# **Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary**

Bill Number: 5849 S SB Title: Computer science/graduation

### **Estimated Cash Receipts**

NONE

Agency Name	2023-25		2025	-27	2027-29	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts						
Loc School dist-SPI	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.					
Local Gov. Other						
Local Gov. Total						

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures**

Agency Name		20	023-25			2025-27				2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Superintendent of Public Instruction	.0	106,000	106,000	106,000	.0	14,000	14,000	14,000	.0	0	0	0
Superintendent of Public Instruction	In addit	ion to the estin	nate above,there	e are additiona	al indeter	rminate costs	and/or savings.	. Please see in	dividual fi	scal note.		
Total \$	0.0	106,000	106,000	106,000	0.0	14,000	14,000	14,000	0.0	0	0	0

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI	Non-z	ero but indeterm	inate cost and	d/or sav	ings. Please see	discussion.				
Local Gov. Other										
Local Gov. Total										

# **Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures**

Agency Name	gency Name 2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	
Superintendent of Public Instruction	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Other									
Local Gov. Total									

# **Estimated Capital Budget Breakout**

Prepared by: Brian Fechter, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 688-4225	Final 2/4/2024

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

<b>Bill Number:</b> 5849 S SB	Title:	Computer science/	graduation		Agency: 350-Supe Instruction	erintendent of Public on
Part I: Estimates  No Fiscal Impact						
<b>Estimated Cash Receipts to:</b>						
_						
NONE						
	c					
<b>Estimated Operating Expenditu</b>	res from:	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Account	+	F1 2024	1 1 2023	2023-23	2025-21	2027-29
General Fund-State 001-1		6,000	100,000	106,00	00 14,0	00 0
	Total \$	6,000	100,000	106,00	14,0	00 0
In addition to the estima	tes above, t	here are additional in	ndeterminate costs	s and/or savings	s. Please see discuss	sion.
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and followers)	te), are expla	ined in Part II.	e most likely fiscal ii	mpact. Factors i	mpacting the precisio	n of these estimates,
If fiscal impact is greater that form Parts I-V.		e	current biennium	or in subseque	nt biennia, completo	e entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than	\$50,000 per	fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or	in subsequent l	piennia, complete th	nis page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, com	plete Part IV	V.				
X Requires new rule making,	complete Pa	art V.				
Legislative Contact: Trevor l	Press		1	Phone: 360-786	-7446 Date:	01/26/2024
Agency Preparation: TJ Kelly	<b>y</b>		I	Phone: 360 725	-6301 Date:	02/04/2024
Agency Approval: Amy Ko	ollar		I	Phone: 360 725	-6420 Date:	02/04/2024
OFM Review: Brian Fo	echter		1	Phone: (360) 68	8-4225 Date:	02/04/2024

### Part II: Narrative Explanation

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Changes in SSB 5849 compared to SB 5849

Section 1 (New Section)

Section 1 (1)(b): Language added to clarify the demonstrations of competency outlined in this subsection are for the purposes of Section (1)(a)(iii). Language added requiring that any of the options used to demonstrate competency must include evidence that the student meets or exceeds the computer science state learning standards.

Section 2 (New Section)

Section 2(1): Language added informing that in the development of the state learning standards and supporting documents for grades nine through 12, OSPI must identify the standards considered to be foundational for graduation purposes as established in section 1.

Section 2(2): Language added requiring the state board of education to collect information from school districts about computer science courses and learning opportunities already offered in their districts, how they currently assess or plan to assess competency of the computer science state learning standards, and what the districts may need to ensure students are ready for the graduation requirement. The data collection required may be conducted concurrently with other oversight and monitoring activities conducted by the state board of education. A summary of the information collected must be reported to the legislature by October 31, 2025. The report must include recommendations on what actions legislature could take to assist school districts in meeting the needs identified by school districts, including whether exploring options to increase the number of educators endorsed to teach computer science is necessary.

Section 2(3): Informs that this section expires on July 1, 2026.

Summary of SSB 5849

Section 1 (New Section)

Section 1(1)(a):

- Beginning with the 2029 graduating class, all students will be required to show competency in the high school learning standards related to computer science in order to graduate from high school.
- Allows for students to demonstrate their computer science competency graduation requirement by any of the following:
- o Completion of a stand-alone computer science course aligned to the state learning standards;
- o Completion of a different subject matter course where the state computer science learning standards are embedded with other learning standards;
- o Demonstrating competency of the foundational skills established in the computer science state learning standards.

