# **Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary**

Bill Number: 2308 HB Title: Existing structures/housing

# **Estimated Cash Receipts**

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29	
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Department of Revenue	Non-zero but	indeterminate cos	t and/or savings	. Please see disc	ussion.				
Total \$	0	ol	0	0	0	l 0	0	l 0	0

Agency Name	2023	3-25	2025	-27	2027-	-29
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts						
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal note not	available				
Local Gov. Total						

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures**

Agency Name		20	023-25			2	025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Department of Commerce	1.2	373,316	373,316	373,316	1.2	389,090	389,090	389,090	1.2	389,090	389,090	389,090
Department of Revenue	1.0	335,900	335,900	335,900	.5	114,000	114,000	114,000	.2	47,200	47,200	47,200
Housing Finance Commission	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	2.2	709,216	709,216	709,216	1.7	503,090	503,090	503,090	1.4	436,290	436,290	436,290

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29	
	FTEs	<b>GF-State</b>	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal	note not availab	le						
Local Gov. Total									

# **Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures**

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	,		2027-29	
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee	Fiscal 1	note not availabl	e						
Department of Commerce	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Revenue	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Housing Finance Commission	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal	note not availab	le					-	
Local Gov. Total									

# **Estimated Capital Budget Breakout**

This preliminary package is incomplete. Other impacted agencies' fiscal notes will be distributed as soon as possible.

Prepared by: Amy Hatfield, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 280-7584	Preliminary 1/22/2024

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

						i e		
Bill Number: 2308 H	нв Т	itle: Existin	g structures	/housing		Agency:	103-Depar	tment of Commerc
Part I: Estimates	<b>'</b>					!		
No Fiscal Impac	t							
Estimated Cash Receip	ts to:							
NONE								
<b>Estimated Operating E</b>	Expenditures fi		2024	FY 2025	2023-2	5   2	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years			1.1	1.2		1.2	1.2	
Account								
General Fund-State	001-1		178,771	194,545		,316	389,090	·
	Tot	al \$	178,771	194,545	5   373	,316	389,090	389,090
The cash receipts and e and alternate ranges (i,	-		-	e most likely fiscal	impact. Factor	s impacting t	he precision	of these estimates,
Check applicable box	es and follow c	orresponding ir	nstructions:					
X If fiscal impact is form Parts I-V.	greater than \$5	0,000 per fiscal	year in the	current bienniur	n or in subseq	uent biennia	, complete	entire fiscal note
	less than \$50,0	00 per fiscal ye	ear in the cu	rrent biennium o	or in subsequer	nt biennia, co	omplete this	s page only (Part I)
Capital budget im	npact, complete	Part IV.						
Requires new rule	e making, comp	olete Part V.						
Legislative Contact:	Austin Borch	nerding			Phone: 360-7	86-7094	Date: (	01/17/2024
Agency Preparation:	Hayley Trese	enriter			Phone: 360-7	25-3042	Date: 0	01/22/2024
Agency Approval:	Hayley Trese	enriter			Phone: 360-7	25-3042	Date: 0	01/22/2024
OFM Review:	Cheri Keller				Phone: (360)	584-2207	Date: (	01/22/2024

#### **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

- Section 2: Requires Commerce to establish the percentage of family income that may be spent on monthly housing costs, including utilities other than telephone, for residential homeowners housing. Requires Commerce to report on the county median income for areas not within a standard metropolitan statistical area (MSA).
- Section 4: Requires Commerce to be available to local governments for input in developing affordability requirements for units dedicated to affordable housing.
- Section 9: Requires Commerce to receive annual reports from local governments issuing tax exemption certificates under this act. Commerce is to be able to provide assistance to local governments implementing housing affordability tax incentives for existing structures. This assistance is for developing affordability requirements for units dedicated to affordable housing. The components of affordability requirements are:
- •Affordable housing is defined as low-income rental housing costing no more than 30 percent of the adjusted area median income
- •Affordable housing, defined as low-income homeownership housing, costing no more than a percent, not be established by Commerce
  - •Area median income as defined within an MSA or, for areas outside of MSAs, the county area median income.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

- Section 2: Commerce would compile information for each standard metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or county in Washington. Commerce would publish this information.
- Sections 4 & 9: Commerce would develop annual reporting materials. Commerce would receive, log, and file the annual reports.

Commerce assumes that 0.1 FTE Commerce Specialist 2 is necessary to complete these actions. This will cost the Department of Commerce \$14,224 per year. All costs are on-going.

Commerce also assumes a stand-alone system would be required to support the filing and reporting requirements. This will cost commerce \$180,321 in FY24 to support the development and maintenance of a stand-alone system. All costs are on-going.

