Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 2061 HB

Title: Health employees/overtime

Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29				
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total		
Office of Attorney	0	0	30,000	0	0	60,000	0	0	60,000		
General											
Office of	0	0	16,000	0	0	32,000	0	0	32,000		
Administrative											
Hearings											
Total \$	0	0	46,000	0	0	92,000	0	0	92,000		

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name		2	023-25			2	025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Office of Attorney General	.2	0	0	30,000	.3	0	0	60,000	.3	0	0	60,000
Office of Administrative Hearings	.0	0	0	16,000	.1	0	0	32,000	.1	0	0	32,000
Department of Labor and Industries	.9	0	0	257,000	1.7	0	0	474,000	1.7	0	0	474,000
Department of Social and Health Services	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Health	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Corrections	Fiscal n	ote not availal	ole									
University of Washington	Non-zer	o but indetern	ninate cost and/o	or savings. Ple	ease see o	discussion.						
The Evergreen State College	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	1.1	0	0	303,000	2.1	0	0	566,000	2.1	0	0	566,000
Agency Name			2023-25				2025-27			2027-2	29	
		FTEs	GF-State	Total	FT	Es GF-	State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Cou												
Loc School dist-			but indetern	<u> </u>	1/		1 1'	•				

Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	ther Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
	1 ton 2	ton zero out matterininate cost and or surmight rease see allocation.							
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	1		2027-29	
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of Administrative Hearings	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Labor and Industries	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Social and Health Services	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Health	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Corrections	Fiscal 1	note not availabl	e						
University of Washington	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
The Evergreen State College	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Anna Minor, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 790-2951	Preliminary 1/29/2024

Bill Number: 2061 HB	Title: Health employees/overtime	Agency: 100-Office of Attorney General
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

ACCOUNT	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Legal Services Revolving Account-State 405-1		30,000	30,000		60,000
Total \$		30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
Account					
Legal Services Revolving	0	30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000
Account-State 405-1					
Total \$	0	30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

X If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact:	Trudes Tango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Preparation:	Chad Standifer	Phone: 3605863650	Date: 01/22/2024
Agency Approval:	Edd Giger	Phone: 360-586-2104	Date: 01/22/2024
OFM Review:	Val Terre	Phone: (360) 280-3973	Date: 01/22/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 - Amending RCW 48.49.130. Defining "employee" as a person employed by a health care facility that is involved in direct patient care activities or clinical services, and who receives an hourly wage or is covered by a collective bargaining agreement.

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2024 legislative session.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Cash receipts are assumed to equal the Legal Services Revolving Account (LSRA) cost estimates. These will be billed through the revolving account to the client agency.

The client agency is the Department of Labor and Industries (L&I). The Attorney General's Office (AGO) will bill all clients for legal services rendered.

These cash receipts represent the AGO's authority to bill and are not a direct appropriation to the AGO. The direct appropriation is reflected in the client agency's fiscal note. Appropriation authority is necessary in the AGO budget.

AGO AGENCY ASSUMPTIONS:

L&I will be billed for King County rates:

FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$30,000 for 0.1 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG) and 0.1Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1)

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Attorney General's Office (AGO) Agency Assumptions:

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2024 legislative session.

Location of staffing is assumed to be in a King County office building.

Total workload impact in this request includes standard assumption costs for goods & services, travel, and capital outlays for all FTE identified.

Agency administration support FTE are included in the tables. The Management Analyst 5 FTE (MA), is used as a representative classification. An example ratio is for every 1.0 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG), the AGO includes 0.5 Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1) and 0.4 MA.

Assumptions for the AGO Labor and Industries Division (LNI) Legal Services for the Department of Labor and Industries Division (L&I):

The AGO will bill L&I for legal services based on the enactment of this bill.

