## Estimated Cash Receipts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Name</th>
<th>2023-25</th>
<th>2025-27</th>
<th>2027-29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GF-State</td>
<td>NGF-Outlook</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Estimated Operating Expenditures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Name</th>
<th>2023-25</th>
<th>2025-27</th>
<th>2027-29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FTEs</td>
<td>GF-State</td>
<td>NGF-Outlook</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department of Revenue</td>
<td>.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor and Cannabis Board</td>
<td>.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total $</strong></td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Name</th>
<th>2023-25</th>
<th>2025-27</th>
<th>2027-29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FTEs</td>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department of Revenue</td>
<td>.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor and Cannabis Board</td>
<td>.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total $</strong></td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

FNPID 70012

FNS029 Multi Agency rollup
**Part I: Estimates**

- **Estimated Cash Receipts to:**
  - NONE

- **Estimated Expenditures from:**
  - NONE

**Estimated Capital Budget Impact:**

- NONE

*The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.*

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- [ ] If fiscal impact is greater than $50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- [ ] If fiscal impact is less than $50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- [ ] Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.
- [ ] Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legislative Contact</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Van Huynh</td>
<td>60-534-1512</td>
<td>01/27/2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valerie Torres</td>
<td>60-534-1521</td>
<td>01/27/2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amy Hatfield</td>
<td>(360) 280-7584</td>
<td>01/29/2024</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Request # 6272-1-1

Bill # 6272 SB

FNS062 Department of Revenue Fiscal Note
Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

CURRENT LAW:
The Legislature appropriates specified dollar amounts from the Dedicated Cannabis Account to various recipients. After these appropriations, the law distributes the remaining funds as follows:
- 52% to the State Basic Health Plan Trust Account.
- 11% to the Health Care Authority.
- 1.5% to counties, cities, and towns with licensed cannabis retail locations.
- 3.5% on a per capita basis to counties, cities, and towns allowing licensed cannabis producers, processors, or retailers.
- 32% to the General Fund.

PROPOSAL:
This bill dedicates the state's share of cannabis tax to counties and cities to attract and retain commissioned law enforcement officers.

Under this bill, the 32% of funds currently deposited in the General Fund will be redirected to counties, cities, and towns on a per capita basis.

Counties, cities, and towns use:
- At least 50% to attract and retain additional commissioned law enforcement officers.
- Any remaining amount for criminal justice purposes.

The bill defines criminal justice purposes as activities that substantially assist the criminal justice system. These activities may include:
- Circumstances with an ancillary benefit to the civil justice system.
- Domestic violence program services, community advocate services, and legal advocate services provided for domestic violence.

EFFECTIVE DATE:
The bill takes effect 90 days after the final adjournment of the session.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This legislation results in no revenue impact on taxes administered by the Department of Revenue (department).

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The department will not incur any costs with the implementation of this legislation.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Form FN (Rev 1/00)  192,500.00

Request # 6272-1-1
Bill # 6272 SB
FNS062 Department of Revenue Fiscal Note
III. B - Detail:  FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

III. C - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

192,500.00
Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 6272 SB  
Title: Cannabis excise tax revenue  
Agency: 195-Liquor and Cannabis Board

Part I: Estimates

☐ No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACCOUNT</th>
<th>FY 2024</th>
<th>FY 2025</th>
<th>2023-25</th>
<th>2025-27</th>
<th>2027-29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund-State</td>
<td>001-1</td>
<td>(158,153,463)</td>
<td>(158,153,463)</td>
<td>(334,337,539)</td>
<td>(339,704,946)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total $ (158,153,463) (158,153,463) (334,337,539) (339,704,946)

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

☐ If fiscal impact is greater than $50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

☐ If fiscal impact is less than $50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

☐ Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

☐ Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

Legislative Contact:  
Colin O Neill  
Phone: (360) 664-4552  
Date: 01/22/2024

Agency Approval:  
Aaron Hanson  
Phone: 360-664-1701  
Date: 01/22/2024

OFM Review:  
Val Terre  
Phone: (360) 280-3973  
Date: 01/22/2024
Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact
Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1(3c)(iii) directs an additional 32% (on top of the existing 5%) of the Section 3 distribution to local governments, with the stipulation that at least 50% of funds must be used solely for attracting and retaining additional commissioned law enforcement officers; and any remaining amount may be used for criminal justice purposes (defined in this subsection).

Section 1(3d) is deleted (referring to the 32% of section 3 to General Fund-State).