Section 1(1)(b): Language added to clarify the demonstrations of competency outlined in this subsection are for the purposes of Section (1)(a)(iii). Indicates that the demonstration of competencies could include completion of a competency examination as established in RCW 28A.230.300 or any of the options allowed by the rules adopted by the State Board of Education (SBE) under RCW 28A.230.090 that address mastery-based crediting. Language added requiring that any of the options used to demonstrate competency must include evidence that the student meets or exceeds the computer science state learning standards.

Section 1(1)(c): Informs that consideration of seat time or instructional hours is not required to demonstrate competency for purposes of this section.

Section 1(1)(d): Allows for students to present multiple types of evidence for the demonstration of competency.

Section 1(2): Allows for students in grade 12 who have not been able to show computer science competency because of previous residence outside the state may have the requirement in this section waived by their principal.

Section 1(3): Informs that nothing in this section increases the number of high school credits required for graduation as established by SBE.

Section 2 (New Section)

Section 2(1): Requires the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to do the following:

- Initiate a review and update of the state computer science learning standards for students in grades kindergarten through 12.
- Review computer science learning standards adopted by other states and consult with nonprofit organizations that have demonstrated expertise in assisting states in developing computer science learning standards.
- In the development of the state learning standards and supporting documents for grades nine through 12, OSPI must identify the standards considered to be foundational for graduation purposes as established in section 1.
- OSPI must identify the standards considered to be foundational for graduation purposes as established in section 1 when developing the state learning standards and supporting documents for grades nine through 12.

Section 2(2): The state board of education must collect information from school districts about computer science courses and learning opportunities already offered in their districts, how they currently assess or plan to assess competency of the computer science state learning standards, and what the districts may need to ensure students are ready for the graduation requirement. The data collection required may be conducted concurrently with other oversight and monitoring activities conducted by the state board of education. A summary of the information collected must be reported to the legislature by October 31, 2025. The report must include recommendations on what actions legislature could take to assist school districts in meeting the needs identified, including whether exploring options to increase the number of educators endorsed to teach computer science is necessary.

Section 2(3): Informs that this section expires on July 1, 2026.

Section 3 (Amended)

Section 3(2)(a):

- Language striking reference to "goal four".
- Language added requiring OSPI to the extent possible integrate technology literacy and fluency from goal three into the state learning standards.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No cash receipts impact anticipated.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION (OSPI) EXPENDITURES

Section 1 has an indeterminate cost impact.

Section 1(1)(a):

• Beginning with the 2029 graduating class, all students will be required to show competency in the high school learning standards related to computer science in order to graduate from high school.

- Allows for students to demonstrate their computer science competency graduation requirement by any of the following:
- o Completion of a stand-alone computer science course aligned to the state learning standards;
- o Completion of a different subject matter course where the state computer science learning standards are embedded with other learning standards;
- o Demonstrating competency of the foundational skills established in the computer science state learning standards.

OSPI does not have way to determine how most students will meet this graduation requirement.

OSPI assumes that there will be no net increase to total teacher FTE hired because this bill does not mandate an additional course. School districts either a) have qualified staff members to teach this curriculum (with additional professional development needed), or b) districts will reduce FTE staffing in other content areas in order to hire for these courses when students choose a standalone course.

OSPI does assume that staff teaching computer sciences embedded in existing content areas, or as standalone courses will need 8 hours of professional development to effectively deliver the course material. For purposes of costing out this fiscal note OSPI assumes a total headcount of computer science teachers to be equal to the number of high schools in the state (634), though in some cases content will be delivered in earlier grades. Current school year data shows the average salary and fringe benefits of a high school teacher to be \$123,033. OSPI assumes this to equate to an hourly rate of \$98. Therefore, the total cost of the professional development is equal to approximately \$98 per hour times 8 hours times 634 individuals (\$98 \* 8 \* 634) equals \$498,000.

