

Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities
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Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Office of State Treasurer	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Office of Attorney General	0	0	43,000	0	0	60,000	0	0	60,000
Department of Health	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Total \$	0	0	43,000	0	0	60,000	0	0	60,000

Agency Name	2023-25		2025-27		2027-29	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fiscal impact					
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other	No fiscal impact					
Local Gov. Total						

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27				2027-29			
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Office of State Treasurer	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Office of State Auditor	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Office of Attorney General	.1	0	0	43,000	.2	0	0	60,000	.2	0	0	60,000
Department of Labor and Industries	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Social and Health Services	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Health	3.6	1,388,000	1,388,000	1,388,000	4.0	1,322,000	1,322,000	1,322,000	4.0	1,322,000	1,322,000	1,322,000
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Ecology	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	3.7	1,388,000	1,388,000	1,431,000	4.2	1,322,000	1,322,000	1,382,000	4.2	1,322,000	1,322,000	1,382,000

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fiscal impact								
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	No fiscal impact								
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of State Treasurer	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of State Auditor	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Labor and Industries	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Social and Health Services	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Health	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Ecology	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fiscal impact								
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	No fiscal impact								
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Breann Boggs, OFM	Phone: (360) 485-5716	Date Published: Final 3/10/2023
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Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 055-Administrative Office of the Courts
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The revenue and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Responsibility for expenditures may be subject to the provisions of RCW 43.135.060.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note for Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Angie Wirkkala	Phone: 360-704-5528	Date: 03/07/2023
Agency Approval: Chris Stanley	Phone: 360-357-2406	Date: 03/07/2023
OFM Review: Gaius Horton	Phone: (360) 819-3112	Date: 03/09/2023

185,828.00

Form FN (Rev 1/00)

Request # 239-1

Bill # 1470 2S HB

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

The second substitute would have no additional impacts as compared to the original or the substitute bill.

The bill would establish minimum requirements for private nongovernmental detention facilities operating under contract with federal, state, and local governments regarding detainee care and conditions of confinement. It would also provide detainees superior court cause of action against negligent violators with a 3-year statute of limitations and would subject violators to civil penalties with the Attorney General authorized to sue in Thurston County Superior Court or county where the facility is located.

II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

None

II. C - Expenditures

No fiscal impact expected to the Administrative Office of the Courts. There could be additional court filings for the original bill and slightly more for the substitute because it adds private detention facility operators to the list of those subject to private suits and civil penalties. The impact is expected to be minimal.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (State)

NONE

III. B - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (County)

NONE

III. C - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (City)

NONE

III. D - FTE Detail

NONE

III. E - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B1 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (State)

NONE

IV. B2 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (County)

NONE

IV. B3 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (City)

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

185,828.00

Form FN (Rev 1/00)

NONE

185,828.00

Form FN (Rev 1/00)

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Request # 239-1

Bill # 1470 2S HB

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 090-Office of State Treasurer
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Dan Mason	Phone: (360) 902-8990	Date: 03/06/2023
Agency Approval: Dan Mason	Phone: (360) 902-8990	Date: 03/06/2023
OFM Review: Amy Hatfield	Phone: (360) 280-7584	Date: 03/06/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

2SHB 1470 creates the Washington state attorney general humane detention account, coupled with the general fund as the recipient of the earnings from investments under RCW 43.79A.040(4).

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Projected cash flows are currently unavailable; therefore, estimated earnings from investments are indeterminable.

There may be an impact on the debt service limitation calculation. Changes to the earnings credited to the general fund impacts, by an equal amount, general state revenues.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 095-Office of State Auditor
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Charleen Patten	Phone: 564-999-0941	Date: 03/06/2023
Agency Approval: Janel Roper	Phone: 564-999-0820	Date: 03/06/2023
OFM Review: Amy Hatfield	Phone: (360) 280-7584	Date: 03/07/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The original HB 1470 specified that the State Auditor may undertake performance audits of private detention facilities.