There are presently approximately 108,000 workers considered "employees" under the Act. With the amendment to the definition of "employee" in RCW 49.28.130 the number of workers covered by the mandatory healthcare overtime protections would increase to approximately 316,000. The increase in covered employees would result in increased complaints and increased investigations L&I expects 92 additional complaints. In FY 2022 there were 23 mandatory overtime complaints filed and investigated. Due to pending changes in the law last year (SB 5236), it was projected that the number of complaints received will increase to 46 per year starting July 1, 2023. Using this projected figure as a basis, and considering the threefold expansion in the pool of potentially covered employees, L&I estimates that this bill will result in 138 total healthcare overtime complaints filed per year, or an additional 92 complaints. Based on historical citation rates of 14 percent and appeal rates of 20 percent, LNI anticipate two to three additional appeals per year. As indicated by the complexity of the investigations per year (60 per investigator), appeals of this complexity require 0.1 FTE per two to three appeals because these are usually large institutional employers and appeals usually involve employer policies that impact many additional workers and involve extended litigation.

LNI: Total King County workload impact:

FY 2025 and in each FY thereafter: \$30,000 for 0.1 AAG and 0.1 PL1

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Туре	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
405-1	Legal Services	State	0	30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000
	Revolving Account						
		Total \$	0	30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
A-Salaries and Wages		21,000	21,000	42,000	42,000
B-Employee Benefits		6,000	6,000	12,000	12,000
E-Goods and Other Services		3,000	3,000	6,000	6,000
Total \$	0	30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Assistant Attorney General-Seattle	135,555		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Management Analyst 5	95,184		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Paralegal 1-Seattle	72,528		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total FTEs			0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Labor & Industries Division (LNI)		30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000
Total \$		30,000	30,000	60,000	60,000

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

- Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE
- IV. D Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 2061 HB Title: Health employees/overtime	Agency: 110-Office of Administrative Hearings
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

ACCOUNT	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Hearings Revolving Account-State 484-1		16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000
Total \$		16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Account					
Administrative Hearings Revolving	0	16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000
Account-State 484-1					
Total \$	0	16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

X If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact:	Trudes Tango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Preparation:	Pete Boeckel	Phone: 360-407-2730	Date: 01/24/2024
Agency Approval:	Rob Cotton	Phone: 360-407-2708	Date: 01/24/2024
OFM Review:	Val Terre	Phone: (360) 280-3973	Date: 01/24/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 expands the scope of "employees" of health care facilities covered under the wage payment provisions of Chapter 49.28 RCW, and thus the potential number of wage payment investigations and citations.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

As a central service agency, the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) bills referring agencies for its costs and collects the revenue into the Administrative Hearings Revolving Account. Cash receipts are assumed to equal costs. OAH will bill the Department of Labor & Industries for the costs related to this proposed legislation.

These cash receipts represent the OAH's authority to bill and are not a direct appropriation to OAH. Appropriation authority is necessary in OAH's budget.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The Department of Labor & Industries (L&I) estimates that the proposed legislation will result in three new appeals being referred to the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) per fiscal year beginning in FY 2025. On average, each appeal is expected to take approximately 25 hours of line Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) time including prehearing conferences, hearings, order writings, etc.

OAH Agency Workforce Assumptions:

(1) 1.0 Line ALJ will include cost and FTE for 0.15 Senior ALJ (SALJ), 0.15 Lead ALJ (LALJ), 0.6 Legal Assistant 2 (LA2) (Range 40 step L), and 0.25 administrative support represented as a Management Analyst 5 (MA5) (Range 64 Step L).

(2) ALJ salary is based on the ALJ collective bargaining agreement and assumed to be at step L. (Line ALJ-range 70. Senior ALJ-range 74.)

(3) Benefit rates were analyzed by job class and projected using the latest benefit information available.

(4) Goods and services, travel and on-going capital outlays were projected based on historical data for each of the job classifications.

Total workload impact beginning in FY 2025: 0.05 ALJ at a rounded cost of \$16,000 per FY.

