# **Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary**

Bill Number: 6118 S SB Title: Vapor product directory

# **Estimated Cash Receipts**

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27		2027-29			
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	
Office of Attorney	0	0	24,000	0	0	52,000	0	0	48,000	
General										
Office of	0	0	26,000	0	0	52,000	0	0	52,000	
Administrative										
Hearings										
Department of	(951,000)	(951,000)	(1,610,000)	(9,514,000)	(9,514,000)	(16,116,000)	(9,514,000)	(9,514,000)	(16,116,000)	
Revenue										
Liquor and Cannabis	Non-zero but i	ndeterminate cost	and/or savings.	Please see disc	ussion.					
Board			_							

Total \$	(951,000)	(951,000)	(1,560,000)	(9,514,000)	(9,514,000)	(16,012,000)	(9,514,000)	(9,514,000)	(16,016,000)
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Agency Name	2023	-25	2025	-27	2027-	-29
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fiscal impac	t				
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other		•				
Local Gov. Total		•				

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures**

Agency Name		2	023-25			2	025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Office of Attorney General	1.0	210,000	210,000	234,000	1.2	210,000	210,000	262,000	.4	0	0	48,000
Office of Administrative Hearings	.1	0	0	26,000	.1	0	0	52,000	.1	0	0	52,000
Department of Revenue	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis Board	4.4	2,203,925	2,203,925	2,203,925	8.0	2,225,758	2,225,758	2,225,758	8.0	2,221,758	2,221,758	2,221,758
Total \$	5.5	2,413,925	2.413.925	2.463.925	9.3	2,435,758	2,435,758	2,539,758	8.5	2,221,758	2,221,758	2.321.758

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	cal impact								
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other										
Local Gov. Total										

# **Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures**

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	,		2027-29	
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Administrative Office of	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
the Courts									
Office of Attorney	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
General									
Office of Administrative	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Hearings									
Department of Revenue	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Board									
TD 4 1 0	0.0				0	0	0.0	0	
Total \$	0.0	U	0	0.0	0	U	0.0	U	U

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27		2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	cal impact							
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other									
Local Gov. Total									

# **Estimated Capital Budget Breakout**

Prepared by:	Val Terre, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
		(360) 280-3973	Final 2/8/2024

# **Judicial Impact Fiscal Note**

<b>Bill Number:</b> 6118 S SB	Title: Vapor product directory		055-Administrative Office of he Courts
Part I: Estimates		•	
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
<b>Estimated Expenditures from:</b> NONE			
Estimated Capital Budget Impact	<b>:</b>		
NONE			
subject to the provisions of RCW 43. Check applicable boxes and follow.  If fiscal impact is greater that Parts I-V.	ow corresponding instructions: In \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bien 50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienning	nnium or in subsequent biennia,	complete entire fiscal note fo
Legislative Contact Madeline R	Calstin	Phone: 360-786-7356	Date: 01/31/2024
Agency Preparation: Jackie Bail	ey-Johnson	Phone: 360-704-5545	Date: 02/02/2024
Agency Approval: Chris Stanl	ey	Phone: 360-357-2406	Date: 02/02/2024

193,392.00 Request # 176-1 Form FN (Rev 1/00) 1 Bill # <u>6118 S SB</u>

Phone: (360) 819-3112

Date: 02/02/2024

Gaius Horton

ΦFM Review:

## **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

This bill relates to a directory for closed system nicotine containers and disposable nicotine vapor products.

This bill clarifies product types included in the directory. It modifies timeframes for compliance and duties of the Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB).

#### II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

None

#### II. C - Expenditures

Minimal fiscal impact for law table new misdemeanor. No system impacts.

## Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (State)

