Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 2395 HB Title: Strangulation & suffocation

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Agency Name	2023-25		2025	-27	2027-29	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fiscal impac	t				
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other						
Local Gov. Total						

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name		2	023-25		2025-27						2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Caseload Forecast Council	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Washington State Patrol	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	Non-zei	ro but indeterm	ninate cost and/	or savings. Pl	ease see	discussion.						
Department of Corrections	.0	5,000	5,000	5,000	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Corrections	In addit	ion to the estin	nate above,ther	e are addition	al indeter	rminate costs	and/or savings	. Please see in	dividual f	scal note.		
Total \$	0.0	5,000	5,000	5,000	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	cal impact			-			-	
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	1		2027-29	
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Caseload Forecast Council	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Washington State Patrol	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	cal impact							
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Danya Clevenger, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 688-6413	Final 1/26/2024

Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2395 HB	Title: Strangulation & s	suffocation	Agency:	055-Administrative Office of the Courts
Part I: Estimates			•	
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to:				
NONE				
Estimated Expenditures from: NONE				
Estimated Capital Budget Impa	ect:			
NONE				
check applicable boxes and fo If fiscal impact is greater to Parts I-V.	llow corresponding instructions: han \$50,000 per fiscal year in the \$50,000 per fiscal year in the c	e current biennium or in subsequ	uent biennia,	complete entire fiscal note fo
Legislative Contact Lena Lar	nger	Phone: 360-7	86-7192	Date: 01/17/2024
		Phone: 360-7		Date: 01/19/2024
Agency Preparation: Jackie Ba				2440. 01/19/2021

191,246.00 Request # 107-1 Form FN (Rev 1/00) 1 Bill # <u>2395 HB</u>

Phone: (360) 819-3112

Date: 01/22/2024

Gaius Horton

ΦFM Review:

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

This bill relates to improving public safety by deterring assaults involving strangulation or suffocation.

II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

None

II. C - Expenditures

No fiscal impact to the Administrative Office of the Courts or the courts.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (State)

NONE

III. B - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (County)

NONE

III. C - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (City)

NONE

III. D - FTE Detail

NONE

III. E - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B1 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (State)

NONE

IV. B2 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (County)

NONE

IV. B3 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (City)

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

 $Acquisition\ and\ construction\ costs\ not\ reflected\ elsewhere\ on\ the\ fiscal\ note\ and\ description\ of\ potential\ financing\ methods.$

NONE

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2395 HB	Title: Strang	ulation & suffocation	Age	ncy: 101-Caseload Forecast Council
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to:				
NONE				
Estimated Operating Expen NONE	ditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget In	apact:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expend and alternate ranges (if appr			l impact. Factors impac	ting the precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and	d follow corresponding in	nstructions:		
If fiscal impact is greate form Parts I-V.	er than \$50,000 per fisca	l year in the current bienniu	m or in subsequent bi	ennia, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less t	han \$50,000 per fiscal y	ear in the current biennium	or in subsequent bienr	nia, complete this page only (Part
Capital budget impact,	complete Part IV.			
Requires new rule mak	ing, complete Part V.			
Legislative Contact: Len	na Langer		Phone: 360-786-719	2 Date: 01/17/2024
Agency Preparation: Cle	ela Steelhammer		Phone: 360-664-938	1 Date: 01/19/2024
Agency Approval: Cle	ela Steelhammer		Phone: 360-664-938	1 Date: 01/19/2024
OFM Review: Da	nya Clevenger		Phone: (360) 688-64	Date: 01/22/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

HB 2395

DETERRING ASSAULTS INVOLVING STRANGULATION OR SUFFICATION

101 – Caseload Forecast Council January 17, 2024

SUMMARY

A brief description of what the measure does that has fiscal impact.

- Section 1 States the legislative intent is to specify that a person's consent to strangulation or suffocation is not a defense to a prosecution for assault.
- Section 2 Amends RCW 9A.36.021 by adding that it is not a defense that the victim consented to being strangled or suffocated in a prosecution for Assault in the Second Degree by strangulation or suffocation.

EXPENDITURES

Assumptions.

None.

Impact on the Caseload Forecast Council.

None.