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2024 legislative session.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Туре	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
484-1	Administrative	State	0	16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000
	Hearings Revolving						
	Account						
	•	Total \$	0	16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
A-Salaries and Wages		10,000	10,000	20,000	20,000
B-Employee Benefits		3,000	3,000	6,000	6,000
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		3,000	3,000	6,000	6,000
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Law Judge	110,400		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Total FTEs			0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Regulatory & Education (REG)		16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000
Total \$		16,000	16,000	32,000	32,000

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 2061 HB	Title: Health employees/overtime	Agency: 235-Department of Labor and Industries
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Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	1.7	0.9	1.7	1.7
Account						
Accident Account-State	608-1	0	219,000	219,000	404,000	404,000
Medical Aid Account-State	609	0	38,000	38,000	70,000	70,000
-1						
	Total \$	0	257,000	257,000	474,000	474,000

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

 \mathbf{X} If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact:	Trudes Tango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Preparation:	Allison Kaech	Phone: 360-902-4530	Date: 01/19/2024
Agency Approval:	Trent Howard	Phone: 360-902-6698	Date: 01/19/2024
OFM Review:	Anna Minor	Phone: (360) 790-2951	Date: 01/21/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Туре	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
608-1	Accident Account	State	0	219,000	219,000	404,000	404,000
609-1	Medical Aid Account	State	0	38,000	38,000	70,000	70,000
		Total \$	0	257,000	257,000	474,000	474,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.7	0.9	1.7	1.7
A-Salaries and Wages		125,000	125,000	250,000	250,000
B-Employee Benefits		47,000	47,000	94,000	94,000
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		63,000	63,000	126,000	126,000
G-Travel		2,000	2,000	4,000	4,000
J-Capital Outlays		20,000	20,000		
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	257,000	257,000	474,000	474,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Fiscal Analyst 5	74,376		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Industrial Relations Agent 3	72,552		1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5
Revenue Agent 2	67,380		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total FTEs			1.7	0.9	1.7	1.7

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

- Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE
- IV. D Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Part II: Explanation

The bill amends the definition of "employee" under RCW 49.28.130 (Mandatory Healthcare Overtime). The bill expands the number of workers covered by Mandatory Healthcare Overtime protection by removing the requirement that workers hold certain credentials to be eligible.

II. A – Brief Description of What the Measure Does that Has Fiscal Impact

Section 1 amends the definition of "employee" under RCW 49.28.130 (Mandatory Healthcare Overtime). To qualify for Mandatory Healthcare Overtime protections, the section requires workers to both:

- be involved in direct patient care or clinical services; and
- receive an hourly wage or be covered by a collective bargain agreement.

This bill removes conditions that the employee must meet to qualify for Mandatory Healthcare Overtime. This section removes the requirement that the employee is either a:

- licensed practical nurse or registered nurse; or
- a surgical technologist, a diagnostic radiologic technologist, or cardiovascular invasive specialist, a respiratory care practitioner, or nursing assistant.

The section continues to exclude workers in facility owned and operated by the Department of Corrections (DOC) from the definition of "employee."

II. B – Cash Receipt Impact

This bill requires penalties received by L&I to be deposited into the Supplemental Pension Fund, fund 881.

L&I estimates that this bill will result in 50 new penalties assessed. In FY 2022, approximately 54% of mandatory overtime complaint investigations resulted in a finding of violation that could result in the assessment of penalties. Each violation has a minimum penalty of \$1,000, with repeater penalties up to \$5,000 applying to employers who have violated the law five or more times (RCW 49.12.145(3)(b)). L&I cannot estimate what proportion of complaints will result in repeater penalties with available data. Therefore, the cash receipt estimate for this bill is **indeterminate**.

II. C – Expenditures

Appropriated – Operating Costs

This proposed bill increases expenditures to the Accident account, fund 608, and the Medical Aid account, fund 609. The following assumptions were used to estimate the resources requested to implement this bill.

Staffing

1.5 FTE, Industrial Relations Agent 3 (IRA3), permanent, effective July 1, 2024. Duties include Investigate additional workplace rights complaints related to the expanded definition of "employee" under the terms of the bill. Enforce the protections of RCW 49.28.130-140 (Prohibition on Mandatory Overtime for Health Care Employees) by interviewing employees and employers, requesting and reviewing documentation, and applying the law to observed fact patterns. Testify in hearings and other judicial proceedings as necessary to support the agency's investigative findings.

