Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 6230 SB	Title: Tax increment areas
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Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Agency Name	2023-25		2025	-27	2027-29		
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts							
Loc School dist-SPI							
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal note not available						
Local Gov. Total							

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25					2025-27					2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Department of Revenue	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal note not available									
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Department of Revenue	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal	Fiscal note not available								
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

This preliminary package is incomplete. Other impacted agencies' fiscal notes will be distributed as soon as possible.

Prepared by: Amy Hatfield, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 280-7584	Preliminary 1/22/2024

Department of Revenue Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 6230 SB	Title: Tax increment areas	Agency:	140-Department of Revenue
Part I: Estimates			
No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
Estimated Expenditures from:			
NONE			
Estimated Capital Budget Imp	act:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropria	e estimates on this page represent the most likely ate), are explained in Part II.	y fiscal impact. Factors impacting t	he precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and fol	llow corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater the form Parts I-V.	an \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bi	ennium or in subsequent biennia	, complete entire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biens	nium or in subsequent biennia, c	omplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, con	nplete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making,	complete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Karen	Epps	Phon&60-786-7424	Date: 01/15/2024
Agency Preparation: Frank	Wilson	Phon&60-534-1527	Date: 01/22/2024
Agency Approval: Valerie	Torres	Phon&60-534-1521	Date: 01/22/2024
OFM Review: Amy H	latfield	Phon(360) 280-7584	Date: 01/22/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

CURRENT LAW:

Local governments, such as counties, cities, and port districts, or any combination, may create a Local Tax Increment Financing (LTIF) area to fund public improvements using increased revenues from local property taxes generated within the LTIF area.

Generally, each local taxing district within the Local Tax Increment Financing (LTIF) area continues to receive a portion of its regular property taxes based on the rate of tax levied by the taxing district on the tax allocation.

However, the local government creating the LTIF area receives an allocated portion of the regular property taxes levied by each taxing district on the increment value increase within the LTIF area. The allocated revenue repays bonds used to finance the public improvements in the LTIF area for no more than 25 years.

The property tax levies apportioned are typically those subject to the constitutional 1% and \$5.90 aggregate limitations. However, this excludes property taxes levied by a port district or public utility district for the purpose of bond payment and the state school levies from LTIF apportionment.

PROPOSAL:

This bill makes the following changes to the LTIF program:

- Allows taxing districts within an LTIF increment area the option of full or partial participation in an LTIF program.
- Revises LTIF general provisions to specify the allocation of revenues cease before the sunset date if the necessary debt is no longer necessary.
- Removes mitigation requirements of a local government LTIF project analysis when a fire district or regional fire authority (RFA) has at least 20% of assessed value in the increment area.
- Adds emergency medical services to the assessment of any impacts needing mitigation as part of a project analysis.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

The bill takes effect 90 days after the final adjournment of the session.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

ASSUMPTIONS:

This bill requires taxing districts within an LTIF area to approve their full or partial participation in the project by majority vote and ordinance.

REVENUE ESTIMATES:

This legislation results in no revenue impact on the state property tax levy.

This bill results in additional revenue for the county or city creating the LTIF. The amount of the additional revenue is indeterminate because the local governments that will create an LTIF area are unknown.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The department will have minimal costs of approximately \$4,700 for 80 hours of work by a property acquisition specialist to implement this legislation and will absorb in current funding.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. B - Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. C - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required