NONE

III. B - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (County)

NONE

III. C - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (City)

NONE

III. D - FTE Detail

**NONE** 

III. E - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

#### IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

#### IV. B1 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (State)

**NONE** 

#### IV. B2 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (County)

NONE

#### IV. B3 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (City)

**NONE** 

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

Bill Number: 61	18 S SB	Title: \	/apor product direc	tory	Agenc	ey: 100-Office of A	Attorney
Part I: Estima	tes	•			•		
No Fiscal Im	pact						
Estimated Cash Re	ceipts to:						
ACCOUNT			FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Legal Services Rev 405-1	olving Accoun	nt-State		24,000	24,000	52,000	48,000
		Total \$		24,000	24,000	52,000	48,000
Estimated Operati	ng Expenditu	res from:	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years			0.0	1.9	1.0	1.2	0.4
Account							
General Fund-State			0	210,000	210,000	210,000	40.00
Legal Services Rev Account-State	volving 405-1		0	24,000	24,000	52,000	48,00
Account-State	403-1	Total \$	0	234,000	234,000	262,000	48,00
stimated Capital I	Budget Impac	t:	<u> </u>	204,000	204,000	202,000	10,00
Estimated Capital I	Budget Impac	t:	<u> </u>	204,000	204,000	202,000	10,00
•	Budget Impac	t:	•	204,000	204,000	202,000	10,00
•	Budget Impac	t:	•	204,000	204,000	202,000	10,00
•	Budget Impac	t:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	204,000	204,000	202,000	10,00
NONE	and expenditure	estimates on thi	is page represent the	most likely fiscal impo	•		
NONE  The cash receipts of	and expenditure tes (if appropriat	estimates on th te), are explaine	is page represent the ed in Part II.	•	•		
NONE  The cash receipts a and alternate rang Check applicable	and expenditure tes (if appropriate boxes and foll ct is greater tha	estimates on tha te), are explaine ow correspond	is page represent the ed in Part II. ding instructions:	•	act. Factors impactir	ng the precision of th	ese estimates,
The cash receipts a and alternate rang Check applicable  X If fiscal impact form Parts I-V	and expenditure tes (if appropriate boxes and foll ct is greater that	estimates on thate), are explained ow correspondant \$50,000 per	is page represent the ed in Part II.  ding instructions:  r fiscal year in the e	most likely fiscal impo	act. Factors impactin	ng the precision of th	ese estimates, re fiscal note
The cash receipts of and alternate rang Check applicable  X If fiscal impact form Parts I-V  If fiscal impact form Parts I-V	and expenditure tes (if appropriate boxes and foll ct is greater that	estimates on thate), are explained ow corresponding \$50,000 per fixes	is page represent the ed in Part II.  ding instructions:  r fiscal year in the e	most likely fiscal impo	act. Factors impactin	ng the precision of th	ese estimates, re fiscal note
The cash receipts of and alternate rang Check applicable  X If fiscal impact form Parts I-V If fiscal impact Capital budge	and expenditure res (if appropriate boxes and follow is greater that I.	estimates on the te), are explained ow corresponding \$50,000 per fix plete Part IV.	is page represent the ed in Part II.  ding instructions:  r fiscal year in the escal year in the cur	most likely fiscal impo	act. Factors impactin	ng the precision of th	ese estimates, re fiscal note
The cash receipts of and alternate range Check applicable  X If fiscal impact form Parts I-V  If fiscal impact Capital budge	and expenditure res (if appropriate boxes and follow it is greater that //.  ct is less than Set impact, compart rule making, or the set impact.	estimates on the te), are explained ow corresponding \$50,000 per fix plete Part IV.	is page represent the ed in Part II.  ding instructions:  r fiscal year in the escal year in the cur	most likely fiscal impo current biennium or rent biennium or in	act. Factors impactin	ng the precision of th	ese estimates, re fiscal note ge only (Part

Edd Giger

Val Terre

Agency Approval:

OFM Review:

Date: 02/06/2024

Date: 02/07/2024

Phone: 360-586-2104

Phone: (360) 280-3973

## Part II: Narrative Explanation

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 - New section added to Chapter 70.345 RCW. Requires manufacturer of vapor products sold in Washington State to certify under penalty of perjury that it agrees to comply with this chapter. Certification must be done by August 1, 2024, and yearly thereafter. Requires several other factual certifications, and it must list separately each vapor product sold in Washington State. Sets out fees and notification requirements. The Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB) must maintain and make available a directory listing all vapor product manufacturers, and vapor products. LCB must do this by October 1, 2024.

Sets out other LCB responsibilities. Sets out civil penalties.

Allows the Attorney General's Office (AGO) to seek recovery of penalties or an injunction as well as applying the Consumer Protection Act. LCB may do rulemaking and submit a report to the Legislature.

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2024 legislative session.

Section 2 – Amends RCW 70.34.010 to add a definition of "disposable nicotine vapor product."

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Cash receipts are assumed to equal the Legal Services Revolving Account (LSRA) cost estimates. These will be billed through the revolving account to the client agency.

The client agency is the Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB). The Attorney General's Office (AGO) will bill all clients for legal services rendered.

These cash receipts represent the AGO's authority to bill, and are not a direct appropriation to the AGO. The direct appropriation is reflected in the client agency's fiscal note. Appropriation authority is necessary in the AGO budget.

#### AGO AGENCY ASSUMPTIONS:

LCB will be billed for non-King County rates:

FY 2025: \$24,000 for 0.1 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG), 0.1 Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1), and 0.1 Paralegal 2 FTE (PL2),

FY 2026: \$28,000 for 0.1 AAG, 0.1 PL1, and 0.1 PL2

FY 2027 and in each FY thereafter: \$24,000 for 0.1 AAG, 0.1 PL1, and 0.1 PL2

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Attorney General's Office (AGO) Agency Assumptions:

This bill is assumed effective 90 days after the end of the 2024 legislative session.

Location of staffing is assumed to be in a King County and non-King County office building.

Total workload impact in this request includes standard assumption costs for goods & services, travel, and capital outlays for all FTE identified.

Agency administration support FTE are included in the tables. The Management Analyst 5 FTE (MA), is used as a representative classification. An example ratio is for every 1.0 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG), the AGO includes 0.5 Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1), and 0.4 MA.

1.) AGO Consumer Protection Division (CPR) activities are funded with General Fund-State dollars. CPR enforces the Consumer Protection Act with respect to conduct that is made unlawful under RCW 19.86.020, which broadly prohibits unfair or deceptive acts or practices in trade or commerce. CPR focus is on representations and failures to disclose terms and conditions.

Assumptions for the AGO CPR:

Monitoring and enforcement to ensure compliance will be a priority for the AGO during the first two years after the bill goes into effect. Industry will come into full compliance after two years. The bill will remain, as drafted, without of a private right of action. If private right of action is added, fiscal impact to CPR is decreased. The Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB) will refer instances of non-compliance to CPR, but will not be taking enforcement action against violations. If the board will take enforcement actions, fiscal impact to CPR will be decreased. LCB will refer instances of non-compliance to CPR, but will not be taking enforcement action against violations. If LCB takes enforcement actions, fiscal impact to CPR will be decreased.