OSPI further assumes that there will not be a significant IT cost to stand up the requirements in the first year. Replacement cost of existing computers with the appropriate performance level to deliver the curriculum can be provided through an increase in the 9-12 MSOC allocation. OSPI assumes an increase of \$10 per student in the 9-12 MSOC allocation for a total cost of \$4,300,000 for school year 2024-25 to be adjusted in future years by inflation per current law.

OSPI assumes additional unknown costs for counselors, career specialists, navigators, and other staff to verify that students have met this graduation requirement. This is especially complex and unknown when mastery does not get achieved by way of a standalone course. Competency-based assessments, project-based learning, or accumulated knowledge over many years by each student will require additional resources that are unknown at this time, but may be substantial, unless these additional responsibilities are paired with the removal of existing responsibilities and duties for these staff members.

Section 2 (New Section)

Section 2(1): Requires the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to do the following:

- Initiate a review and update of the state computer science learning standards for students in grades kindergarten through 12.
- Review computer science learning standards adopted by other states and consult with nonprofit organizations that have demonstrated expertise in assisting states in developing computer science learning standards.

Section 3(2)(a)

Technology literacy and fluency from goal three of RCW 28A.150.210 must now be incorporated into the computer science learning standards.

OSPI is required to periodically review and update the state's learning standards. The requirements of Section 2 and 3 fall within this existing work and does not result in a cost to OSPI.

STATE BOARD OF EDUACTION (SBE) EXPENDITURES

SECTION 1

Section 1 would involve an update of rules to reflect the new graduation requirement and related communications to the field. Updating rules includes:

- developing draft proposed rules. Due to the nature of the change (the first competency-based graduation requirement the state has had), before staff could draft rules, staff would need to meet with school staff regarding considerations that need to be kept in mind for these rules for a requirement of this nature.
- briefing the Board on the rules at a Board meeting
- communicating about the proposed rules to interested parties and the public
- holding a public hearing
- making possible changes to rules in response to public comment and testimony
- briefing the Board on possible changes as a Board meeting
- taking action to adopt the rules at a Board meeting
- preparing filings for the Code Revisor
- communicating with the field about the revised rules, including updating the website with revised information on graduation requirements and developing and posting guidance on the revised rules. Meetings with school staff for feedback on draft guidance and implementation questions would be necessary before issuing initial guidance.

SBE would contract with external experts on competency-based learning to develop, in consultation with partners, sample competency assessment(s) or rubric(s) and proficiency targets.

Section 1 fiscal year 2025 SBE Effort and Cost: 0.2 FTE policy analyst, \$50,000 contract, \$86,000 total cost

For subsequent fiscal years, rule revisions would become part of SBE's regular ongoing work and would not require additional funding.

#### SECTION 2

To implement this section, we assume we would incorporate the required data collection into existing basic education compliance reporting. The report would be based on information from the Summer/Fall 2024 collection on school districts' plans for the 2024-25 school year. If the data are finalized and cleaned in time, we would also include preliminary data from the Summer/Fall 2025 collection on school districts' plans for the 2025-26 school year. The work includes:

- Developing a set of questions to collect the required information, and incorporating the new questions into the basic education compliance reporting tool
- Developing and sharing instructions and guidance with school districts on completing the new set of questions
- Providing technical assistance as needed throughout the data collection window
- Processing and analyzing the data
- Writing a report that includes a summary of the findings along with recommendations
- o Report development includes briefing the board on findings and potential recommendations at a board meeting and, based on direction to staff, revising recommendations for a subsequent board meeting, for board review and approval of recommendations.

Section 2 fiscal year 2024 SBE effort and cost: 0.05 FTE program manager, \$6,000 total cost

Section 2 fiscal year 2025 SBE effort and cost: 0.1 FTE program manager, \$14,000 total cost

Section 2 fiscal year 2026 SBE effort and cost: 0.1 FTE program manager, \$14,000 total cost

#### TOTAL SBE EFFORT AND COST ACROSS ALL SECTIONS

Fiscal Year 2024

Effort: 0.05 FTE program manager @ \$84,000/FTE

Cost:

\$4,000 Object A Salaries

\$1,000 Object B Benefits \$1,000 Object E Goods and Services \$6,000 Total cost

Object E includes indirect administrative costs (\$500 paid by SBE to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction plus \$500 to cover SBE's own administrative costs related to bill implementation.)

