Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 1323 S HB Title: Fire-resistant materials

Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Department of Labor and Industries	Non-zero but	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Total \$	Total \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0								0

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27				2027-29			
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Office of Administrative Hearings	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals	Non-zer	ro but indeterm	inate cost and/	or savings. Pl	ease see	discussion.						
Department of Labor and Industries	.6	0	0	124,000	2.1	0	0	376,000	2.1	0	0	376,000
Department of Labor and Industries	In addit	ion to the estin	nate above,ther	e are addition	al indete	rminate costs	and/or savings	. Please see in	dividual f	scal note.		
Total \$	0.6	0	0	124,000	2.1	0	0	376,000	2.1	0	0	376,000

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	
Office of Administrative Hearings	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Department of Labor and Industries	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Anna Minor, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 790-2951	Final 3/6/2023

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1323 S H	B Title:	Fire-resistant materials	Agency	: 110-Office of Administrative Hearings
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts	to:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Exp NONE	enditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expo and alternate ranges (if ap		this page represent the most likely fisca	l impact. Factors impacting	the precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes	and follow corresp	onding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	eater than \$50,000	per fiscal year in the current bienniu	m or in subsequent bienni	a, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is les	ss than \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia,	complete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impa	ct, complete Part I	V.		
Requires new rule m	naking, complete P	art V.		
Legislative Contact:	Trudes Tango		Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 02/15/2023
Agency Preparation:	Pete Boeckel		Phone: 360-407-2730	Date: 02/18/2023
Agency Approval:	Deborah Feinstein		Phone: 360-407-2717	Date: 02/18/2023
OFM Review:	Cheri Keller		Phone: (360) 584-2207	Date: 02/18/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

No fiscal impact. This legislation will not measurably increase the appeal workload for the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH).

This bill creates new sections of Chapter 49.17, the Industrial Safety and Health Act. Appeals related to this act are heard by the Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals (BIIA). Without rules expressly assigning such cases to the OAH, all appeals are assumed to go to BIIA.

This bill is assumed effective on July 1, 2023.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1323 S HB	Title: Fire-resistant materials	Agency:	190-Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals
Part I: Estimates			
No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expenditure	es from:		
Non-zer	o but indeterminate cost and/or savings.	Please see discussion.	
Estimated Capital Budget Impact	:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure e and alternate ranges (if appropriate	stimates on this page represent the most likely fis e), are explained in Part II.	cal impact. Factors impacting t	he precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follo	w corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	n \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienn	ium or in subsequent biennia	, complete entire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than \$	50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	m or in subsequent biennia, co	omplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, comp	lete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making, c	omplete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Trudes T	ango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 02/15/2023
Agency Preparation: William	Chase	Phone: 360-753-2790	Date: 03/06/2023
Agency Approval: Bob Liste		Phone: 360-753-6823	Date: 03/06/2023
OFM Review: Anna Mi	nor	Phone: (360) 790-2951	Date: 03/06/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Brief Summary of Bill

Requires individuals applying fire-resistant materials to undergo initial training and refresher training from a state registered apprenticeship program or a manufacturer.

Requires contractors employing fire-resistant applicators to verify an applicator's compliance with training requirements and to ensure the applicator is certified.

Imposes civil penalties and debarment on public works contracts for violating the requirements.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This proposed bill would likely increase the number of appeals received by the BIIA as a result of citations issued each year by L&I for violations of this bill. Due to the broad definition of fire-resistant material in bill, DOSH is not able to determine an estimate of citations issued each year. Therefore the BIIA is not able to estimate the number of appeals that will be received. The impact is to BIIA is also not zero but indeterminate.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1323 S HB	Il Number: 1323 S HB Title: Fire-resistant materials Agency: 235-Department of Industries					
art I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
Non-z	ero but indeterminate cost	and/or savings. Plea	se see discussion.			
Estimated Operating Expenditu	res from: FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29	
FTE Staff Years		0.0 1.1	0.6	2.1	2.1	
Account		1.1	0.0			
	508-1	0 105,000	105,000	320,000	320,000	
Medical Aid Account-State	609	0 19,000	19,000	56,000	56,000	
-1	Total \$	0 124,000	124,000	376,000	376,000	
In addition to the estimate	ates above, there are additio	nal indeterminate costs	and/or savings. Pl	ease see discussion.		
The cash receipts and expenditure		ent the most likely fiscal in	npact. Factors impa	cting the precision of t	hese estimates,	
and alternate ranges (if appropria	•					
Check applicable boxes and fol	1 0		or in subsequent b	iennia, complete ent	ire fiscal note	
form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the	h 1::	:1	:	D (D I	
		ie current bieninum or	iii suosequent olen	ma, complete uns pa	age only (Fart I	
Capital budget impact, con	iplete Part IV.					
X Requires new rule making,	complete Part V.					
Legislative Contact: Trudes	T.		260 - 206 - 20			
	Tango	I	Phone: 360-786-73	34 Date: 02/	15/2023	
Agency Preparation: Bobby	Iango Kendall		Phone: 360-786-73 Phone: 902-6980	Date: 02/2		

Anna Minor

OFM Review:

Date: 02/20/2023

Phone: (360) 790-2951

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See Attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See Attached.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See Attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
608-1	Accident Account	State	0	105,000	105,000	320,000	320,000
609-1	Medical Aid Account	State	0	19,000	19,000	56,000	56,000
		Total \$	0	124,000	124,000	376,000	376,000

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

1	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.1	0.6	2.1	2.1
A-Salaries and Wages		57,120	57,120	228,480	228,480
B-Employee Benefits		25,470	25,470	101,882	101,882
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		20,853	20,853	43,412	43,412
G-Travel		557	557	2,226	2,226
J-Capital Outlays		20,000	20,000		
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	124,000	124,000	376,000	376,000

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Fiscal Analyst 5	71,520		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Program Specialist 2	53,100		1.0	0.5	2.0	2.0
Total FTEs			1.1	0.6	2.1	2.1

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Rulemaking will be required. The number of hearings is indeterminate due to the level of detailed provided in the bill.

Part II: Explanation

This bill establishes a training and certification program for fire-resistant material applicators. Workers applying fire-resistant material must obtain training from either an apprenticeship program registered with the Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Council (WSATC) or by Labor and Industries approved manufacturers. Individuals must then apply for formal certification through the Department of Labor and Industries.

The bill requires the Department of Labor and Industries to develop and administer a certification process for fire-resistant material applicators, including minimum standards for initial and refresher training.

Lastly, a penalty schedule for first, second, and third violations by contractors that fail to meet the documentation retention, training, and certification requirements is outlined in the bill.

SHB 1323 is different from SB 1323 in that it:

- New language was added to section 3 that requires that an individual who has completed fire-resistant material training submit an application to the Department of Labor and Industries to receive formal certification.
- New language was added to section 3 that requires the Department of Labor and Industries to develop and administer a certification process for fire-resistant material applicators, including minimum standards for initial and refresher training.

II. A – Brief Description of What the Measure Does that Has Fiscal Impact

Section 3(1) Every fire-resistant applicator must be certified by the Department of Labor and Industries. To qualify for certification, the individual must complete initial training and refresher training once every five years.

Section 3(2) Workers applying fire-resistant material must obtain training from either an apprenticeship program registered with the Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Council (WSATC) or by Labor and Industries approved manufacturers.

Section 3(3) Requires that an individual who has completed fire-resistant material training submit an application to the Department of Labor and Industries to receive formal certification..

Section 3(4) Requires the Department of Labor and Industries to develop and administer a certification process for fire-resistant material applicators, including minimum standards for initial and refresher training.

Section 4 Beginning January 1, 2026 contractors must ensure all fire-resistant material applicators are certified and retain the records for 10 years.

Section 5 Contractors employing fire-resistant material applicators must ensure they are certified as described in sections 3 and 4. The department shall implement this section, including a procedure to appeal the penalties. The penalty schedule is as follows:

- First Violation: Penalty of \$2,500 and the violation must be publicly viewable on the department's website.
- Second Violation: Penalty of \$3,000 and an automatic debarment from bidding for public works projects for one year.
- Third Violation: Penalty of \$5,000 and a lifetime disbarment from bidding on public works projects.

II. B - Cash Receipt Impact

Receivables - Operating

The cash receipt impact for this bill is indeterminate. Collections received from citations would increase revenue to the supplemental pension fund. Due to the broad definition of fire-resistant materials provided in the bill, it is not possible to estimate the number of citations issued to employers by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health (DOSH).

II. C – Expenditures

Appropriated – Operating Costs

This proposed bill increases expenditures to the Accident Account, 608, and the Medical Aid Account, 609. Due to the broad definition of fire-resistant material in the bill, DOSH in not able to determine an estimate of citations issued each year. Therefore the impact is indeterminate.

Costs would be expected in the following areas.

Staffing

Program Specialist 2: 2 FTE's, permanent, starting January 1, 2025. These staff would address the creation and administration of the fire-resistant material training certification program. Duties would include, answering calls, requesting training records from providers, keeping and maintaining training records, and issuing certifications to individuals who meet defined requirements.

DOSH Compliance Inspectors: There is no impact to compliance inspectors as this will become part of the normal inspection process.

Revenue Agent 2: Dependent upon the volume of citations issued each year, a request for FTE's in the Revenue Agent classification to collect penalties from citations issued to employers violating the provisions in the bill.

Information Technology (IT)

L&I estimates minimal citations at this time, therefore, there is limited IT impact. However, if citations increase, the department may require funding to address this.

Indirect Costs

This is subject to change if additional FTE's are required to address increased citation volume. The amount included in this fiscal note for indirect is:

Fund	Name	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
608	Accident	6,000	10,000	10,200	10,200	10,200	10,200
609	Medical Aid	1,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
	Total:	\$7,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000

The department assesses an indirect rate to cover agency-wide administrative costs. Labor and Industries' indirect rate is applied on salaries, benefits, and standard costs. For fiscal note purposes, the total indirect amount is converted into salary and benefits for partial or full indirect FTEs. Salary and benefits costs are based on a Fiscal Analyst 5 (Range 59, Step G).

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Rulemaking will be required. The number of hearings is indeterminate due to the level of detailed provided in the bill.