There is no fiscal impact as the second substitute bill no longer mentions the State Auditor's Office.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 100-Office of Attorney General
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

ACCOUNT	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Legal Services Revolving Account-State 405-1	13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000
Total \$	13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Account					
Legal Services Revolving Account-State 405-1	13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000
Total \$	13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Amy Flanigan	Phone: 509-456-3123	Date: 03/09/2023
Agency Approval: Edd Giger	Phone: 360-586-2104	Date: 03/09/2023
OFM Review: Cheri Keller	Phone: (360) 584-2207	Date: 03/10/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 – Amends RCW 42.56.475, adds private detention facilities and detained individual to the statutory framework and includes a definition for private detention facility.

Section 2 – New Section to chapter 70.395 RCW. Requires the Department of Health (DOH) to adopt rules to effectuate intent of this section. Sets out requirements for private detention facilities.

Section 3 – New Section to chapter 70.395 RCW. Requirements for DOH, Department of Labor and Industries (L&I), and the Department of Ecology (Ecology) to conduct specified inspections. The Attorney General’s Office (AGO) may enforce violations of this chapter.

Section 4 – New Section to chapter 70.395 RCW. Requirements for private detention facility to comply with specific rules in this section. The AGO may enforce violations of this chapter.

Section 5 – New Section to chapter 70.395 RCW. Provides for right of action for those detained and sets out rules and damages.

Section 6 – New Section to chapter 70.395 RCW. Civil penalties for those who fail to complete with this chapter. DOH may adopt a penalty matrix. AGO may bring action to recover penalties. State and its agencies not liable for violation of this chapter.

Section 7 – New Section to chapter 70.395 RCW. Creates a new account with State Treasurer and only the Attorney General (AG) or designee may authorize expenditures from account.

Section 8 – Amends RCW 70.395.010. Gives state broad authority to enforce health and safety laws against contractors operating private detention facilities and to set minimum requirements.

Section 9 – Amends RCW 70.395.020, adds definitions.

Section 10 – Act takes effect immediately.

Section 11 – Act is to be liberally construed.

Section 12 – Severability clause.

Section 13 – Funding not provided by June 30, 2023, act is null and void.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Cash receipts are assumed to equal the Legal Services Revolving Account (LSRA) cost estimates. These will be billed through the revolving account to the client agency.

The client agencies are the Department of Health (DOH) and Department of Labor and Industries (L&I). The Attorney General’s Office (AGO) will bill all clients for legal services rendered.

These cash receipts represent the AGO's authority to bill and are not a direct appropriation to the AGO. The direct appropriation is reflected in the client agencies' fiscal note. Appropriation authority is necessary in the AGO budget.

AGO AGENCY ASSUMPTIONS:

DOH will be billed for non-Seattle rates:

FY 2024: \$8,000 for 0.03 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG) and 0.02 Legal Assistant 3 FTE (LA).

FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$27,000 for 0.11 AAG and 0.06 LA.

L&I will be billed for Seattle rates:

FY 2024: \$5,000 for 0.02 AAG and 0.01 LA.

FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$3,000 for 0.01 AAG and 0.01 LA.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Attorney General's Office (AGO) Agency Assumptions:

This bill is assumed to be effective immediately.

Location of staffing is assumed to be in a Seattle and non-Seattle office building.

Total workload impact in this request includes standard assumption costs for goods & services, travel, and capital outlays for all FTE identified.

Agency administration support FTE are included in the tables. The Management Analyst 5 (MA) is used as a representative classification. An example ratio is for every 1.0 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG), the AGO includes 0.5 FTE for a Legal Assistant 3 (LA) and 0.25 FTE of an MA.

Assumptions for the AGO Agriculture & Health Division (AHD) legal services for the Department of Health (DOH):

The AGO will bill DOH for legal services based on the enactment of this bill.

FY 2024 advising DOH on the creation of penalty regulations and rulemaking under sections 2, 3, and 6: 32 hours.