- •0.25 IT Business Analyst Journey (522 hours) in FY24 and in FY25 FY29 to support system development of the data reporting application, including specifications, requirements collection, and coordination of ongoing maintenance and periodic upgrades thereafter.
- •0.25 IT App Development Journey (522 hours) in FY24 and in FY25 FY29 for system development and maintenance for upgrades to the data and data reporting database Existing structures/housing 103-Department of Commerce

- •0.3 IT Systems Admin Journey (626 hours) in FY24 and in FY25 FY29 for security, user management, data backups, system/server configuration, and management
- •0.1 FTE IT Data Management Journey (208 hours) in FY 24 and in FY25 and 0.1 FTE (208 hours) in FY 26 FY29 for overall system and data coordination and management. Oversee and establish data security and access protocols and work closely with BA and App Development staff for system design efforts.

## Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	178,771	194,545	373,316	389,090	389,090
		Total \$	178,771	194,545	373,316	389,090	389,090

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Ī	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
A-Salaries and Wages	98,589	105,881	204,470	211,762	211,762
B-Employee Benefits	31,099	35,146	66,245	70,292	70,292
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services	6,416	7,120	13,536	14,240	14,240
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements	42,667	46,398	89,065	92,796	92,796
9-					
Total \$	178,771	194,545	373,316	389,090	389,090

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Services	111,168	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Commerce Specialist 2	72,942		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
IT App Development - Journey	107,149	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
IT Business Analyst - Journey	107,149	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
IT Data Management - Journey	112,538	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
IT Systems Admin - Journey	112,538	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total FTEs		1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures
NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

# **Department of Revenue Fiscal Note**

Bill Number: 2308 HB	Title:	Existing structures/	housing	Agen	cy: 140-Departmen	t of Revenue
art I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
Non-zero bi	ut indet	erminate cost and/o	r savings. Please	see discussion.		
stimated Expenditures from:						
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.4	1.6	1.0	0.5	0.2
Account GF-STATE-State 001-1		106,400	229,500	335,900	114,000	47,200
	Total \$	106,400	229,500	335,900	114,000	47,200
NONE						
The cash receipts and expenditure esti			e most likely fiscal in	apact. Factors impa	cting the precision of th	hese estimates,
The cash receipts and expenditure esti and alternate ranges (if appropriate),	are expla	uined in Part II.	r most likely fiscal in	apact. Factors impa	cting the precision of th	hese estimates,
The cash receipts and expenditure esti	are expla	nined in Part II. onding instructions:				
The cash receipts and expenditure esting and alternate ranges (if appropriate),  Check applicable boxes and follow  If fiscal impact is greater than \$5.	are explain are explain are explain are explain are explain as a second explain are explai	onding instructions: per fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subsequent b	iennia, complete enti	re fiscal note
The cash receipts and expenditure esting and alternate ranges (if appropriate),  Check applicable boxes and follow  If fiscal impact is greater than so form Parts I-V.	are explain are ex	nined in Part II.  conding instructions:  per fiscal year in the  r fiscal year in the cur	current biennium	or in subsequent b	iennia, complete enti	re fiscal note
The cash receipts and expenditure estand alternate ranges (if appropriate),  Check applicable boxes and follow  X If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.  If fiscal impact is less than \$50	are explaid v corresponders (\$50,000 per tete Part Γ	nined in Part II.  conding instructions:  per fiscal year in the  r fiscal year in the cur  V.	current biennium	or in subsequent b	iennia, complete enti	re fiscal note
The cash receipts and expenditure estand alternate ranges (if appropriate),  Check applicable boxes and follow  X If fiscal impact is greater than \$ form Parts I-V.  If fiscal impact is less than \$50  Capital budget impact, comple	are explose of corresponding to the Part I mplete P.	nined in Part II.  conding instructions:  per fiscal year in the  r fiscal year in the cur  V.  art V.	current biennium or i	or in subsequent b	iennia, complete enti	re fiscal note
The cash receipts and expenditure estand alternate ranges (if appropriate), Check applicable boxes and follow  X If fiscal impact is greater than \$ form Parts I-V.  If fiscal impact is less than \$50  Capital budget impact, comple  X Requires new rule making, cor	are explaid v correspectors \$50,000 per ete Part Γ mplete Part reherding	nined in Part II. conding instructions: per fiscal year in the r fiscal year in the cur V. art V.	current biennium or i	or in subsequent bi	iennia, complete entinia, complete this pa	re fiscal note  ge only (Part I
The cash receipts and expenditure estinand alternate ranges (if appropriate),  Check applicable boxes and follow  X If fiscal impact is greater than \$ form Parts I-V.  If fiscal impact is less than \$50  Capital budget impact, comple  X Requires new rule making, cor  Legislative Contact: Austin Bor	are explaid vector corresponding to the Part I complete Part I	nined in Part II. conding instructions: per fiscal year in the r fiscal year in the cur V. art V.	current biennium or i	or in subsequent bin subsequent bien hon&60-786-7094	nia, complete entinia, complete this pa  Date: 01/1  Date: 01/2	re fiscal note  ge only (Part I

