Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 2172 HB Title: Vacant state agency property

Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	
Office of Attorney	0	0	214,000	0	0	428,000	0	0	428,000	
General										
Office of Attorney	In addition to	the estimate above	e,there are addit	ional indetermin	ate costs and/or sa	avings. Please se	e individual fise	cal note.		
General						_				
	_									
Total \$	l 0 l	ol	214,000	l ol	0	428.000	0	l ol	428,000	

Agency Name	2023-25		2025	-27	2027-29	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts						
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal note not a	available				
Local Gov. Total						

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name		2	023-25			2	2025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Office of the Governor	Non-ze	ro but indeterm	ninate cost and/o	or savings. Pl	ease see	discussion.						
Office of Attorney General	.8	0	0	214,000	1.5	0	0	428,000	1.5	0	0	428,000
Office of Attorney General	In addit	ion to the estin	nate above,there	are addition	al indete	minate costs	and/or savings	. Please see in	dividual f	scal note.		
Office of Financial Management	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Department of Enterprise Services	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Natural Resources	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
SWF Statewide Fiscal Note - OFM	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Total \$	0.8	0	0	214,000	1.5	0	0	428,000	1.5	0	0	428,000

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal	note not availab	le						
Local Gov. Total			·						·

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	,		2027-29	
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Office of the Governor	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of Financial Management	Fiscal r	note not availabl	e						
Department of Enterprise Services	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Natural Resources	Fiscal r	note not availabl	e						
SWF Statewide Fiscal Note - OFM	Fiscal r	note not availabl	e						
Total \$	0.0	0	l 0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal	note not availab	le						
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Val Terre, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 280-3973	Preliminary 1/25/2024

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2172 HB	Title: Vacant state agency property	Agency:	075-Office of the Governor
Part I: Estimates			
No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expenditu			
Non-ze	ero but indeterminate cost and/or savings.	Please see discussion.	
Estimated Capital Budget Impac	et:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropria	estimates on this page represent the most likely fisc tel, are explained in Part II	cal impact. Factors impacting th	ne precision of these estimates,
	low corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater th form Parts I-V.	an \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienn	ium or in subsequent biennia,	, complete entire fiscal note
	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	n or in subsequent biennia, co	omplete this page only (Part I
Capital budget impact, com	iplete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making,	•		
	-	1	
	Borcherding	Phone: 360-786-7094	Date: 01/18/2024
Agency Preparation: Kathy (Agency Approval: Jamie I	Langford	Phone: (360) 480-7237 Phone: (360) 870-7766	Date: 01/24/2024 Date: 01/24/2024
OFM Review: Val Ter	-	Phone: (360) 280-3973	Date: 01/24/2024
, ut 101		- 1101101 (000) 200 07/10	

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

HB 2172 provides the use of vacant state agency property by a local government during an emergency.

Section 1(1) states that this bill applies to agencies that own land. The Office of the Governor does not own land and therefore this section does not have a fiscal impact.

Section 1(6b) states that whenever a dispute arises between a state agency and a local government the governor may be requested to assist in the resolution of the dispute. The governor shall employ whatever dispute resolution methods that the governor deems appropriate in resolving the dispute. Such methods may include, but are not limited to, the appointment by the governor of a mediator, acceptable to the agency and local government, to assist in the resolution of the dispute. The governor may also request assistance from the attorney general to advise the mediator and the agency and local government.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Depending on the scope of the dispute, the Office of the Governor would contract with a retired judge or seasoned attorney for dispute resolution. Many will require a reservation of a minimum block of time at a rate that could range from \$2,000 to over \$3,000 per day or could have hourly rates from \$375 to over \$700/hour.