CPR: Total King County workload impact:

FY 2025 and FY 2026: \$210,000 for 0.3 AAG, 1.0 Paralegal 2 FTE (PL2), and 0.1 PL1 which includes direct litigation costs of \$3,000.

2.) Assumptions for the AGO Licensing & Administrative Law Division (LAL):

The AGO will bill the LCB for legal services based on the enactment of this bill.

LAL serves as the advisor for the LCB Board and staff, and represents LCB in non-administrative actions brought against it.

Beginning August 1, 2024, this bill would require vapor product manufacturers to submit certifications to the LCB regarding each vapor product to be sold in the state, and to update that information within 30 days of any material change. Each certification form would have to be accompanied by certain Food and Drug Administration (FDA) paperwork. It would also require the LCB to maintain a directory of all vapor product manufactures and all vapor products for which the required certifications have been received. Beginning October 1, 2024, or the date the LCB first makes the directory available to the public, a person may not sell vapor products in the state that are not listed on the directory.

LCB will be required to engage in rulemaking to implement this bill. Assuming an effective date of July 1, 2024, LAL projects that it will require 40 hours of AAG time to advise the Board on rulemaking and implementation of this bill during FY 2025, as implementation must occur prior to October 1, 2024.

LAL also advises LCB final orders of administrative regulatory actions. LCB projects that it will issue 47 administrative violations each year. Because the first FY of enforcement would not be a full year, we assume that only five hearings would be generated in FY 2025, and seven hearings each FY thereafter. Each violation that proceeds to hearing will require five hours of AAG time to advise the Board. The remaining cases will require one hour of AAG time to review and advise the Board.

Section 6 of this bill would require the LCB to provide notice to manufacturers and an opportunity to cure any deficiencies

before removing either the manufacturer or the vapor product from the directory. A manufacturer would have 15 business days following service of the notice to establish that the manufacturer or the vapor product should be included in the directory. We assume that the LCB could pass rules providing an opportunity for some type of hearing, and should it elect to do so, these hearings would utilize some indeterminate, but small amount of legal services.

LAL: Total non-King County workload impact: FY 2025 to FY2029: \$11,000 for 0.1 AAG and 0.1 PL1

3.) Assumptions for the AGO Government Compliance & Enforcement Division (GCE):

GCE litigates licensing and enforcement actions for the LCB and would bill the LCB for legal services based on the enactment of SSB 6118.

Beginning August 1, 2024, this bill would require manufactures of closed system nicotine containers and disposable nicotine vapor products to submit certifications to the LCB regarding each such product to be sold in the state, and to update that information within 30 days of any material change. Each certification form would have to be accompanied by certain FDA paperwork. This bill would also require the LCB to maintain a directory of all manufacturers of closed system nicotine containers and disposable nicotine vapor products and the products for which the required certifications have been received. Following removal from the directory, a person may not sell closed system nicotine containers or disposable vapor products in the state that are not listed on the directory.

Section 1(6) of this bill would require the LCB to provide notice to manufacturers and an opportunity to cure any deficiencies before removing either the manufacturer or the product from the directory. A manufacturer would have 15 business days following service of the notice to demonstrate that the manufacturer or the product should be included in the directory. No separate administrative appeal process would be available.

Section 1(7) and Section 1(8) of this bill would deem closed system nicotine containers and disposable vapor products to be contraband after the elapse of a certain period of time following their removal from the LCB directory and subject them to seizure, forfeiture and destruction. Based on past experience with a similar product type, LCB assumes that in FY 2025 and FY 2026, two distributors would seek hearings each year to contest the seizure and forfeiture of their products. Thereafter, only one hearing would be sought each fiscal year. We assume that each case to challenge a seizure and forfeiture of closed system nicotine containers and disposable vapor products would utilize approximately 15 AAG hours and five PL hours of new work. Therefore, in FY 2025 and FY 2026, these new cases would utilize 30 AAG hours (2 x 15) and 10 PL2 hours (2 x 5) and beginning in FY 2027 and continuing each year thereafter, this new work would utilize 15 AAG hours (1 x 15) and five PL2 hours (1 x 5).

Section 1(9) of this bill would create penalties for any retailer, distributor or wholesaler who sells at retail or offers for sale at retail a closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product that is included in the directory. The penalties include a \$1,000 per day penalty for each product offered for sale for a first violation, and suspensions and revocation of licensure for second through fourth violations within a two year period. Based on past experience with a similar product type, LCB estimates that they would issue approximately 47 administrative violation notices each year beginning FY 2025. They further estimate that from those 47 violation notices, approximately 15 percent, or seven hearings would be sought. Because the first FY of enforcement would not be a full year, we assume that only five hearings would be generated in FY 2025, and seven hearings each FY thereafter. We further assume that most of these cases would be resolved on summary judgement, so each new litigation referral would utilize approximately nine AAG hours and three PL hours to litigate to completion. Therefore, in FY 2025, this new enforcement litigation would generate 45 AAG hours (5 x 9) and 15 PL hours (5 x 3) of new work, and beginning FY 2026 and continuing each year thereafter, these cases would utilize 63 AAG hours (7 x 9) and 21 PL2 hours (7 x 3).

Finally, the LCB would be authorized to adopt rules to implement this bill. We assume that we would be asked to provide some input relating to the rules and assume that advice would utilize approximately five AAG hours in FY 2025.

