Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2083 HB	Title: Payday lending/small loans	Agency:	102-Department of Financial Institutions
Part I: Estimates No Fiscal Impact		•	
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
Non-zero	but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Pl	ease see discussion.	
Estimated Operating Expenditures	s from:		
Non-zero	but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Pl	ease see discussion.	
Estimated Capital Budget Impact:			
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure es and alternate ranges (if appropriate)	timates on this page represent the most likely fisca , are explained in Part II.	l impact. Factors impacting i	the precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follow	v corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienniu	m or in subsequent biennia	a, complete entire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than \$5	0,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia, c	complete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, compl	ete Part IV.		
X Requires new rule making, co	omplete Part V.		
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Date: 01/09/2024

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Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This legislation makes modifications to small loans that fall under the Washington State payday lending laws, including limiting the annual percentage rate charged for payday loans to 36 percent. The Department of Financial Institutions (DFI) currently licenses 11 payday lending companies operating 23 branches across Washington State. It is not possible to accurately predict the impact this bill will have on loan volumes or the number of lenders offering small dollar loans. The fiscal impact of this legislation on DFI is indeterminate.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Sections 2, 3, and 4 would require DFI to update existing administrative rules. The costs of this rulemaking would be covered by existing resources.