- There are presently approximately 108,000 workers considered "employees" as noted in Employment Security Department's (ESD) Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics. With the amendment to the definition of "employee" in RCW 49.28.130 the number of workers covered by the mandatory healthcare overtime protections would increase to approximately 316,000 as noted in ESD's Establishment Size Data. The increase in covered employees would result in increased complaints and investigations. These employees are engaged and informed about their rights and more likely to file complaints for alleged violations.
- In FY 2022, there were 23 mandatory overtime complaints filed and investigated. Due to pending changes in the law last year, SB 5236 Hospital Staffing Standards, it was projected that the number of complaints received will increase to 46 per year starting July 1, 2023. Using this projected figure as a basis, and considering the threefold expansion in the pool of potentially covered employees, L&I estimates that the passage this bill will result in 138 total healthcare overtime complaints filed per year, or an additional 92 complaints.

- An IRA3 tasked with this type of investigation can be expected to complete 60 investigations per year.
- Therefore, 1.5 additional FTEs are needed (92 additional complaints / 60 investigations per IRA3 = 1.5 FTEs)

0.1 FTE, Revenue Agent 2 (RA2), permanent, effective July 1, 2024. Duties include collecting civil penalties from Healthcare Labor Standards citations.

- L&I anticipates 92 additional complaints received per year. Thirty percent of mandatory overtime complaints are expected to result in a citation, resulting in 28 additional citations (92 additional complaints X 30% = 28 additional citations).
- An RA2 has workload of 300 citations, therefore 0.1 additional FTE is needed (28 additional citations / 300 per RA2 = 0.1 additional RA2)

Attorney General – Legal Services

L&I anticipates 92 additional complaints. Based on historical citation rates (14%) and appeal rates (20%) L&I anticipates three additional appeals per year (92 additional complaints X 14% citation rate = 12.88 X 20% appeal rate = 3 new appeals).

Handling the anticipated new appeals will require an additional 0.1 Assistant Attorney General (AAG) and an additional 0.1 Paralegal. Therefore, \$30,000 is needed each year beginning in FY 2025 for legal services.

Administrative Hearings

\$16,000 is needed starting in FY 2025 for three additional administrative hearings per year at the Office of Administrative Hearings.

Indirect Costs

Fund	Name	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
608	Accident		9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000
609	Medical Aid		2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
	Total:	\$0	\$11,000	\$11,000	\$11,000	\$11,000	\$11,000

The amount included in this fiscal note for indirect is:

The department assesses an indirect rate to cover agency-wide administrative costs. Labor and Industries' indirect rate is applied on salaries, benefits, and standard costs. For fiscal note purposes, the total indirect amount is converted into salary and benefits for partial or full indirect FTEs. Salary and benefits costs are based on a Fiscal Analyst 5 (Range 59, Step G).

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

None.

Bill Number: 2061 HB Title: Health employees/overtime Agency: 300-Department of Social and Health Services
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Part I: Estimates

X No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from: NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact:	Trudes Tango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Preparation:	Sara Corbin	Phone: 360-902-8194	Date: 01/25/2024
Agency Approval:	Dan Winkley	Phone: 360-902-8236	Date: 01/25/2024
OFM Review:	Arnel Blancas	Phone: (360) 000-0000	Date: 01/25/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill has no fiscal impact to the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) related to the amendments in Section 1. The bill defines "employee" as a person employed by a health care facility that is involved in direct patient care activities or clinical services, and who receives an hourly wage or is covered by a collective bargaining agreement. DSHS facilities define direct care workers in alignment with the newly proposed definition of employee and pays mandatory overtime as required in Collective Bargaining Agreements (CBA) for shift work.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- III. A Operating Budget Expenditures NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

Health employees/overtime Form FN (Rev 1/00) 191,362.00 FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