The Governor's Office is unable to predict the number or scope of cases that will need dispute resolution; therefore, this bill has an indeterminate fiscal impact.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2172 HB	Title: Va	icant state agency	property	Agenc	ey: 100-Office of A General	Attorney
art I: Estimates				<u>'</u>		
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
ACCOUNT		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Legal Services Revolving Account- 405-1			214,000	214,000	428,000	428,000
	Total \$		214,000	214,000	428,000	428,000
In addition to the estimate	es above, the	re are additional i	ndeterminate costs a	and/or savings. Plea	ase see discussion.	
Estimated Operating Expenditures	from:	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5
Account						
Legal Services Revolving		0	214,000	214,000	428,000	428,00
Account-State 405-1	D 4 1 0		044.000	044.000	400.000	400.00
In addition to the estimates	Total \$	0	214,000	214,000	428,000	428,00
NONE						
NONE						
The cash receipts and expenditure est						
and alternate ranges (if appropriate)			most likely fiscal impa	ect. Factors impactin	ng the precision of th	ese estimates,
	, are explainea	l in Part II.	most likely fiscal impa	ict. Factors impactii	ng the precision of th	ese estimates,
and alternate ranges (if appropriate)	, are explained v correspond	ing instructions:				
and alternate ranges (if appropriate). Check applicable boxes and follow If fiscal impact is greater than	, are explained v corresponding \$50,000 per	in Part II. ing instructions: fiscal year in the	current biennium or	in subsequent bien	nia, complete entir	re fiscal note
and alternate ranges (if appropriate). Check applicable boxes and follow If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	, are explained v correspondi \$50,000 per :	in Part II. ing instructions: fiscal year in the	current biennium or	in subsequent bien	nia, complete entir	re fiscal note
and alternate ranges (if appropriate). Check applicable boxes and follow If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V. If fiscal impact is less than \$50	, are explained v correspondi \$50,000 per : 0,000 per fisc ete Part IV.	in Part II. ing instructions: fiscal year in the cal year in the cur	current biennium or	in subsequent bien	nia, complete entir	re fiscal note
and alternate ranges (if appropriate). Check applicable boxes and follow X If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V. If fiscal impact is less than \$5000 Capital budget impact, complete	, are explained v corresponds \$50,000 per fiscular to the property of the prop	in Part II. ing instructions: fiscal year in the cal year in the cur	current biennium or	in subsequent bien	nia, complete entir	re fiscal note ge only (Part
and alternate ranges (if appropriate). Check applicable boxes and follow X If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V. If fiscal impact is less than \$5. Capital budget impact, completing Requires new rule making, co	, are explained v corresponding \$50,000 per fisco ete Part IV. mplete Part V rcherding	in Part II. ing instructions: fiscal year in the cal year in the cur	current biennium or rent biennium or in s	in subsequent bien subsequent biennia	nia, complete entin	re fiscal note ge only (Part

Edd Giger

Val Terre

Agency Approval:

OFM Review:

Date: 01/24/2024

Date: 01/25/2024

Phone: 360-586-2104

Phone: (360) 280-3973

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 - New section. Adds to chapter 43.17 RCW. Requires state agency within city that owns vacant land to lease that land to a city or county upon request if that request is due to an emergency related to homelessness. Sets out rental rates and permitted uses of the property.

Section 2 - New section added to chapter 35.21 RCW. Provides legislative authority for cities with populations over 150,000 that declare emergencies pursuant to chapter 38.52 RCW related to homeless to lease vacant land as set forth in Section 1.

Section 3 - New section added to chapter 35A.38 RCW. Provides legislative authority for code cities with populations over 150,000 that declare emergencies pursuant to chapter 38.52 RCW related to homeless to lease vacant land as set forth in Section 1.

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2024 legislative session.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Cash receipts are assumed to equal the Legal Services Revolving Account (LSRA) cost estimates. These will be billed through the revolving account to the client agency.

The client agency is the Department of Natural Resources (DNR). The Attorney General's Office (AGO) will bill all clients for legal services rendered.

These cash receipts represent the AGO's authority to bill and are not a direct appropriation to the AGO. The direct appropriation is reflected in the client agency's fiscal note. Appropriation authority is necessary in the AGO budget.

AGO Torts Division (Torts) defense costs are billed through the LSRA to the Department of Enterprise Services (DES) Risk Management Division through an Interagency Agreement (IAA). The Torts client agency is assumed to be DES. These costs are over and above the current 2023-25 IAA amount. Per this fiscal note Torts is currently indeterminate.

AGO AGENCY ASSUMPTIONS:

DNR will be billed for non-King County rates:

FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$214,000 for 0.8 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG) and 0.4 Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1)

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Attorney General's Office (AGO) Agency Assumptions:

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2024 legislative session.

Location of staffing is assumed to be in a non-King County office building.

Total workload impact in this request includes standard assumption costs for goods & services, travel, and capital outlays for all FTE identified.

Agency administration support FTE are included in the tables. The Management Analyst 5 FTE (MA), is used as a representative classification. An example ratio is for every 1.0 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG), the AGO includes 0.5 Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1) and 0.4 MA.

1. Assumptions for the AGO Public Lands Conservation Division's (PLC) Legal Services for the Department of Natural Resources (DNR):

The AGO will bill DNR for legal services based on the enactment of this bill.

PLC assumes this bill will be perceived by some entities to conflict with the duties to manage certain classes of lands in trust for the benefit of particular institutions of government, with a duty of undivided loyalty, and the duty to act prudently on behalf of the beneficiaries. See Section 1(2); County of Skamania v. State, 102 Wn.2d 127 (1984). This bill will create demands on DNR for public lands by "qualifying cities." [Section 1(7)(a)]. PLC will advise DNR on the provisions of particular leases, on an ongoing basis [Section 1(6)(a)]. PLC assumes that disputes may arise with leasing entities regarding conditions of the lease, or the conditions of the leased property during the lease terms, or following the lease terms [Section 1(6)(b)]. PLC assumes that one or more cases are litigated over either the leases and compliance with them, the returned condition of property provision [Section 1(5)], or the use of trust properties for this purpose. PLC assumes the litigation will result in appellate work in addition to trial court work.

PLC: Total non-King County workload impact:

FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$214,000 for 0.8 AAG and 0.4 PL1

2. Assumptions for the AGO Torts Division (Torts) Legal Services for the Department of Enterprise Services (DES):

The AGO will bill DES for legal services based on the enactment of this bill.