FY 2024 advising DOH on the establishment of administrative processes, including notice and Administrative Procedure Act (APA) hearing rights, for assessing penalties: 20 hours.

FY 2025 defending challenges to penalty assessments at Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) hearings: 80 hours (40 hours per case x 2).

FY 2025 defending judicial review under APA: 80 hours (40 hours per case x2).

FY 2025 related to collection action (conversion of administrative order to judicial order; recording judicial orders with county auditors; garnishment; foreclosure; etc.): 40 hours per year.

FY 2024: 52 AAG FTE hours.

FY 2025 and in each year thereafter: 200 AAG FTE hours.

AHD: Total non-Seattle workload impact:

FY 2024: \$8,000 for 0.03 AAG and 0.02 LA.

FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$27,000 for 0.11 AAG and 0.06 LA.

AHD has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in

representing the Department of Commerce (Commerce). Commerce was assigned this fiscal note request for its role in estimating the impact of bills on local governments. Commerce itself would not be given any new authorities or responsibilities under this bill. Therefore, costs are not included in this request.

Assumptions for the AGO Labor and Industries Division (LNI) legal services for the Department of Labor and Industries (L&I):

The AGO will bill L&I for legal services based on the enactment of this bill.

This bill primarily clarifies that the named facilities and employers are subject to L&I’s jurisdiction. L&I has already taken this approach with some programs, like workplace safety. There will be a small increase in workload.

LNI: Total Seattle workload impact:
 FY 2024: \$5,000 for 0.02 AAG and 0.01 LA.
 FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$3,000 for 0.01 AAG and 0.01 LA.

The AGO Civil Rights Division (CRD) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload. This bill would provide standalone enforcement authority to the AGO through Sections 2(2), 3(5), and 4(3). While CRD anticipates that it would use that authority and enforce actions under this bill, new legal services are nominal. Therefore, costs are not included in this request.

The AGO Revenue and Finance Division (REV) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the Office of the State Treasurer (OST). New legal services are nominal, and costs are not included in this request.

The AGO Social & Health Services Division (SHO) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS). SHO have determined that the bill may impact private detention facilities that DSHS may wish to contract with in the future, it is the facilities themselves that are responsible for complying with the new requirements in the bill. New legal services are nominal, and costs are not included in this request.

The AGO Government Compliance and Enforcement (GCE) Division has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the State Auditor’s Office (SAO). The prior version would have permitted the SAO to undertake performance audits of private detention facilities, but that provision has been eliminated from this version. Therefore, costs are not included in this request.

The AGO Ecology Division (ECY) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division’s workload in representing the Department of Ecology (Ecology). There is no longer any specified role for Ecology, and no role for any other ECY client. New legal services are nominal, and costs are not included in this request.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
405-1	Legal Services Revolving Account	State	13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000
Total \$			13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
A-Salaries and Wages	8,000	20,000	28,000	40,000	40,000
B-Employee Benefits	3,000	7,000	10,000	14,000	14,000
E-Goods and Other Services	2,000	3,000	5,000	6,000	6,000
Total \$	13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA*

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Assistant Attorney General	118,700	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Assistant Attorney General-Seattle	124,635	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Legal Assistant 3	55,872	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Legal Assistant 3-Seattle	67,044	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Management Analyst 5	91,524		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total FTEs		0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Agriculture & Health Division (AHD)	8,000	27,000	35,000	54,000	54,000
Labor & Industries Division (LNI)	5,000	3,000	8,000	6,000	6,000
Total \$	13,000	30,000	43,000	60,000	60,000

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 235-Department of Labor and Industries
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Bobby Kendall	Phone: 902-6980	Date: 03/08/2023
Agency Approval: Trent Howard	Phone: 360-902-6698	Date: 03/08/2023
OFM Review: Anna Minor	Phone: (360) 790-2951	Date: 03/08/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill addresses conditions at private detention facilities. This bill also creates new sections and amends sections in RCW 70.395 (Private Detention Facilities) requiring new provisions regarding clothing, cleanliness, food, and other amenities. There are inspection and audit provisions placed upon the departments of Health, Labor and Industries, and the Offices of the State Auditor and the Attorney General.