Fiscal Year 2025

Effort: 0.2 FTE policy analyst @ \$90,000/FTE and 0.1 FTE program manager @\$84,000/FTE

Cost:

\$26,000 Object A Salaries \$9,000 Object B Benefits \$50,000 Object C Contracts \$15,000 Object E Goods and Services \$100,000 Total cost

Object E includes indirect administrative costs (\$7,500 paid by SBE to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction plus \$7,500 to cover SBE's own administrative costs related to bill implementation.)

Fiscal Year 2026

Effort: 0.1 FTE program manager @\$84,000/FTE

Cost:

\$8,000 Object A Salaries \$3,000 Object B Benefits \$3,000 Object E Goods and Services \$14,000 Total cost

Object E includes indirect administrative costs (\$1,500 paid by SBE to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction plus \$1,500 to cover SBE's own administrative costs related to bill implementation.)

### Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	6,000	100,000	106,000	14,000	0
		Total \$	6,000	100,000	106,000	14,000	0

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years					
A-Salaries and Wages	4,000	26,000	30,000	8,000	
B-Employee Benefits	1,000	9,000	10,000	3,000	
C-Professional Service Contracts		50,000	50,000		
E-Goods and Other Services	1,000	15,000	16,000	3,000	
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	6,000	100,000	106,000	14,000	0

In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

### Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

No capital budget impact anticipated.

## Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION (SBE) RULE MAKING

The Board would have to update its rules on graduation requirements to reflect the new graduation requirement established in Section 1.

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

<b>Bill Number:</b> 5849 S SB	Title: Computer science/graduation	Agency:	SDF-School District Fiscal Note - SPI
Part I: Estimates  No Fiscal Impact		•	
<b>Estimated Cash Receipts to:</b>			
Non-zer	o but indeterminate cost and/or savings. P	lease see discussion.	
<b>Estimated Operating Expenditure</b>	s from:		
	o but indeterminate cost and/or savings. P	lease see discussion.	
<b>Estimated Capital Budget Impact:</b>			
NONE			
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure eand alternate ranges (if appropriate	stimates on this page represent the most likely fisco ), are explained in Part II.	al impact. Factors impacting t	he precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follo	w corresponding instructions:		
X If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienniu	um or in subsequent biennia	, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than \$5	50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia, co	omplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, comp	ete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making, co	ompiete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Trevor Pr	ess	Phone: 360-786-7446	Date: 01/26/2024
Agency Preparation: TJ Kelly		Phone: (360) 725-6301	Date: 02/04/2024
Agency Approval: Amy Kol	lar	Phone: 360 725-6420	Date: 02/04/2024
OFM Review: Brian Fee	chter	Phone: (360) 688-4225	Date: 02/04/2024

### **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Changes in SSB 5849 compared to SB 5849

Section 1 (New Section)

Section 1 (1)(b): Language added to clarify the demonstrations of competency outlined in this subsection are for the purposes of Section (1)(a)(iii). Language added requiring that any of the options used to demonstrate competency must include evidence that the student meets or exceeds the computer science state learning standards.

Section 2 (New Section)

Section 2(1): Language added informing that in the development of the state learning standards and supporting documents for grades nine through 12, OSPI must identify the standards considered to be foundational for graduation purposes as established in section 1.

Section 2(2): Language added requiring the state board of education to collect information from school districts about computer science courses and learning opportunities already offered in their districts, how they currently assess or plan to assess competency of the computer science state learning standards, and what the districts may need to ensure students are ready for the graduation requirement. The data collection required may be conducted concurrently with other oversight and monitoring activities conducted by the state board of education. A summary of the information collected must be reported to the legislature by October 31, 2025. The report must include recommendations on what actions legislature could take to assist school districts in meeting the needs identified by school districts, including whether exploring options to increase the number of educators endorsed to teach computer science is necessary.

Section 2(3): Informs that this section expires on July 1, 2026.

Summary of SSB 5849

Section 1 (New Section)

Section 1(1)(a):

- Beginning with the 2029 graduating class, all students will be required to show competency in the high school learning standards related to computer science in order to graduate from high school.
- Allows for students to demonstrate their computer science competency graduation requirement by any of the following:
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Section 1(1)(c): Informs that consideration of seat time or instructional hours is not required to demonstrate competency for purposes of this section.