Therefore, as a result of this bill, we assume GCE would see the following total workload increases:

FY 2024: 0

FY 2025: 80 AAG hours (30 + 45 + 5) and 25 PL2 hours (10 + 15)

FY 2026: 93 AAG hours (30 + 63) and 31 PL2 hours (10 + 21)

FY 2027 and in each year thereafter: 78 AAG hours (15 + 63) and 26 PL2 hours (5 + 21)

FY 2025: \$13,000 for 0.1 AAG, 0.1 PL2 and 0.1 PL1

FY 2026: \$17,000 for 0.1 AAG, 0.1 PL2 and 0.1 PL1

FY 2027 and in each FY thereafter: \$13,000 for 0.1 AAG, 0.1 PL2 and 0.1 PL1

4.) The AGO Complex Litigation Division (COM) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the LCB. New legal services are nominal and costs are not included in this request.

#### Total workload impact:

FY 2025: \$234,000 for 0.4 AAG, 1.1 PL2 and 0.3 PL1, which includes direct litigation costs of \$3,000

FY 2026: \$238,000 for 0.4 AAG, 1.1 PL2 and 0.3 PL1, which includes direct litigation costs of \$3,000

FY 2027 and in each FY thereafter: \$24,000 for 0.1 AAG, 0.1 PL2 and 0.1 PL

## Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	210,000	210,000	210,000	0
405-1	Legal Services Revolving Account	State	0	24,000	24,000	52,000	48,000
		Total \$	0	234,000	234,000	262,000	48,000

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.9	1.0	1.2	0.4
A-Salaries and Wages		152,000	152,000	171,000	34,000
B-Employee Benefits		49,000	49,000	55,000	10,000
C-Professional Service Contracts		3,000	3,000	3,000	
E-Goods and Other Services		28,000	28,000	31,000	4,000
G-Travel		2,000	2,000	2,000	
Total \$	0	234,000	234,000	262,000	48,000

# III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Assistant Attorney General	129,100		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Assistant Attorney General-Seattle	135,555		0.3	0.2	0.2	
Management Analyst 5	95,184		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Paralegal 1	69,072		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Paralegal 1-Seattle	72,528		0.2	0.1	0.1	
Paralegal 2	76,188		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Paralegal 2-Seattle	79,992		1.0	0.5	0.5	
Total FTEs			1.9	1.0	1.2	0.4

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Consumer Protection Division (CPR)		210,000	210,000	210,000	
Government Compliance & Enforcement Division (GCE)		13,000	13,000	30,000	26,000
Licensing & Administrative Law Division (LAL)		11,000	11,000	22,000	22,000
Total \$		234,000	234,000	262,000	48,000

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

## Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

<b>Bill Number:</b> 6118 S	SSB Title:	Agenc	y: 110-Office of A	Administrativo		
art I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impac	t					
Estimated Cash Receip	ots to:					
ACCOUNT		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Hearing Account-State 4	gs Revolving 184-1		26,000	26,000	52,000	52,000
Account-State 4	Total \$		26,000	26,000	52,000	52,000
		•		_	•	
Estimated Operating E	Expenditures from:	EV 0004	EV 2025	2023-25	2005.07	2027 20
FTE Staff Years		FY 2024 0.0	<b>FY 2025</b> 0.1	0.1	<b>2025-27</b> 0.1	<b>2027-29</b> 0.
Account		0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Administrative Hearin	gs Revolving	0	26,000	26,000	52,000	52,00
	484-1		ŕ	,	·	,
	Total \$	0	26,000	26,000	52,000	52,00
NONE						
_	expenditure estimates on th f appropriate), are explain		most likely fiscal impe	act. Factors impactir	ng the precision of th	nese estimates,
9 (1)	es and follow correspor					
	greater than \$50,000 pe	_	current biennium or	in subsequent bien	nia, complete enti	re fiscal note
	less than \$50,000 per f	iscal year in the cur	rent biennium or in	subsequent biennia	, complete this pa	ge only (Part
Capital budget im	npact, complete Part IV.					
Requires new rule	e making, complete Par	t V.				
Legislative Contact:	Madeline Ralstin		Pho	one: 360-786-7356	Date: 01/3	1/2024
Agency Preparation:				one: 360-407-2730	Date: 02/0	
<u> </u>	7.1.0			260 407 2700		2/2024

Rob Cotton

Val Terre

Agency Approval:

OFM Review:

Date: 02/02/2024

Date: 02/03/2024

Phone: 360-407-2708

Phone: (360) 280-3973

## Part II: Narrative Explanation

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 of this substitute bill prohibits the retail sale or offer of sale of closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products in Washington that do not appear in the state's directory of such product manufacturers and certified products. Beginning October 1, 2024, persons and manufacturers may not sell or offer for retail sale a closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product in Washington state that is not included in the directory. The Liquor and Cannabis Board may impose a civil penalty and license restrictions on any retailer, delivery seller, distributor, wholesaler, or manufacturer who sells such products not in the directory.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

As a central service agency, the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) bills referring agencies for its costs and collects the revenue into the Administrative Hearings Revolving Account. Cash receipts are assumed to equal costs. OAH will bill the Liquor and Cannabis Board for the costs related to this proposed legislation.

These cash receipts represent the OAH's authority to bill and are not a direct appropriation to OAH. Appropriation authority is necessary in OAH's budget.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB) estimates that the proposed legislation will result in seven new appeals being referred to the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) per fiscal year beginning in FY 2025. On average, each appeal is expected to take approximately 30 hours of line Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) time including prehearing conferences, hearings, order writings, etc.