2SHB 1470 is different from SHB 1470 in that it:

- Adds section 13, which states that if specific funding for the purposes of this act is not provided by June 30, 2023, then the act is null and void.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The proposed bill does not have fiscal impact for the Department of Labor and Industries. There is only one private detention facility in Washington State. The Division of Occupational Safety and Health (DOSH) already has jurisdiction over the employees and conducts inspections at this facility. Including work done by detained persons is not expected to result in a material amount of complaints from detainees employed in the facility. DOSH would be able to conduct the inspections of private detention facility with existing resources.

Rulemaking would be minimal and done within existing resources.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Minimal rulemaking will be required in 296-800 and 296-900.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 300-Department of Social and Health Services
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Mitchell Close	Phone: 3600000000	Date: 03/10/2023
Agency Approval: Dan Winkley	Phone: 360-902-8236	Date: 03/10/2023
OFM Review: Breann Boggs	Phone: (360) 485-5716	Date: 03/10/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This substitute bill adds a provision that establishes the legislation is void if funding is not provided by June 30, 2023.

Passage of this legislation will not impact the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) workload or client benefits. Therefore, there is no fiscal impact to DSHS from this bill.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 303-Department of Health
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	3.9	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.0
Account					
General Fund-State 001-1	862,000	526,000	1,388,000	1,322,000	1,322,000
Total \$	862,000	526,000	1,388,000	1,322,000	1,322,000

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Katie Osete	Phone: 3602363000	Date: 03/07/2023
Agency Approval: Kristin Bettridge	Phone: 3607911657	Date: 03/07/2023
OFM Review: Breann Boggs	Phone: (360) 485-5716	Date: 03/07/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The fiscal impact to the Department of Health (DOH) has not changed.

This fiscal note 2S HB 1470 is different from the last fiscal note SHB 1470 as a null and void clause has been added and will take effect if the bill is not funded by June 30, 2023 (New Section: 13).

The fiscal impact for the SHB 1470 has increased from the original bill. The increase results from; Department of Health (DOH) is required to adopt rules for private detention facilities relating to the use of personal belongings, cleaning and sanitizing living areas, laundry facilities, provision of basic personal hygiene items, food and diet, indoor air quality, room temperatures, and infection control program.

Section 2: DOH shall adopt rules as may be necessary to effectuate the intent and purposes of this section to ensure private detention facilities comply with measurable standards providing sanitary, hygienic, and safe conditions for detained persons

Section 3: DOH shall conduct routine unannounced inspections of private detention; Conduct investigations of complaints, regularly review the list of food items provided to detained persons, Test water, post inspection results on its website; Adopt rules as may be necessary to effectuate the intent and purposes of this section in order to ensure private detention facilities allow regular inspections and comply with measurable standards providing sanitary, hygienic, and safe conditions for detained persons. DOH may delegate food safety inspections to local health jurisdictions.

Section 6(2): DOH may adopt rules for a penalty matrix to establish civil penalties.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

DOH could charge fines or civil penalties following rulemaking process to facilities which would generate revenue.

The Revenue impact is Indeterminate as we have no experience or data on these activities currently.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 3:

Inspections

DOH is required to adopt rules and conduct inspections for private detention facilities related to food service and handling, sanitation and hygiene, nutrition, and complaints. These costs will depend on inspection frequency and number of facilities, but we can assume at least two inspections per year involving three staff – two Public Health Advisor 3's for all tasks other than the infection control program, which will require a Nursing Consultation Advisor. We are aware currently of three facilities operating within the state.

Beginning in FY (fiscal year) 2026 and ongoing DOH will require:

1.5 FTE of a Public Health Advisor 3 to conduct inspections for private detention facilities related to food service and handling, sanitation and hygiene, nutrition, and complaints.