None

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 2061 HB	Title: Heal	th employees/overtime	Agency: 3	03-Department of Health
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
— Estimated Cash Receipts to:				
_				
NONE				
Estimated Operating Expendit NONE	tures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget Imp	act:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expenditu and alternate ranges (if appropr		ige represent the most likely fiscal imp Part II.	pact. Factors impacting the	e precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and for	· •			
If fiscal impact is greater t form Parts I-V.	han \$50,000 per fise	cal year in the current biennium o	r in subsequent biennia,	complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less that	n \$50,000 per fiscal	year in the current biennium or in	n subsequent biennia, coi	nplete this page only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, co	mplete Part IV.			
	•			
Requires new rule making	z, complete Part V.			
Legislative Contact: Trude	es Tango	Pł	none: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Preparation: Donna	a Compton	Ph	none: 360-236-4538	Date: 01/25/2024
Agency Approval: Kristi	n Bettridge	Ph	none: 3607911657	Date: 01/25/2024
OFM Review: Bream	n Boggs	Ph	none: (360) 485-5716	Date: 01/26/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

House Bill 2061 amends RCW 49.28.130 (hours of health care facility employees) by changing the definition of an employee for purposes of mandatory overtime provisions.

This bill does not create any new work for the Department of Health, therefore no fiscal impact.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- **III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose**

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- **IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures** NONE
- **IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose**

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Health employees/overtime Form FN (Rev 1/00) 191,369.00 FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 2061 HB	Title: Health employees/overtime	Agency: 360-University of Washington
Part I: Estimates No Fiscal Impact		
Estimated Cash Receipts to:		
NONE		

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

X If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact:	Trudes Tango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Preparation:	Michael Lantz	Phone: 2065437466	Date: 01/25/2024
Agency Approval:	Jed Bradley	Phone: 2066164684	Date: 01/25/2024
OFM Review:	Ramona Nabors	Phone: (360) 742-8948	Date: 01/26/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

House Bill 2061 modifies the definition of "employee" for the purpose of mandatory overtime provisions at health care facilities. Under the new definition, an employee is a person who is: 1) employed at a health care facility, 2) involved in direct patient care activities or clinical services, and 3) receives an hourly wage or is covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The previous requirement that an employee also be licensed, registered, or certified in specified medical areas has been removed.

The potential impacts to UW Medicine are discussed in the expenditures section.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

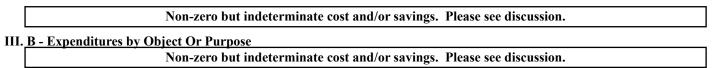
II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

HB 2061 may have fiscal impacts as it could require changes to UW Medicine staffing models for many positions newly covered by the definition of employee. UW Medicine has done an initial analysis of all newly covered positions as well as the volume of prescheduled on-call utilized for these positions, which can lead to overtime. UW Medicine is now assessing how these changes would impact staffing models for these positions. Any potential fiscal impacts associated with additional FTE required to ensure compliance with the mandatory overtime provisions are indeterminate at this time. UW Medicine will provide additional information as internal assessments are completed.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures



III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

- Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE
- IV. D Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 2061 HB Title: Health employees/overtime Agency: 376-The Evergreen State College

Part I: Estimates

X No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from: NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact:	Trudes Tango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Preparation:	Catherine Nicolai	Phone: (360) 664-9087	Date: 01/22/2024
Agency Approval:	Lisa Dawn-Fisher	Phone: 512-658-0328	Date: 01/22/2024
OFM Review:	Ramona Nabors	Phone: (360) 742-8948	Date: 01/22/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

HB 2061 proposes changes to some definitions pertaining to health care facilities employees. Nothing in HB 2061 pertains to the Washington State Institute for Public Policy or will impact any of its ongoing work.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number:	2061 HB	Title:	Health employees/overtime			
Part I: Jurisdiction-Location, type or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.						
Legislation I	mpacts:					
Cities:						
Counties:						
X Special Distr	Special Districts: Decrease in expenditure due to a reduction in overtime hours for all qualified public hospital district (PHD) employees; Increase in expenditure to hiring more employees; Increase in expenditures from having to pay fines fo requiring mandatory overtime					
X Specific jurisdictions only: Public hospital districts						
Variance occurs due to:						
Part II: Estimates						
No fiscal im	pacts.					
Expenditure	s represent one-time	costs:				
Legislation]	provides local option	:				
X Key variable	es cannot be estimate	d with certai	ainty at this time: Amount of increased staffing required to comply with the bill			
Estimated reve None	nue impacts to:					