OAH Agency Workforce Assumptions:

- (1) 1.0 Line ALJ will include cost and FTE for 0.15 Senior ALJ (SALJ), 0.15 Lead ALJ (LALJ), 0.6 Legal Assistant 2 (LA2) (Range 40 step L), and 0.25 administrative support represented as a Management Analyst 5 (MA5) (Range 64 Step L).
- (2) ALJ salary is based on the ALJ collective bargaining agreement and assumed to be at step L. (Line ALJ-range 70. Senior ALJ-range 74.)
- (3) Benefit rates were analyzed by job class and projected using the latest benefit information available.
- (4) Goods and services, travel and on-going capital outlays were projected based on historical data for each of the job classifications.

Total workload impact beginning in FY 2025: 0.08 ALJ and 0.05 LA2 with a rounded cost of \$26,000 per FY.

These projected costs do not include approved COLA salary increases approved effective July 1, 2024.

Legal services associated with the enactment of this bill will begin on July 1, 2024.

## Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
484-1	Administrative	State	0	26,000	26,000	52,000	52,000
	Hearings Revolving						
	Account						
	•	Total \$	0	26,000	26,000	52,000	52,000

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
A-Salaries and Wages		17,000	17,000	34,000	34,000
B-Employee Benefits		5,000	5,000	10,000	10,000
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		4,000	4,000	8,000	8,000
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	26,000	26,000	52,000	52,000

# III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Law Judge	110,400		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Legal Assistant 2	52,964		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Total FTEs			0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Regulatory & Education (REG)		26,000	26,000	52,000	52,000
Total \$		26,000	26,000	52,000	52,000

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

# **Department of Revenue Fiscal Note**

<b>Bill Number:</b> 6118 S SB	Title: Vapor	product director	ту	Agency:	140-Department o	f Revenue
Part I: Estimates				•		
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
Account		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
GF-STATE-State			(887,000)	(887,000)	(8,870,000)	(8,870,000)
01 - Taxes 01 - Retail Sales Ta	ax					
GF-STATE-State			(64,000)	(64,000)	(644,000)	(644,000)
01 - Taxes 05 - Bus and Occu			(200,000)	(222.222)	(0.004.000)	(0.004.000)
Andy Hill Cancer Research End	lowment Fund		(329,000)	(329,000)	(3,294,000)	(3,294,000)
Match Transfer Account-State 01 - Taxes 70 - Other Taxes						
Foundational Public Health Ser	vices		(329,000)	(329,000)	(3,294,000)	(3,294,000)
Account-State	VICCS		(023,000)	(020,000)	(0,201,000)	(0,201,000)
01 - Taxes 70 - Other Taxes						
Performance Audits of Government	nent		(1,000)	(1,000)	(14,000)	(14,000)
Account-State						
01 - Taxes 01 - Retail Sales Ta			(4.040.000)	(4.040.000)		(10.110.000)
	Total \$		(1,610,000)	(1,610,000)	(16,116,000)	(16,116,000)
Estimated Capital Budget Impa	act:					
NONE						
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropria		-	ost likely fiscal impact.	Factors impacting	the precision of thes	e estimates,
Check applicable boxes and fol	low corresponding i	nstructions:				
X If fiscal impact is greater th form Parts I-V.	an \$50,000 per fisca	l year in the cur	rent biennium or in s	subsequent biennia	a, complete entire	fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than	\$50,000 per fiscal y	ear in the currer	nt biennium or in sub	esequent biennia, c	complete this page	only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, com	plete Part IV.					
Requires new rule making,	complete Part V.					
Legislative Contact: Madelin	ne Ralstin		Phone:	60-786-7356	Date: 01/31/2	2024
Agency Preparation: Van Hu	ynh		Phone:	60-534-1512	Date: 02/02/	2024
Agency Approval: Valerie	Torres		Phone:	60-534-1521	Date: 02/02/2	2024
<del></del>						

Date: 02/03/2024

OFM Review:

Phon(360) 280-7584

Amy Hatfield

## Part II: Narrative Explanation

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Note: This fiscal note reflects language in SSB 6118, 2024 Legislative Session.

#### COMPARISON OF SUBSTITUTE BILL WITH ORIGINAL BILL:

The substitute bill does the following:

- Applies the original bill's provisions to specifically closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products, and not to all vapor products.
- Requires the Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB) to send monthly notifications to each licensed retailer, distributor, and wholesaler of all changes made to the directory in the previous month, by electronic communication.
- Gives the retailer, distributor, or wholesaler the option to sell the products removed from the directory,
- Increases the time a retailer, distributor, or wholesaler can sell the product or remove the product from its inventory from 21 days to 30 days from the day the product is removed from the directory.

#### **CURRENT LAW:**

No requirement exists for the LCB to publish a directory of manufacturers of closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products that are sold in Washington.

Also, no requirement exists for such manufacturers to certify to the LCB that their products meet one of these requirements:

- The manufacturer received a marketing authorization (or similar order) for the closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product from the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j.
- The manufacturer marketed the closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product in the United States as of August 8, 2016, the manufacturer submitted a premarket tobacco product application for these products to the FDA under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j on or before September 9, 2020, and the application either remains under review by the FDA or a final decision on the application has not otherwise taken effect.

#### PROPOSAL:

This bill requires the LCB to publish a directory of manufacturers of closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products sold in Washington.

The directory will list manufacturers who certified to the LCB that their products meet one of these requirements:

- The manufacturer received a marketing authorization (or similar order) for the closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product from the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j.
- The manufacturer marketed the closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product in the United States as of August 8, 2016. The manufacturer also submitted a premarket tobacco product application for these products to the FDA under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j on or before September 9, 2020, and the FDA still continues to review the application, or the FDA's final decision on the application has not taken effect.