II. B - Cash receipts Impact
Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 1(3c)(iii) directs an additional 32% (on top of the existing 5%) of the Section 3 distribution to local governments, with the stipulation that at least 50% of funds must be used solely for attracting and retaining additional commissioned law enforcement officers; and any remaining amount may be used for criminal justice purposes (defined in this subsection).

Section 1(3d) is deleted (referring to the 32% of section 3 to General Fund-State).

The effect of this change is to eliminate the Section 3 distribution to General Fund-State and distribute it to the local governments instead.

The General Fund-State impact is shown below, based on the November 2023 Cannabis Revenue & Distribution forecast:

NOTE: the cannabis forecast is only available through FY27, so FY28/29 are duplicates of FY27. In addition, it is assumed that the first distribution that the change would take effect is the September 2024 distribution.

FY25: ($158,153,463)
FY26: ($164,485,066)
FY27: ($169,852,473)
FY28: ($169,852,473)
FY29: ($169,852,473)

II. C - Expenditures
Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures
NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose
NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.
NONE
III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)
NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact
IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures
NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose
NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout
Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.
NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail:  FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.
NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required
Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Cannabis excise tax revenue
Form FN (Rev 1/00)  191,484.00
FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note 3

195-Liquor and Cannabis Board
Request #   6272 SB-1
Bill # 6272 SB
LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE
Department of Commerce

Part I: Jurisdiction - Location, type or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.

Legislation Impacts:
☒ Cities: revenue increase
☒ Counties: revenue increase
☐ Special Districts:
☐ Specific jurisdictions only:
☒ Variance occurs due to: per capita distribution of revenue

Part II: Estimates

☒ No fiscal impacts.
☐ Expenditures represent one-time costs:
☐ Legislation provides local option:
☐ Key variables cannot be estimated with certainty at this time:

Estimated revenue impacts to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>FY 2024</th>
<th>FY 2025</th>
<th>2023-25</th>
<th>2025-27</th>
<th>2027-29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City</td>
<td>104,381,285</td>
<td>104,381,285</td>
<td>220,662,776</td>
<td>224,205,264</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>County</td>
<td>53,772,177</td>
<td>53,772,177</td>
<td>113,674,763</td>
<td>115,499,682</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL $</td>
<td>158,153,462</td>
<td>158,153,462</td>
<td>334,337,539</td>
<td>339,704,946</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRAND TOTAL $</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>832,195,947</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Estimated expenditure impacts to:
None

Part III: Preparation and Approval

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Note Analyst: Angie Hong</th>
<th>Phone: 360-725-5041</th>
<th>Date: 01/30/2024</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leg. Committee Contact: Allan Johnson</td>
<td>Phone: 360-725-5033</td>
<td>Date: 01/30/2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agency Approval: Amy Hatfield</td>
<td>Phone: (360) 280-7584</td>
<td>Date: 01/30/2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFM Review:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Part IV: Analysis

A. SUMMARY OF BILL
Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

This bill amends RCW 69.50.540 [Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Appropriations] to allocate 32 percent of the state’s share of the cannabis tax to counties, cities, and towns, ratably on a per capita basis. The county must receive that proportion that the unincorporated population of the county bears to the total population of the county and each city must receive that proportion that the city incorporated population bears to the total county population. Funds may be used as follows: (A) At least 50 percent of funds must be used solely for attracting and retaining additional commissioned law enforcement officers; and (B) Any remaining amount may be used for criminal justice purposes. "Criminal justice purposes" is defined.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS
Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This bill will not impact local government expenditures.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS
Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This bill will increase city/town and county revenues. According to the Liquor and Cannabis Board “the effect of this bill is to eliminate the Section 3 distribution to General Fund-State and distribute it to local governments instead. The General Fund-State impact is shown below, based on the November 2023 Cannabis Revenue & Distribution forecast:

(NOITE: the cannabis forecast is only available through FY27, so FY28/29 are duplicates of FY27. In addition, it is assumed that the first distribution that the change would take effect is the September 2024 distribution.)

FY25: $158,153,463
FY26: $164,485,066
FY27: $169,852,473
FY28: $169,852,473
FY29: $169,852,473”

The county must receive that proportion that the unincorporated population of the county bears to the total population of the county and each city must receive that proportion that the city incorporated population bears to the total county population. According to the Office of Financial Management population counts for 2023, the county proportion will be approximately 34% and the city/town proportion will be approximately 66%. This distribution to counties and cities/towns equates to:

COUNTIES
FY25: $53,772,177
FY26: $55,924,922
FY27: $57,749,841
FY28: $57,749,841
FY29: $57,749,841

CITIES
FY25: $104,381,285
FY26: $108,560,144
FY27: $112,102,632
FY28: $112,102,632
FY29: $112,102,632