Impact Summary

This bill:

• May allow more prosecutions for Assault in the Second Degree by strangulation or suffocation.

Impact on prison beds and jail beds.

The Caseload Forecast Council has no information about how many more incidents of the expanded felony offense may occur under the provisions of the bill or the sentences that might actually be imposed. Therefore, the Caseload Forecast Council cannot reliably predict bed impacts resulting from the bill. However:

As a Class B felony offense ranked at Seriousness Level 4 on the adult felony sentencing grid, Assault in the Second Degree is punishable by a standard range term of confinement of 3-9 months in jail and 63-84 months in prison. Therefore, any increased incidences under the provision of the bill would impact both prison and jail beds.

Impact on local detention and Juvenile Rehabilitation (JR) beds.

As a Class B felony at Offense Category B+ on the juvenile offender sentencing grid, Assault in the Second Degree is punishable by a standard range term of confinement of 15-36 weeks to 103-129 weeks in a JR facility. Therefore, any increased incidences under the provision of the bill would impact JR beds only.

Impact on Department of Corrections (DOC) Supervision.

The offense of Assault in the Second Degree is defined as a Violent offense. As such, an individual assessed as high risk to reoffend in the community may be required to be supervised by DOC upon release. For individuals releasing from a non-prison sentence, the community custody term may be up to one year; and for those releasing from prison, one year is required.

Given the above, any new sentences resulting from provisions of this bill by an individual assessed as high risk to reoffend may increase of the DOC's Community Custody caseload.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2395 HB	Title:	Strangulation & suffocation	Agency: 2	225-Washington State Patrol
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to	:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Exper NONE	nditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget In	mpact:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expend and alternate ranges (if appr		this page represent the most likely fiscal	impact. Factors impacting the	e precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes an				
If fiscal impact is great form Parts I-V.	er than \$50,000 p	per fiscal year in the current biennium	m or in subsequent biennia,	complete entire fiscal note
	than \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the current biennium of	or in subsequent biennia, co	mplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact,	complete Part IV	/.		
Requires new rule make	•			
Legislative Contact: Le	na Langer		Phone: 360-786-7192	Date: 01/17/2024
	lison Plant		Phone: 360-596-4080	Date: 01/22/2024
Agency Approval: Ma	ario Buono		Phone: (360) 596-4046	Date: 01/22/2024
OFM Review: Tif	ffany West		Phone: (360) 890-2653	Date: 01/22/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The proposed legislation does not create a fiscal impact to the Washington State Patrol (WSP).

Section 2(3) states that consent to being strangled or suffocated is not a defense to a violation of assault by strangulation or suffocation.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

NONE

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2395 HB	Title: Strangulation & suffocation	Agency	307-Department of Children, Youth, and Families
Part I: Estimates			
No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expenditur	es from:		
Non-ze	ro but indeterminate cost and/or saving	gs. Please see discussion.	
Estimated Capital Budget Impac	t :		
NONE			
TVOTVE			
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate	estimates on this page represent the most likely e), are explained in Part II.	y fiscal impact. Factors impacting	the precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and foll	ow corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater that form Parts I-V.	in \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bi	ennium or in subsequent bienni	a, complete entire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than S	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biens	nium or in subsequent biennia,	complete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, com	olete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making,	complete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Lena La	nger	Phone: 360-786-7192	Date: 01/17/2024
Agency Preparation: Katherin	ne Anderson	Phone: (360) 790-9033	Date: 01/23/2024
Agency Approval: Crystal	Lester	Phone: 360-628-3960	Date: 01/23/2024
OFM Review: Danya C	Clevenger	Phone: (360) 688-6413	Date: 01/23/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 2 (3) amends RCW 9A.36.021 to add that a person consenting to being strangled or suffocated is not a defense to a violation to a prosecution of assault.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Fiscal impact indeterminate.

With the additional language added to the statute, the bill may potentially result in an increase in Average Daily Population (ADP) and indeterminate costs to the Department of Children, Youth and Families (DCYF). DCYF does not have the data regarding how many individuals will be impacted, therefore, the caseload forecast and per capital adjustment are unknown at this time.