The LCB must maintain on its website the directory of these manufacturers and the products for which certification forms have been submitted. The directory must be available by October 1, 2024.

This bill requires a payment of \$1,000 for each closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product the first time a manufacturer submits the product's certification form and a payment of \$250 annually thereafter for each product.

By electronic communication, the LCB must send monthly notifications to each licensed retailer, distributor, and wholesaler,

of all changes made to the directory in the previous month.

Beginning October 1, 2024, or on the date the LCB first makes the directory available, whichever is later, a person may only sell a closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product in Washington listed in the directory. Various penalties apply for non-compliance.

The bill defines a closed system nicotine container as a sealed, prefilled, and disposable container of nicotine in a solution or other form where the container inserts directly into an electronic cigarette, electronic nicotine delivery system, or other similar product. The nicotine in the container must be inaccessible through customary or reasonably foreseeable handling or use, including reasonably foreseeable ingestion or other contact by children.

The bill defines a disposable nicotine vapor product as a vapor product consisting of a power source and a solution or other substance containing nicotine in a single unit sealed by the manufacturer, not intended to be opened by the consumer, and intended for the consumer to dispose of after depleting the solution or other substance.

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE:**

The bill takes effect 90 days after the final adjournment of the session.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

- The LCB will have the directory available by October 1, 2024.
- Each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler will sell from its inventory any closed system nicotine containers and disposable nicotine vapor products not included in the directory by November 30, 2024.
- The reduction in taxable sales due to removing those products not in the directory begins December 1, 2024, and impacts six months of collections in fiscal year 2025.
- The Department of Revenue (department) receives the taxes from monthly taxpayers the month after the business collects the sales tax from the consumer. Most local tax distributions occur the month after the department receives sales and use taxes that businesses collect. This leads to a one-month delay in revenues for the state and a two-month delay in revenues for local jurisdictions.
- 30% of current taxable sales of the items covered by this legislation will be lost due to the removal of those products (from retail sales) that will not be in the directory. However, only 40% of such loss will occur in fiscal year 2025, as it may take some time before all licensees will be familiar with and act upon the new law.
- The loss in taxable sales represents a combination of expected responses from taxpayers. Those brand-loyal taxpayers may choose other nontaxable purchasing options, such as online, through tribal establishments, or making purchases in other states. Some taxpayers may choose to purchase other replacement products. A small percentage of taxpayers may choose to cease use of these types of products altogether.
- Price of a disposable product is \$7.80.
- Price of a nicotine pod is \$4.50.

#### **DATA SOURCES:**

- Department of Revenue, Excise tax data
- Various sources on nicotine products, including the FDA website

#### **REVENUE ESTIMATES:**

This bill decreases state revenues by an estimated \$1.6 million in the six months of impacted collections in fiscal year 2025 and by \$8.1 million in fiscal year 2026, the first full year of impacted collections.

This bill also decreases local revenues by an estimated \$0.3 million in the five months of impacted collections in fiscal year 2025, and by \$2.0 million in fiscal year 2026, the first full year of impacted collections.

#### TOTAL REVENUE IMPACT:

State Government (cash basis, \$000):

FY 2024 - \$ 0 FY 2025 - (\$ 1,610)

FY 2026 - (\$ 8,058)

FY 2027 - (\$ 8,058)

FY 2028 - (\$ 8,058)

FY 2029 - (\$ 8,058)

#### Local Government, if applicable (cash basis, \$000):

FY 2024 - \$ 0

FY 2025 - (\$ 336)

FY 2026 - (\$ 2,016)

FY 2027 - (\$ 2,016)

FY 2028 - (\$ 2,016)

FY 2029 - (\$ 2,016)

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The department will not incur any costs with the implementation of this legislation.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

III. B - Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

#### III. C - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

#### IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

#### IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

# IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

Bill Number: 6118 S	SB Title:	Vapor product direc	ctory	Ag	ency: 195-Liquor a Board	and Cannabis
Part I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipt	ts to:					
	Non-zero but inde	eterminate cost and	or savings. Ple	ase see discussion.		
<b>Estimated Operating E</b>	xpenditures from:	EV 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025.27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		<b>FY 2024</b>	8.7	_	<b>2025-27</b> 8.0	8.0
Account		0.0	0.7	4.4	0.0	0.0
General Fund-State	001-1	0	2,203,925	2,203,925	2,225,758	2,221,758
	Total \$	0	2,203,925		2,225,758	2,221,758
The cash receipts and e:	xpenditure estimates on	this page represent the	e most likely fîscal	impact. Factors impo	acting the precision of	these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if						
	es and follow corresponding greater than \$50,000 p	_	current bienniun	n or in subsequent b	iennia, complete en	tire fiscal note
form Parts I-V.	1 4 050 000	C 1				1- (D + 1)
	less than \$50,000 per	•	rrent biennium o	r in subsequent bier	inia, complete this p	bage only (Part I)
Capital budget im	pact, complete Part IV	V.				
X Requires new rule	making, complete Pa	art V.				
Legislative Contact:	Madeline Ralstin			Phone: 360-786-73	56 Date: 01/	/31/2024
Agency Preparation:	Colin O Neill			Phone: (360) 664-4	552 Date: 02	/07/2024
Agency Approval:	Aaron Hanson			Phone: 360-664-17	01 Date: 02	/07/2024

Val Terre

OFM Review:

Date: 02/08/2024

Phone: (360) 280-3973

## Part II: Narrative Explanation

## II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1(1) By August 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, every manufacturer of closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products that are sold in this state, must certify under penalty of perjury on a form and in the manner prescribed by the Washington State Liquor Control Board "LCB", that the manufacturer agrees to comply with this chapter, and that they meet FDA requirements as outlined in this subsection.