0.1 FTE of an Environmental Planner 5 to manage the inspection program and supervise the inspection staff. The position will provide quality assurance by reviewing staff work to ensure inspections are timely, accurate, and consistent.

0.1 FTE of a Nursing Consultation Advisor to: provide consultation to inspectors for private detention facilities related to food service and handling, sanitation and hygiene, nutrition, and complaints.

Travel will be needed for these staff to inspect the three private detention facilities across Washington which are located in Parkland, Tacoma, and Spokane. DOH assumes two inspections of each facility per year. The estimated travel and per diem costs for six total inspections would be \$4,000 per FY.

FY 2026 and ongoing: \$256,000 and 1.6 FTE

Nutrition

This bill requires the department to regularly review the list of food items provided to detained persons to ensure the specific nutrition and calorie needs of each detained person are met, including any needs related to medical requirements, food allergies, or religious dietary restrictions.

- DOH will need to purchase nutrition analysis software to spot check the menus but will not be solely responsible for conducting nutritional analysis on the menus.
- DOH will also provide technical assistance on providing a “nutritious and balanced diet, including fresh fruits and vegetables.
- The facility in Tacoma drops off in FY26 on cost assumptions because the facility will be closing.

This is based on information from the local government fiscal note that assumes:

- This bill applies to a facility in Tacoma (the NW detention facility); and
- Martin Hall – a county detention facility for youth who commit offenses but are not at the level of going to a state juvenile rehabilitation facility. Nine counties contract with Martin Hall; and a private entity runs the detention facility.
- Partial indeterminate on how many other facilities that may qualify under the definition of private detention facility.

Beginning in FY 2024 and ongoing DOH will require:

0.5 FTE for FY2024-25 and then to 0.4 FTE ongoing for Health Services Consultant 3 will be the program manager to complete the tasks above. This individual will need to be a Registered Dietitian. They will conduct regular menu reviews and may conduct site visits to ensure requirements are being met. They will coordinate outreach and education, calendar site visits, track documentation, and ensure the project runs efficiently. A small portion of the FTE will be required for fiscal staff for managing the budget and assisting the program manager with other fiscal processes.

Software License

Nutrition analysis software will be purchased at a cost of \$300/FY to spot check the menus.

FY 2024: \$54,000 and 0.5 FTE

FY 2025: \$55,000 and 0.5 FTE

FY 2026: and ongoing: \$41,000 and 0.4 FTE

Section 6:

Enforcement:

DOH would need to create and implement a new system for intake and investigation as well as interpretation and translation needs. Intake of all complaints related to facility water and air quality, language access needs, restroom sanitation, Prison Rape Elimination Act, internet access are listed in this bill.

Beginning in FY 2024 and ongoing DOH will require:

1.0 FTE of a Management Analyst 5 to supervise, lead for rule making, program development, main connection with facility leaders, federal government, point of contact for state agencies, main contact with advocacy groups for detainee rights, families, visitors, contracts, and Legislative Inquiries.

1.0 FTE of a Health Services Consultant 3 to develop and manage database with HTS, receipt and triage of complaints, reports, PRR requests and media inquiries, and communicate with LHJs, DOH programs for inspections, invoicing for lab costs and other contracted services.

Estimated IT costs for FY 2024 will be of \$235,000 to implement a new online complaint form, external site that can process and intake penalty fees.

Attorney General time to review and advise on enforcement penalties will be \$27,000 in FY 2025 ongoing.

FY 2024: \$566,000 and 2.0 FTE

FY 2025 and ongoing: \$364,000 and 2.0 FTE

Rulemaking:

Rulemaking will begin July 1, 2023, and end December 31, 2024.

DOH is required to adopt rules for health, safety, and environmental standards and enforce those standards through surveys and investigations. Department staff with expertise in regulation of facility types, including performing surveys and investigations, will participate in rulemaking and provide consultation in the development of these standards.

Beginning in FY 2024 DOH will require:

0.1 FTE of an Environmental Planner 5 for FY 2024 and FY 2025. As program supervisor this individual will be involved with rulemaking development and Office of Attorney General coordination.