DCYF assumes the impact will result when the Average Daily Population (ADP) caseload changes in the JR residential facilities forecast. The impact would be reflected in the forecasted maintenance level budget step. DCYF will true up our fiscal impact in subsequent budget submittals if the legislation is enacted into law.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2395 HB	Title: Strangulation & su	iffocation	Age	ency: 310-Departm Corrections	ent of
Part I: Estimates			·		
No Fiscal Impact					
Estimated Cash Receipts to:					
NONE					
NONE					
Estimated Operating Expenditur	es from:				
1 0 1	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Account					
General Fund-State 001-1	0 0 0	5,000	5,000	0	
T 11'2' 4 41 4' 4	100014	5,000	5,000	<u> </u>	
In addition to the estimat	es above, there are additional i	ndeterminate costs	and/or savings. Pi	ease see discussion	•
The cash receipts and expenditure e and alternate ranges (if appropriate	e), are explained in Part II.	e most likely fiscal im	pact. Factors impac	cting the precision of	these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follo	1 6				
If fiscal impact is greater that form Parts I-V.	n \$50,000 per fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subsequent bi	ennia, complete en	tire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than \$	50,000 per fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or i	n subsequent bien	nia, complete this p	age only (Part
Capital budget impact, comp	lete Part IV.				
Requires new rule making, c	omplete Part V.				
Legislative Contact: Lena Lar	nger	P	hone: 360-786-719	92 Date: 01/	17/2024
Agency Preparation: Buffy Ha	ntcher	P	hone: (360) 725-84	428 Date: 01/	/25/2024
Agency Approval: Michael	Steenhout	P	hone: (360) 789-04	480 Date: 01/	/25/2024
OFM Review: Danya C	levenger	P	hone: (360) 688-64	413 Date: 01/	/26/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This Act pertains to improving public safety by deterring assaults involving strangulation and suffocation.

Section 2(3) amends RCW 9A.36.021 and adds that consensual strangulation or suffocation is not a defense in a prosecution for assault in the Second Degree by strangulation or suffocation.

The effective date is assumed to be 90 days after the adjournment of the session in which this bill is passed.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None. All impacts are General Fund-State.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The fiscal impact of this bill to the Department of Corrections (DOC) is assumed to be indeterminate, less than \$50,000 per Fiscal Year (FY).

This bill may allow more prosecutions for Assault in the Second Degree by strangulation or suffocation.

The Caseload Forecast Council has no information about how many more incidents of the expanded felony offense may occur under the provisions of the bill or the sentences that might actually be imposed. Therefore, the Caseload Forecast Council cannot reliably predict bed impacts resulting from the bill. However:

As a Class B felony offense ranked at Seriousness Level 4 on the adult felony sentencing grid, Assault in the Second Degree is punishable by a standard range term of confinement of 3-9 months in jail and 63-84 months in prison. Therefore, any increased incidences under the provision of the bill would impact both prison and jail beds.

The offense of Assault in the Second Degree is defined as a Violent offense. As such, an individual assessed as high risk to re-offend in the community may be required to be supervised by DOC upon release. For individuals released from a non-prison sentence, the community custody term may be up to one year, and for those released from prison, one year is required.

Given the above, any new sentences resulting from provisions of this bill by an individual assessed as high risk to re-offend may increase the DOC's Community Custody caseload.

Customization of the Offender Management Network Information (OMNI) system is needed to meet the requirements of this legislation. Due to the complexity of completing the development, testing, and implementation of the statutory changes, contracted services are necessary in FY2025.

To implement this legislation, OMNI data tables need to be updated to amend RCW 9A.36.021 for technical corrections.

Cost Calculation Estimate for 2025 IT Expense:

Bill # 2395 HB

IT Application Developer | \$185.00 per hour x 10 hours = \$1,850

IT Business Analyst | \$185.00 per hour x 8 hours = \$1,480

IT Quality Assurance | \$185.00 per hour x 8 hours = \$1,480

Total One-Time Costs IN FY2025: \$5,000 (rounded)