Section 1(2): A manufacturer must submit a certification form that separately lists each closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products that is sold in this state.

Section 1(3): Each annual certification form must be accompanied by:

- a) FDA paperwork as outlined in section 1(3a).
- b) A payment of \$1,000 for each closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products the first time a vapor product manufacturer submits a certification form for that product and a payment of \$250 annually thereafter for each product.

Section 1(4): A manufacturer required to submit a certification form pursuant to this section must notify the LCB within 30 days of any material change to the certification form, including the issuance or denial of a marketing authorization or other order by the United States food and drug administration that affects the ability of the closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products to be introduced or delivered into interstate commerce for commercial distribution in the US.

Section 1(5): The LCB must maintain and make available on its public website a directory that lists all vapor product manufacturers and closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products for which certification forms have been submitted.

- (a) The LCB must make the directory available for inspection on its public website by October 1, 2024.
- (b) The LCB must update the directory as necessary on at least a monthly basis.
- (c) The LCB must send monthly notifications to each licensed retailer, distributor, and wholesaler regarding a list of changes made to the directory in the previous month.

Section 1(6): The LCB must provide manufacturers notice and an opportunity to cure deficiencies before removing manufacturers or products from the directory. No separate administrative appeal process is available for demonstrating to the Board that the products should be included in the directory.

Section 1(7): If a product is removed from the directory, each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler must have 30 days from the day such product is removed from the directory to remove the product from its inventory and return the product to the manufacturer for disposal. After 30 days following removal from the directory, the closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products of a manufacturer identified in the notice of removal are contraband and are subject to seizure, forfeiture, and destruction, and may not be purchased or sold in the state.

Section 1(8a): Beginning October 1, 2024, or on the date that the LCB first makes the directory available for inspection on its public website, a person may not sell or offer for sale closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products in this state that are not included in the directory, and a vapor product manufacturer may not sell closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products in this state that are not included in the directory.

Section 1(8b) Each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler have until November 30, 2024, or 60 days, from when LCB makes the directory available to sell or remove products not included in the directory from its inventory.

Section 1(8c) Adds that:

- 60 days after the directory is published, a product not listed on the directory and intended for retail sale is subject to

seizure, forfeiture, and destruction, and may not be sold for retail in the state

- the cost of seizure, forfeiture, and destruction by the Board will be borne by the person who the products are being confiscated from, with the exception that no products can be seized from a consumer who made a bona fide purchase of the products.
  - the Board may store and dispose seized products.

Section 1(9): Penalties for violations of this section are outlined.

Section 1(10): Closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products offered for sale in violation of this section are considered contraband and may be seized by an enforcement officer of the LCB.

Section 1(11): The attorney general, acting in the name of the state, may seek recovery of the penalty in a civil action in superior court.

Section 1(16): Each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler that sells or distributes closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products in this state must be subject to at least two unannounced compliance checks annually for purposes of enforcing this section. Unannounced follow-up compliance checks of all noncompliant retailers, distributors, and wholesalers must be conducted within 30 days after any violation of this section. The LCB must publish the results of all compliance checks at least annually and must make the results available to the public on request. The requirements of this subsection do not apply to an Indian tribal organization, Indian retailer, or Indian distributor, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.25.105.

#### Section 1(17)

- (a) Any nonresident or foreign manufacturer that has not registered to do business in the state as a foreign corporation or business entity must, as a condition precedent to having its products included or retained in the directory, appoint and continually engage without interruption the services of an agent in this state to act as agent for the service of process on whom all process, and any action or proceeding against it concerning or arising out of the enforcement of this section, may be served in any manner authorized by law. The service must constitute legal and valid service of process on the manufacturer. The manufacturer must provide the name, address, phone number, and proof of the appointment and availability of the agent to the satisfaction of the LCB.
- (b) The manufacturer must provide notice to the LCB 30 calendar days prior to termination of the authority of an agent and must further provide proof to the satisfaction of the LCB of the appointment of a new agent no less than five calendar days prior to the termination of an existing agent appointment. In the event an agent terminates an agency appointment, the manufacturer must notify the LCB of the termination within five calendar days and include proof to the satisfaction of the LCB of the appointment of a new agent.

Section 1(18): The LCB may adopt by rule requirements necessary to implement this section.

Section 1(19): Starting January 31, 2025, and annually thereafter, the LCB must provide a report to the legislature regarding the status of the directory, manufacturers and products included in the directory, revenue and expenditures related to administration of this section, and enforcement activities undertaken pursuant to this section.

Section 1(20): All fees and funds collected by the Board from the imposition of monetary penalties pursuant to this section must be deposited into the General Fund and be used by the Board.

Section 2(7) Adds a definition to current law for disposable nicotine vapor products to read: "Disposable nicotine vapor product" means a vapor product consisting of a power source and a solution or other substance containing nicotine in a single unit that is sealed by the manufacturer, not intended to be opened by the consumer, and intended to be disposed of after the solution or other substance has been depleted.

#### CHANGES MADE BY THE SUBSTITUTE:

Throughout the bill - specifies that the directory is for closed system nicotine containers and disposable nicotine vapor products sold for retail in this state.