1.0 FTE of a Public Health Advisor 3 for FY 2024 and 0.5 FTE for FY 2025 to serve as subject matter expert and assist in rulemaking development.

0.3 FTE of a Communications Consultant 5 for FY 2024 and 0.1 FTE for FY 2025 to assist in rulemaking development.

Estimated IT costs of \$13,000 include work to expand capabilities of current licensing and inspection system to incorporate new facility type for inspections.

Nursing Consultation Advisor to participate in rulemaking and provide consultation in the development of health, safety, and environmental standards will be \$9,000 in FY 2024

Attorney General time to review and advise on rulemaking will be \$8,000 in FY 2024.

Rulemaking total costs:

FY 2024: \$242,000 and 1.4 FTE

FY 2025: \$107,000 and 0.7 FTE

Total costs for this fiscal note:

Total Cost FY 2024: \$862,000 and 3.9 FTE

Total Cost FY 2025: \$526,000 and 3.2 FTE

Total Cost FY 2026 and ongoing: \$661,000 and 4.0 FTE

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	862,000	526,000	1,388,000	1,322,000	1,322,000
Total \$			862,000	526,000	1,388,000	1,322,000	1,322,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	3.9	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.0
A-Salaries and Wages	325,000	273,000	598,000	680,000	680,000
B-Employee Benefits	120,000	99,000	219,000	248,000	248,000
E-Goods and Other Services	146,000	131,000	277,000	328,000	328,000
G-Travel				8,000	8,000
J-Capital Outlays	243,000		243,000		
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements	28,000	23,000	51,000	58,000	58,000
Total \$	862,000	526,000	1,388,000	1,322,000	1,322,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA*

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
COMMUNICATIONS CONSULTANT 5	87,144	0.3	0.1	0.2		
ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER 5	98,592	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
HEALTH SERVICES CONSULTANT 3	75,120	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3
Health Svcs Conslt 1	53,000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
MANAGEMENT ANALYST 5	91,524	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
PUBLIC HEALTH ADVISOR 3	75,120	1.0	0.5	0.8	1.5	1.5
Total FTEs		3.9	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.0

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

None

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

DOH will need to do rulemaking to create a new rule chapter to implement the bill.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 307-Department of Children, Youth, and Families
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Joseph Piper	Phone: 360-915-4627	Date: 03/10/2023
Agency Approval: James Smith	Phone: 360-764-9492	Date: 03/10/2023
OFM Review: Cynthia Hollimon	Phone: (360) 810-1979	Date: 03/10/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Comparison of 1470 2SHB and 1470 SHB

New Section

Section 13 adds a null and void clause effective June 30, 2023, if funding is not included in the omnibus appropriations act.

1470 2SHB

Section 1(1) adds private detention facilities to the statute regarding specific records being exempt from public inspection and copying.

Section 1(1)(c) adds the term “detained individual”.

Section 1(4)(d) defines “detained individual”.

Section 1(4)(e) defines “private detention facility” as having the same meaning as in RCW 70.395.020.

Section 2(1) is amended to require the Department of Health (DOH) to adopt rules necessary to ensure measurable standards providing sanitary, hygienic, and safe conditions for detained persons.

Section 2(1)(b) is amended to add language that bathrooms must be cleaned and sanitized regularly.

Section 2(1)(g) is amended to add language that excessive odors and moisture must be prevented.

Section 2(2) adds a provision that the Office of the Attorney General may enforce violations of this section on its own initiative or in response to complaints or violations.

Section 3(1)(a) directs DOH to conduct routine, unannounced inspections of private detention facilities.

Section 3(1)(b) directs DOH to conduct investigations of complaints received relating to any private detention facility located within the state.

Section 3(1)(c) directs DOH to regularly review the list of food items provided to detained persons.

Section 3(1)(d) directs DOH to test water used for drinking and bathing and air quality every six months at private detention facilities.

