and grant exceptions to the rent limit would be similar to that used in British Columbia, Canada. The definition of "significant hardship" would be narrowly and clearly defined by the Department of Commerce (Department) during the rules making process, resulting in about 1,000 exemption requests per year (from the 1.1 million rental units in Washington State), and making adjudication of the requests less complex. It is not possible to accurately predict how many hardship exemption requests would be filed with the Department each year, and as a result the number of staff needed to adjudicate requests could be an order of magnitude larger than described below, requiring the Department to adjust staffing count and types based on actual experience implementing the proposal. During implementation the Department may choose to contract for accounting and other support for the adjudicating process to increase the available skillsets or capacity to process claims, in place of or to supplement the staff described below.

Exemption requests would be adjudicated by an individual adjudicator (not a board), and in almost all cases the decision by the adjudicator would not be appealed to a court. Adjudicating a hardship request would take an average of seven hours by Department staff, including reviewing the claim, requesting additional information as needed, notifying the landlord and tenant of the hearing, conducting the hearing, and documenting the final judgement (less for most, with a higher number of hours for more complex and contentious claims). Each claim would be reviewed by a Certified Public Accountant, averaging two hours of review per claim. Adjudication hearings would in almost all cases be conducted via online meetings. Hiring the initial staff necessary staff would take at least three months, and developing the rules and associated processes, forms, and training would take 15 months. The volume of claims would be low enough that standard tools would be used to collect exemptions requests (such as email, secure file transfer, commonly available web form interfaces customizable by staff without special skills, standard mail, etc.) so that no specialized information technology would need to be developed and maintained.

Section 4 would require the department to calculate the allowable rent increase as defined in Sections 2 and 6 and publish the rent increase limit in a press release and on the department's website. These duties would take about 20 hours per year and would be carried out by the 1.0 FTE WMS Band 2 Managing Director.

Section 5 would require rule making to define the process to bank unused rent increases. The rulemaking would be done concurrently with the rulemaking in Section 3(4) and done by the staff performing rulemaking in that section.

Cost Narrative

2.0 FTE WMS Band 2 (4,176 hours) for FY 24 and 5.0 FTE WMS Band 2 (10,440 hours) for FY25-FY29 to lead the work unit responsible for adjudicating exemption requests and develop the initial rules, processes and supporting written materials in consultation with stakeholders, and in accordance with the rule making process.

1.0 FTE Commerce Specialist 2 (2,088 hours) for FY 24-FY29 to support the WMS managing director and coordinate assignment of exemption requests and related communications and provide administrative support to the hearings process.

Salaries and Benefits:

FY24: \$416,404

FY25-FY29: \$923,996 per year

Professional Service Contracts: FY25-FY29: \$400,000 per year

Goods and Other Services:

FY24: \$28,917

FY25-FY29: \$58,016 per year

Equipment and Capital Outlays: FY24-FY25: \$15,000 per year FY27-FY28: \$7,200 per year

Intra-agency Reimbursements:

FY24: \$136,997

FY25-FY29: \$303,995 per year

Note: Standard goods and services costs include supplies and materials, employee development and training. Attorney General costs, and agency administration. Intra-agency administration Reimbursement-Agency administrations costs (e.g., payroll, HR, IT are funded under a federally approved cost allocation plan.

Summary of Total Costs:

FY24: \$597,318 FY25: \$1,701,007 FY26: \$1,686,007

FY27-FY28: \$1,693,207 per year

FY29: \$1,686,007

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	597,318	1,701,007	2,298,325	3,379,214	3,379,214
		Total \$	597,318	1,701,007	2,298,325	3,379,214	3,379,214

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	3.6	7.4	5.5	7.4	7.4
A-Salaries and Wages	316,481	705,554	1,022,035	1,411,108	1,411,108
B-Employee Benefits	99,923	218,442	318,365	436,884	436,884
C-Professional Service Contracts		400,000	400,000	800,000	800,000
E-Goods and Other Services	28,917	58,016	86,933	116,032	116,032
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays	15,000	15,000	30,000	7,200	7,200
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements	136,997	303,995	440,992	607,990	607,990
9-					-
Total \$	597,318	1,701,007	2,298,325	3,379,214	3,379,214

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Services-Indirect		0.6	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.4
Commerce Specialist 2		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
WMS Band 2		2.0	5.0	3.5	5.0	5.0
Total FTEs		3.6	7.4	5.5	7.4	7.4

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

None

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Sections 3(4) would require rule making to define the hardship exception request process.

Section 5 would require rule making to define the process banking unused rent increases. 103-Department of Commerce Residential rent increases Request # 229-400-1