Estimated expenditure impacts to:

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Brandon Rountree	Phone: (360) 999-7103	Date: 01/29/2024
Leg. Committee Contact: Trudes Tango	Phone: 360-786-7384	Date: 01/16/2024
Agency Approval: Allan Johnson	Phone: 360-725-5033	Date: 01/29/2024
OFM Review: Anna Minor	Phone: (360) 790-2951	Date: 01/29/2024

Bill Number: 2061 HB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

This bill revises provisions in RCWs 49.28.130 and 49.28.140 regarding mandatory overtime for employees in health care facilities by expanding who may be eligible and establishing circumstances under which overtime can and cannot be mandated by the employer.

Section 1 revises the definition of "employee" by adding that the person is covered by the collective bargaining agreement and is a licensed practical nurse or registered nurse licensed under Chapter 18.79 RCW, a surgical technologist registered under Chapter 18.215 RCW, a diagnostic radiological technologist or cardiovascular invasive specialist certified under Chapter 18.84 RCW, a respiratory care practitioner licensed under Chapter 18.89 RCW, or a certified nursing assistant as defined in RCW 18.88A.020.

An employee is defined as not meaning someone who is employed by a health care facility as described in subsection (3) (a) (v) of this section and is a surgical technologist registered under Chapter 18.215 RCW, a diagnostic radiological technologist or cardiovascular invasive specialist certified under Chapter 18.84 RCW, a respiratory care practitioner licensed under chapter 18.89, or a certified nursing assistant as defined in RCW 18.88A.020.

Section 2 mandates that an employer may not use prescheduled on-call time to fill chronic or foreseeable staff shortages, unless necessary for immediate and unanticipated patient care emergencies.

This bill forbids employers from scheduling nonemergency procedures that would require overtime.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This bill would likely have a net positive indeterminate expenditure impact on public hospital districts due to the possible increased staffing costs associated with reducing the number of employees who may be mandated to work overtime. This legislation may also result in some cost savings to public hospital districts, but the magnitude of any savings is unknown.

For purposes of illustration, if each of the 43 hospitals operated by a public hospital district hired one nurse to provide coverage for rest and meal periods, the annual statewide cost, not including benefits, would be approximately 2,643,468 (43 public hospital districts x 61,476 per nurse = 2,643,468), using salary data from the Association of Washington Cities for Public Health Nurses. It is unknown what the magnitude of staffing needs would be to comply with the provisions of this bill.

Hospitals will likely have to choose between one of two cost increasing options:

- Hire more employees to cover hours typically fulfilled with mandatory overtime; or
- Keep requiring mandatory overtime for newly covered employees and pay the associated fine

The Department of Labor & Industry (L&I) estimates that this could result in 50 new penalties being assessed. Each violation has a minimum penalty of \$1,000, with

repeater penalties up to \$5,000 applying to employers who have violated the law five or more times (RCW 49.12.145(3) (b)). However, L&I cannot estimate what proportion of complaints will result in repeater penalties with available data.

The Washington State Nurses Assocation also indicates, citing a body of research, that long work days and overtime leads to increased workplace injuries, increased staff turnover, and increased preventable hospital-acquired infections, among other negative health outcomes, but it is impossible to predict how much savings might result, and if they would outweigh the potential staffing costs related to complying with this bill.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This bill would not impact public hospital districts revenues.

SOURCES: 2012 Association of Washington Cities Salary Survey Data Washington State Hospital Association Washington State Nurses Association Health Care Authority Fiscal Note Department of Labor and Industry Fiscal Note, HB 2061, (2024)