There is no way to reasonably predict what fiscal impact this will have on Torts. Under this bill, the scope of new potential plaintiffs who may sue Washington State as a landlord-lessor is numerous to include the cities to whom the land is leased, the individuals who work, live, or are treated while on that land and nearby adjoining landowners. The variety of potential new tort claims that could be brought is also numerous, those under premises liability, warranty of habitability, civil rights theories, and the Washington Law Against Discrimination (WLAD). The number of factual scenarios is simply infinite.

Merely leasing the property will not necessarily absolve Washington State as the owner from premises liability. See Adamson v. Port of Bellingham, 193 Wn.2d 178, 189, 438 P.3d 522 (2019) ("a landowner-lessor is liable for injuries that occur due to a defect on leased property that was in exclusive possession of the lessee where the lease provisions provide that the lessee has only priority use, not exclusive use, of the premises, and that the landowner has contracted to maintain and repair the premises."). The extent of premises liability will depend on the terms of the contract.

Torts: Indeterminate

3. The AGO Social & Health Services Division (SHO) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS). DSHS does not currently have vacant property in a qualifying city as defined by statute. DSHS vacant property sites are currently located in local jurisdictions with less than 150,000 in population. DSHS does not currently have vacant properties in the qualifying Washington State cities of Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma, or Vancouver. New legal services are nominal and costs are not included in this request.

- 4. The AGO Utilities and Transportation Commission Division (AGO-UTC) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the DES. New legal services are nominal and costs are not included in this request.
- 5. The AGO Facilities Division (FST) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload. Therefore, no costs are included in this request.
- 6. The AGO Corrections Division (COR) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload in representing Department of Corrections (COR). Therefore, no costs are included in this request.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
405-1	Legal Services	State	0	214,000	214,000	428,000	428,000
	Revolving Account						
		Total \$	0	214,000	214,000	428,000	428,000

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5
A-Salaries and Wages		146,000	146,000	292,000	292,000
B-Employee Benefits		44,000	44,000	88,000	88,000
E-Goods and Other Services		23,000	23,000	46,000	46,000
G-Travel		1,000	1,000	2,000	2,000
Tot	tal \$ 0	214,000	214,000	428,000	428,000

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Assistant Attorney General	129,100		0.8	0.4	0.8	0.8
Management Analyst 5	95,184		0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
Paralegal 1	69,072		0.4	0.2	0.4	0.4
Total FTEs			1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Public Lands & Conservation Division (PLC)		214,000	214,000	428,000	428,000
Total \$		214,000	214,000	428,000	428,000

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2172 HB	Title: Vacant state agency p	roperty	Agency: 179-Department of Enterpris Services
Part I: Estimates		,	
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expendit NONE	ures from:		
Estimated Capital Budget Impa	nct:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditur and alternate ranges (if appropr.	re estimates on this page represent the m iate), are explained in Part II.	ost likely fiscal impact. Factors im	pacting the precision of these estimates,
	ollow corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater t form Parts I-V.	han \$50,000 per fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or in subsequent	t biennia, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than	1 \$50,000 per fiscal year in the curre	nt biennium or in subsequent bi	ennia, complete this page only (Part I
Capital budget impact, con	mplete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making	s, complete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Austin	n Borcherding	Phone: 360-786-	7094 Date: 01/18/2024
Agency Preparation: Micha	el Diaz	Phone: (360) 407	7-8131 Date: 01/24/2024
Agency Approval: Jessica	a Goodwin	Phone: (360) 819	0-3719 Date: 01/24/2024
OFM Review: Val Te	rre	Phone: (360) 280	0-3973 Date: 01/24/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 adds a new section to chapter 43.17 RCW related to providing for use of vacant state property by local government during an emergency.

Section 1(1) is a new section that states that a state agency that owns vacant property within a qualifying city must lease the property (developed or undeveloped) to the city for use by the city during a declared emergency related to homelessness within the city.

Subsection 1(2) states that a state agency may not charge more than \$1 per month for lease of the property, but may include provisions for the city to pay reasonable operation, maintenance, or other expenses.

Subsection 1(3) states the city may only utilize the property for use as an emergency shelter, emergency medical facility, or other use directly related to the declared emergency.

Subsection 1(4) limits the terms of the agreement to specific timeframes around the emergency.

Subsection 1(5) states the city must return the leased property in substantially the same condition as when the city took possession of the property.

Subsection 1(7) defines terms in this bill, including that a "qualifying city" is one that has a population of 150,000 or more and "vacant property" is a property that has not been used for any purpose for a period of six months or more.

Based on the 2020 Census, the Department of Enterprise Services (DES) assumes that there are currently 5 cities in Washington whose population is 150,000 or greater: Bellevue, Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma and Vancouver. Of these cities, DES currently owns property in Seattle, however this property is not vacant, and there are no plans for the current tenant to move out of the facility.

Should a state agency need assistance develop an agreement with a city, DES can assist at an hourly rate of \$189.

There is no fiscal impact to the Department of Enterprise Services.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Bill # 2172 HB