ASSUMPTIONS

- 1) The estimated ADP impact to DOC prison facilities/institutions and/or community supervision/violator caseloads is based on projections from CFC.
- 2) For illustration purposes only, the average annual Community Supervision caseload model is \$6,101 per ADP (not including startup costs), regardless of the supervised risk level based on the workload model. If ADP impacts are applicable to this fiscal note, the calculated rate per community supervision ADP includes direct supervision and ancillary units, such as Hearings, Records, and Training, that are directly affected by supervision population changes. The estimate will vary based on the risk level of the supervised individuals, which requires different staffing levels. The population trend data used is based on the Risk Level Classification tool and provides a risk level of 42.8% high violent, 27.3% high non-violent, 21% moderate, 7.9% low, and 1.0% unclassified. (June November 2017)
- 3) The DOC assumes that any increase in community supervision caseload will result in an increased need for violator beds. For illustration, the FY2023 average percentage of supervised individuals who served jail time and were billed by the local jurisdictions for violating their conditions of supervision was a rate of 2.0%. The current average daily cost for jail beds is \$114.43 per day, inclusive of all risk levels and healthcare costs. The rate is an average, and actual rates vary by local correctional facilities.
- 4) We assume a phase-in will be necessary to successfully achieve the reductions/additions needed based on this legislation.
- 5) We assume additional impacts will result when ADP caseload changes in either prison or community, and resources will be necessary. The DOC will "true up" our fiscal impact in subsequent budget submittals should the legislation be enacted into session law.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	5,000	5,000	0	0
		Total \$	0	5,000	5,000	0	0

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Bill # 2395 HB

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years					
A-Salaries and Wages					
B-Employee Benefits					
C-Professional Service Contracts		5,000	5,000		
E-Goods and Other Services					
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	5,000	5,000	0	0

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administration & Support Services (100)		5,000	5,000		
Total \$		5,000	5,000		

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number:	2395 HB	Title:	Strangulation of	& suffocation
Part I: Juri	sdiction-Location	on, type or	status of poli	tical subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.
Legislation I	mpacts:			
	Indeterminate costs f	or county pro	secutors, court-	appointed defense attorneys, and jails.
Special Distr	ricts:			
Specific juris	sdictions only:			
Variance occ	eurs due to:			
Part II: Es	timates			
No fiscal im	pacts.			
Expenditure	s represent one-time	costs:		
Legislation 1	provides local option	:		
X Key variable	es cannot be estimate	d with certain	nty at this time:	Number of instances of prosecutions for expanded felony definition.
Estimated reve	nue impacts to:			
None				
Estimated expe	enditure impacts to:			
	Non-zero	but indeter	minate cost and	l/or savings. Please see discussion.

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Alice Zillah	Phone:	360-725-5035	Date:	01/19/2024
Leg. Committee Contact: Lena Langer	Phone:	360-786-7192	Date:	01/17/2024
Agency Approval: Allan Johnson	Phone:	360-725-5033	Date:	01/19/2024
OFM Review: Danya Clevenger	Phone:	(360) 688-6413	Date:	01/22/2024

Page 1 of 2 Bill Number: 2395 HB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis

A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

Sec. 2 amends RCW 9A.36.021. A person is guilty of assault in the second degree if he or she, under circumstances not amounting to assault in the first degree assaults another by strangulation or suffocation. Assault in the second degree is a class B felony. It is not a defense that the victim consented to being strangled or suffocated.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would result in indeterminate costs for county prosecutors, court-appointed defense attorneys, and jails.

By expanding the circumstances in which a person can be charged with assault in the second degree by strangulation or suffocation, the bill may result in more prosecutions for these crimes. According to the Local Government Fiscal Note Program (LGFN) criminal justice cost model, the cost to investigate, prosecute and defend a comparable felony is approximately \$8,860.

The Caseload Forecast Council has no information about how many more incidents of the expanded felony offense may occur under the provisions of the bill or the sentences that might actually be imposed. However, as a Class B felony offense ranked at Seriousness Level 4 on the adult felony sentencing grid, Assault in the Second Degree is punishable by a standard range term of confinement of three to nine months in jail and 63-84 months in prison. Therefore, any increased incidences under the provision of the bill would impact both prison and jail beds. The average cost for a county jail bed is \$145 per day, according to the LGFN jail costs model.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would have no revenue impacts for local governments.

SOURCES:

Local Government Fiscal Note Program criminal justice cost model Caseload Forecast Council

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