Section 3(1)(e) adds the provision that DOH must post inspection results on its website in a place viewable by detained persons and visitors, in English and in language spoken by detainees.

Section 3(2) directs DOH delegate food safety inspections to the local health jurisdiction.

Section 3(3) directs DOH to adopt rules necessary to ensure private detention facilities allow regular inspections and

comply with measurable standards providing sanitary, hygienic, and safe conditions for detained persons.

Section 3(4) directs the Department of Labor and Industries to conduct routine, unannounced inspections of workplace conditions at private detention facilities.

Section 3(5) allows the Office of the Attorney General may enforce violations of this section on its own initiative or in response to complaints or violations

Section 4(1) is amended to state this section does not apply to private detention facilities operating under a valid contract prior to January 1, 2023.

Section 4(2)(a) is amended to add that a detained person must be issued new clothing and new footwear once it is no longer hygienic or serviceable.

Section 4(2)(1) is amended to require sexual violence and harassment grievances be reported to local law enforcement.

Section 4(3) is amended to add the Office of the Attorney General may enforce violations of this section.

Section 5 provides for a right of action in superior court for a detained person with a grievance based on a violation of this chapter. The relief, amounts, and limitations are outlined in the section. The state and its agencies are not liable for a violation of this chapter.

Section 6 outlines the civil penalty for any person who fails to comply with this chapter and names DOH as the responsible state agency to impose, collect, and deposit the penalty in the general fund.

Section 7 creates the Washington State Attorney General Humane Detention Account in the custody of the state treasurer for all civil penalties to be deposited and used exclusively for the Attorney General's enforcement of the chapter.

Section 8(1) adds language to allow the state broad authority to enforce generally applicable health and safety laws against contractors operating private detention facilities within the state.

Section 9 adds additional definitions.

Section 10 adds an emergency clause.

Section 11 states that the act is to be construed liberally.

Section 12 states that any part of the act that is held invalid does not invalidate the rest of the chapter.

Section 13 adds a null and void clause effective June 30, 2023, if funding is not included in the omnibus appropriations act.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No impact to the Department of Children, Youth and Families (DCYF). This bill does not specify DCYF and is specific to Department of Health and private detention facilities.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 310-Department of Corrections
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Amanda Pierpoint	Phone: (360) 725-8428	Date: 03/07/2023
Agency Approval: Ronell Witt	Phone: (360) 725-8428	Date: 03/07/2023
OFM Review: Cynthia Hollimon	Phone: (360) 810-1979	Date: 03/08/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

HB 1470 states the following:

House Bill (HB) 1470 relates to private detention facilities, amends RCW 42.563475, 70.395.010, 70.395.020, and 70.395.030, adds new sections to chapter 70.395 RW, creates a new section, prescribes penalties, and provides effective dates.

Section 11(1) is added to state that Section 1 and 3 through 10 of this act takes effect December 31, 2023.

Section 11(2) is added to state that Section 2 of this act takes effect December 31, 2025.

SBH 1470 amends to state the following:

Substitute House Bill (SHB) 1470 relates to private detention facilities; amends RCW 42.56.475, 70.395.010, and 70.395.020; adds new sections to chapter 70.395 RCW; creates a new section; prescribes penalties; and declares an emergency.

Section 10 states that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions and takes effect immediately.

2SHB 1470 amends to state the following:

Second Substitute House Bill (2SHB) 1470 relates to private detention facilities; amends RCW 42.56.475, 70.395.010, and 70.395.020; adds new sections to chapter 70.395; creates new sections; prescribes penalties; and declares an emergency.

Section 13 adds that if specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2023, in the omnibus appropriations, this act is null and void.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill establishes standards and limits for privately owned and operated detention facilities within Washington (WA), which the Department of Corrections (DOC) still prohibits contracting with.