Section 1(1)(d): Allows for students to present multiple types of evidence for the demonstration of competency.

Section 1(2): Allows for students in grade 12 who have not been able to show computer science competency because of previous residence outside the state may have the requirement in this section waived by their principal.

Section 1(3): Informs that nothing in this section increases the number of high school credits required for graduation as established by SBE.

Section 2 (New Section)

Section 2(1): Requires the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to do the following:

- Initiate a review and update of the state computer science learning standards for students in grades kindergarten through 12.
- Review computer science learning standards adopted by other states and consult with nonprofit organizations that have demonstrated expertise in assisting states in developing computer science learning standards.
- In the development of the state learning standards and supporting documents for grades nine through 12, OSPI must identify the standards considered to be foundational for graduation purposes as established in section 1.
- OSPI must identify the standards considered to be foundational for graduation purposes as established in section 1 when developing the state learning standards and supporting documents for grades nine through 12.

Section 2(2): The state board of education must collect information from school districts about computer science courses and learning opportunities already offered in their districts, how they currently assess or plan to assess competency of the computer science state learning standards, and what the districts may need to ensure students are ready for the graduation requirement. The data collection required may be conducted concurrently with other oversight and monitoring activities conducted by the state board of education. A summary of the information collected must be reported to the legislature by October 31, 2025. The report must include recommendations on what actions legislature could take to assist school districts in meeting the needs identified, including whether exploring options to increase the number of educators endorsed to teach computer science is necessary.

Section 2(3): Informs that this section expires on July 1, 2026.

Section 3 (Amended)

Section 3(2)(a):

- Language striking reference to "goal four".
- Language added requiring OSPI to the extent possible integrate technology literacy and fluency from goal three into the state learning standards.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 1 (New Section)

The cash receipt impact for section 1 is indeterminate.

Beginning with the 2029 graduating class, all students will be required to show competency in the high school learning standards related to computer science in order to graduate from high school.

OSPI does not have way to determine how most students will meet this graduation requirement.

OSPI assumes that there will be no net increase to total teacher FTE hired because this bill does not mandate an additional course. School districts either a) have qualified staff members to teach this curriculum (with additional professional development needed), or b) districts will reduce FTE staffing in other content areas in order to hire for these courses when students choose a standalone course.

OSPI does assume that staff teaching computer sciences embedded in existing content areas, or as standalone courses will need 8 hours of professional development to effectively deliver the course material. For purposes of costing out this fiscal

Bill # 5849 S SB

note OSPI assumes a total headcount of computer science teachers to be equal to the number of high schools in the state (634), though in some cases content will be delivered in earlier grades. Current school year data shows the average salary and fringe benefits of a high school teacher to be \$123,033. OSPI assumes this to equate to an hourly rate of \$98. Therefore, the total cost of the professional development is equal to approximately \$98 per hour times 8 hours times 634 individuals (\$98 \* 8 \* 634) equals \$498,000.

OSPI further assumes that there will not be a significant IT cost to stand up the requirements in the first year. Replacement cost of existing computers with the appropriate performance level to deliver the curriculum can be provided through an increase in the 9-12 MSOC allocation. OSPI assumes an increase of \$10 per student in the 9-12 MSOC allocation for a total cost of \$4,300,000 for school year 2024-25 to be adjusted in future years by inflation per current law.

OSPI assumes additional unknown costs for counselors, career specialists, navigators, and other staff to verify that students have met this graduation requirement. This is especially complex and unknown when mastery does not get achieved by way of a standalone course. Competency-based assessments, project-based learning, or accumulated knowledge over many years by each student will require additional resources that are unknown at this time, but may be substantial, unless these additional responsibilities are paired with the removal of existing responsibilities and duties for these staff members.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 1 has an indeterminate cost impact.

Section 1(1):

Beginning with the 2029 graduating class, all students will be required to show competency in the high school learning standards related to computer science in order to graduate from high school.

OSPI does not have way to determine how most students will meet this graduation requirement.

OSPI assumes that revenue received by districts for this purpose will be spent accordingly. See school district revenue narrative for more detail.

### Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

**NONE** 

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

#### IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

No capital budget impact anticipated.

### Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.