# Part II: Narrative Explanation

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

#### **CURRENT LAW:**

#### PROPERTY TAX:

Within certain authorizing cities and counties, the value associated with new construction, conversion, or rehabilitation of qualifying multi-unit residential improvements located in residential targeted areas designated by a qualifying county, city, or town may be exempt from property tax for either 8, 12, or 20 years. The exemption is commonly known as the "multifamily housing tax exemption."

Each of the 8, 12, or 20-year exemptions have their own qualifying requirements that include, but are not limited to, some combination of the following: proximity to transit, density, zoning, rent affordability restrictions on a percentage of units, the length of time the restriction lasts, tenant relocation assistance at the end of the exemption, etc. Additionally, the city, town, or county where the project is located may adopt or implement more stringent qualifying requirements. Meeting certain requirements allow an extension of the exemption.

#### SALES AND USE TAXES:

State and local retail sales and use taxes apply to taxable sales. The state rate is 6.5% and the local rate varies by jurisdiction.

The sales and use taxes applying to construction projects depend on whether the project is a custom construction or a speculative build. Retail sales tax and use taxes apply to the cost of contractor labor and physical inputs.

#### PROPOSAL:

#### PROPERTY TAX:

This bill authorizes cities to create a state and local property tax exemption.

Authorizing cities create a state and local property tax exemption for:

- Qualified existing commercial buildings that convert to affordable housing.
- Qualified existing multiunit residential buildings with four or more units that convert certain market-rate rents to more affordable rents as specified in the bill.

The exemption applies to the value of improvements, but not the land. The level of exemption and duration depend on if the building is currently commercial or currently a market-rate multi-unit residential building as follows:

- Existing multi-unit residential buildings converting to affordable rental rates may qualify for a property tax exemption up to 20 successive years. The exemption is 100% for the first 10 years, and 50% for the second 10 years.
- Commercial buildings converting to affordable housing units qualify for a 100% property tax exemption for 30 years.

To receive the exemption, building owners must apply for this exemption on a form provided by the relevant city governing authority before the application expiration date of December 31, 2029.

If the exempt property fails to meet certain continuing qualifications for the exemption anytime throughout the exemption period, the city must notify the county assessor and an additional tax must be imposed on the property equal to the difference between the property tax paid and what the property should have paid had the property not been exempt for each of the prior 10 years the exemption was in effect, plus a 20% penalty and interest.

Property owners receiving a property tax exemption under the new and rehabilitated multiple-unit dwellings in urban centers exemption (Chapter 84.14 RCW) cannot receive this property tax exemption.

#### SALES AND USE TAXES:

The owner of a commercial property receiving a city-issued certificate of tax exemption under the new property tax exemption in this bill can apply for a refund of the state portion of the sales and use taxes paid on:

- Tangible personal property incorporated as a component part of a conversion of a commercial building into affordable housing; and
- Labor and services rendered for converting a commercial building into affordable housing.

The owner and property must continue to meet certain conditions for 10 years; otherwise, the owner must pay back the total remittance granted plus a 20% penalty. The sales and use tax exemption provisions expire December 31, 2029.

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE:**

The bill takes effect 90 days after the final adjournment of the session.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- Local governments administer this exemption, the bill allows local governments to choose to adopt the exemption or not. The bill also allows local governments to set additional qualifying restrictions.

#### DATA SOURCES:

- County assessor data

#### **REVENUE ESTIMATES:**

#### PROPERTY TAX:

The Economic and Revenue Forecast Council predicts the state property tax levy remains below the \$3.60 limit throughout the 2027-29 biennium. This new exemption results in a shift to other taxpayers and no loss to the state levy.

The department cannot predict how multi-unit residential building owners will respond to this exemption. Owners may decrease rents to qualify for this exemption if the value of the exemption offsets the revenue loss from lower rents.

#### PROPERTY TAX SHIFTS:

Due to the uncertainty around local government implementation of this legislation, the state levy shift is indeterminate.

Local districts will also experience an indeterminate shift of taxes to other taxpayers. The local shift may result in a local revenue loss due to levy limits.

#### SALES AND USE TAXES:

Due to the uncertainty around local government implementation of this legislation, the amount of refunded state sales and use taxes is indeterminate.