We assume this bill will have no fiscal impact to DOC.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB	Title: Private detention facilities	Agency: 461-Department of Ecology
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Preparation: Leslie Connelly	Phone: 360-628-4381	Date: 03/06/2023
Agency Approval: Erik Fairchild	Phone: 360-407-7005	Date: 03/06/2023
OFM Review: Lisa Borkowski	Phone: (360) 742-2239	Date: 03/08/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Compared to SHB 1470, 2SHB 1470 has no changes to Ecology.

2SHB 1470 adds a new Section 13 making the bill null and void should it pass without an appropriation from the legislature

There are no requirements of Ecology under this bill, therefore, there is no fiscal impact to Ecology.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.*

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number: 1470 2S HB

Title: Private detention facilities

Part I: Jurisdiction-Location, type or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.

Legislation Impacts:

- Cities:
 Counties:
 Special Districts:
 Specific jurisdictions only:
 Variance occurs due to:

Part II: Estimates

- No fiscal impacts.
 Expenditures represent one-time costs:
 Legislation provides local option:
 Key variables cannot be estimated with certainty at this time:

Estimated revenue impacts to:

None

Estimated expenditure impacts to:

None

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Kate Fernald	Phone: 564-200-3519	Date: 03/09/2023
Leg. Committee Contact: Yvonne Walker	Phone: 360-786-7841	Date: 03/04/2023
Agency Approval: Alice Zillah	Phone: 360-725-5035	Date: 03/09/2023
OFM Review: Breann Boggs	Phone: (360) 485-5716	Date: 03/10/2023

Part IV: Analysis

A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

CHANGES BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PREVIOUS BILL VERSION:

The second substitute states that if funding for the purposes of this act is not provided by June 30, 2023 in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

This does not change local governments' fiscal impact.

SUMMARY OF CURRENT BILL:

Sec. 1 amends RCW 42.56.475 by adding definitions.

Sec. 1 (4)(e) adds "for-profit" to the definition of "private detention facility" to clarify it means a detention facility that is operated by a private, nongovernmental for-profit entity and operating pursuant to a contract or agreement with a federal, state, or local governmental entity.

Sec. 2 adds a new section to chapter 70.395.

Sec. 2 (1) the Department of Health (DOH) shall establish rules necessary to ensure private detention facilities comply with the standards stipulated in legislation.

Sec. 3 and Sec. 5 add new chapters to 70.395.

Sec. 3 (1) assigns DOH particular duties that would have been performed by local health jurisdictions in the original version of the bill.

Sec. 3 (2) gives DOH the option to delegate food safety inspections to the local health jurisdiction in which the private detention facility is located.

Sec. 5 (4) clarifies that neither the state nor any of its agencies may be held liable for a violation of this chapter.

Sec. 13 adds a new section that states if funding for the purposes of this act is not provided by June 30, 2023 in the omnibus appropriations act, then this act is null and void.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

CHANGES IN EXPENDITURE IMPACTS BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PREVIOUS BILL VERSION:

The substitute version of this bill does not impact local governments' expenditures.

EXPENDITURE IMPACTS OF CURRENT BILL:

This legislation would not impact local government expenditures because the Department of Health (DOH) is assigned duties previously assigned to local health jurisdictions, thereby eliminating local health jurisdictions' required work and associated expenditure impacts.

Additionally, by clarifying the definition of private detention facility, the legislation would only apply to one facility, so only one facility would need inspection. The bill would give DOH the option to delegate food safety inspections to the local health jurisdiction in which the private detention facility is located. However, according to the Washington State Association of Local Public Health Officials, this is optional. If local health jurisdictions elected to do that work, a fee would be assessed.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

CHANGES IN REVENUE IMPACTS BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PREVIOUS BILL VERSION:

The second substitute bill does not impact local government revenue.

REVENUE IMPACTS OF CURRENT BILL:

The legislation does not impact local government revenue.

SOURCES:

Caseload Forecast Council

Department of Children, Youth and Families

Department of Health Fiscal Note HB 1470 (2023)

Washington State Association of Counties

Washington State Association of Local Public Health Officials