#### **EXEMPTION EXAMPLE:**

There is a commercial building in Seattle reportedly being developed into a multi-unit residential building. The department does not have details of the developer's plans, and cannot predict if this site would qualify for this exemption. However, this

building can act as an example of the revenue impact of a hypothetical conversion project.

Based on the department's modeling, the projected annual property tax exemption would save this taxpayer \$127,000. Of that amount, \$36,000 in state property taxes would shift to other parcels across the state. The rest is local property taxes, which would shift since no property taxing district in Seattle is close to its statutory maximum rate.

The sales and use taxes refunded because the remodeling costs are unknown.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

This bill affects a minimal number of taxpayers.

#### FIRST YEAR COSTS:

The department will incur total costs of \$106,400 in fiscal year 2024. These costs include:

Labor Costs – Time and effort equate to 0.38 FTE.

- Implementation meetings, gather system requirements, and document system changes.
- Set up, program, and test computer system changes.
- Create a Special Notice and information on the department's website.

Object Costs - \$54,200.

- Computer system changes, including contract programming.

#### SECOND YEAR COSTS:

The department will incur total costs of \$229,500 in fiscal year 2025. These costs include:

Labor Costs – Time and effort equate to 1.64 FTEs.

- Adopt one new standard rule and excise tax advisory (ETA).
- Update information on the department's website.
- Continue computer system testing, monitoring, and maintenance.
- Process tax return work items, assist taxpayers with reporting questions and respond to inquiries via email, web message, and paper correspondence.
  - Examine accounts and make corrections as necessary.

#### ONGOING COSTS:

Ongoing costs for the 2025-27 biennium equal \$114,000 and include similar activities described in the second-year costs. Time and effort equate to 0.45 FTE.

### Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.4	1.6	1.0	0.5	0.2
A-Salaries and Wages	33,000	146,500	179,500	76,200	31,200
B-Employee Benefits	10,900	48,300	59,200	25,100	10,200
C-Professional Service Contracts	54,200		54,200		
E-Goods and Other Services	5,700	24,100	29,800	9,900	4,600
J-Capital Outlays	2,600	10,600	13,200	2,800	1,200
Total \$	\$106,400	\$229,500	\$335,900	\$114,000	\$47,200

III. B - Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
EMS BAND 4	131,684		0.0	0.0		
EMS BAND 5	153,836		0.0	0.0		
EXCISE TAX EX 3	64,092		0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
IT B A-JOURNEY	91,968	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.1
IT B A-SR/SPEC	101,376	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	
IT SYS ADM-JOURNEY	96,552		0.1	0.1		
MGMT ANALYST4	76,188		0.0	0.0		
TAX POLICY SP 2	78,120	0.1	0.0	0.1		
TAX POLICY SP 3	88,416	0.1	0.1	0.1		
TAX POLICY SP 4	95,184		0.0	0.0		
WMS BAND 2	98,456	0.0	0.0	0.0		
WMS BAND 3	111,992		0.0	0.0		
Total FTEs	_	0.4	1.6	1.0	0.5	0.2

#### III. C - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

#### IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Should this legislation become law, the department will use the standard process to adopt WAC 458-20-XXX, titled: "Retail sales and use tax exemption for construction of low-income housing." Persons affected by this rulemaking would include owners of commercial property that qualify for the exemption.

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

Bill Number: 2308 HB	Title: Exi	sting structures/housing	Agency:	148-Housing Finance Commission
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to:				
NONE				
<b>Estimated Operating Expen</b> NONE	ditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget In	ipact:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expend and alternate ranges (if appro	-	page represent the most likely fiscal in Part II.	impact. Factors impacting i	the precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and				
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	er than \$50,000 per fi	scal year in the current biennium	n or in subsequent biennia	a, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less t	han \$50,000 per fisca	al year in the current biennium o	r in subsequent biennia, c	omplete this page only (Part I
Capital budget impact,	complete Part IV.			
Requires new rule mak	ing, complete Part V.			
Legislative Contact: Aus	stin Borcherding		Phone: 360-786-7094	Date: 01/17/2024
Agency Preparation: Dan	niel Page		Phone: 206-287-4476	Date: 01/17/2024
Agency Approval: Luc	eas Loranger		Phone: 206-254-5368	Date: 01/17/2024
OFM Review: Che	eri Keller		Phone: (360) 584-2207	Date: 01/18/2024

## **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

No Fiscal Impact: Because the Commission is a non-appropriated, non-allocated agency, all the costs associated with the contemplated legislation connected to the Commission will flow through the Commission's operating funds, therefore the Commission believes it has no fiscal impact on the state's budget.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

**NONE** 

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.