Section 1(5c) Adds that LCB must send monthly notifications to each licensed retailer, distributor, and wholesaler regarding a list of changes made to the directory in the previous month.

Section 1(6b) Adds that no separate administrative appeal process is available for demonstrating to the Board that the products should be included in the directory.

Section 1(7) Changes the number of days that retailers, distributors, and wholesalers must remove a product that is taken off the directory from its inventory from 21 days to 30 days.

Section 1(8b) Adds that each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler have until November 30, 2024, or 60 days, from when LCB makes the directory available to sell or remove products not included in the directory from its inventory. Section 1(8c) Adds that:

- 60 days after the directory is published, a product not listed on the directory and intended for retail sale is subject to seizure, forfeiture, and destruction, and may not be sold for retail in the state
- the cost of seizure, forfeiture, and destruction by the Board will be borne by the person who the products are being confiscated from, with the exception that no products can be seized from a consumer who made a bona fide purchase of the products.
  - the LCB may store and dispose seized products.

Section 1(16) adds that the requirements of this subsection do not apply to an Indian tribal organization, Indian retailer, or Indian distributor, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.25.105.

Section 1(20) adds that all fees and funds collected by the Board from the imposition of monetary penalties pursuant to this section must be deposited into the General Fund and be used by the Board. (previously no mention of the specific fund was listed)

Section 2(7) Adds a definition to current law for disposable nicotine vapor products to read: "Disposable nicotine vapor product" means a vapor product consisting of a power source and a solution or other substance containing nicotine in a single unit that is sealed by the manufacturer, not intended to be opened by the consumer, and intended to be disposed of after the solution or other substance has been depleted.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 1(3): requires each manufacturer whose vapor products are sold in Washington state, to pay \$1,000 for each closed system nicotine container or disposable nicotine vapor product the first time they submit a certification form for that product and a payment of \$250 annually thereafter for each product.

The agency does not know how many manufacturers of closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products have their products sold in Washington state or how many might comply with this requirement. A large number of vapor manufacturers are either out-of-state or out-of-country (many in China) and so enforcing this requirement would be very difficult.

In addition, the agency does not currently track the number of different closed system nicotine containers or disposable nicotine vapor products sold within Washington state.

Therefore for those reasons, the cash receipt impact is INDETERMINATE.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### AGO COSTS (AS BOARD DIVISION):

The AGO will bill LCB for legal services based on the enactment of this bill:

FY25: \$24,000 FY26: \$28,000 FY27+: \$24,000/yr

#### OAH COSTS (AS BOARD DIVISION)

The Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) assumes 7 hearings and will require 15 ALJ hours per hearing. This equates to \$26,000 per FY.

\*\*\*\*\*

#### FINANCE DIVISION:

The agency will need a Fiscal Analyst 3 (FA3) to to handle tracking of payment receipts, certification forms, vapor products, annual notifications, agents, and to coordinate with the Enforcement Division regarding violations and the Director's Office for updating the directory on a monthly basis as required by the bill.

1.0 FTE Fiscal Analyst 3 - \$100,777/yr (\$98,007 salary/benefits, \$2,770 in associated costs). Onetime costs in FY25 of \$6,105 for equipment purchases.

\*\*\*\*\*

#### ENFORCEMENT DIVISION:

The Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board ("Board") keeps detailed statistics on all of its enforcement activities and tracks this activity using a unit of measure called a Field Increment (FI). All direct enforcement activities such as premise checks, inspections and investigations are tracked to determine how many FI's are needed to accomplish each activity. Each FI is equivalent to 1/10th of an hour (6 minutes). For example, if a tavern premise check takes 2 FI's and two officers, it is anticipated that one check will consume 4 FI's. Using historical data to factor out indirect activities such as driving time, training, office time and leave, it has been determined that officers are available for an average of 4,220 FI's each year.

The agency anticipates a workload impact of 7.0 FTE's (6 LCB Enforcement Officer 2's (LEO2) and 1 LCB Enforcement Officer 4 (LEO4). The workload is derived from premise checks, violation notices, rechecks, and licensee support and education. Please see the attached "6118 SSB Vapor product directory - Enforcement Field Increment Calculator.pdf" for the workload calculations.

6.0 FTE LCB Enforcement Officer 2 - \$805,170/yr (\$710,010 salary/benefits, \$95,160 in associated costs). Onetime costs in FY25 of \$158,370 for equipment purchases.

1.0 FTE LCB Enforcement Officer 4 - \$154,932/yr (\$138,712 salary/benefits, \$16,220 in associated costs). Onetime costs in FY25 of \$23,425 for equipment purchases.

\*\*\*\*\*

#### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DIVISION:

There will be one-time costs to implement the bill:

#### Vendor costs:

- BI/SSRS 170 hrs x 150/hr = 25.500
- New interfaces and portal: \$81,000 + INDETERMINATE. The US Bank interface costs are indeterminate as the agency would need to work with US Bank and the Treasurer's office to determine costs. Supplemental funding may be needed at a later date to cover these costs.

#### Staff costs:

0.7 FTE IT App Development - Senior/Specialist - \$115,321/yr (\$114,572 salary/benefits, \$749 in associated costs). Onetime costs in FY25 of \$1,725 for equipment purchases.

OCIO oversight: 4,400 hrs x \$160/hr = \$681,600. See below

IT Investments – Approval and Oversight. The Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO) defines a major technology investment as one having a total cost that includes a combined level of effort of more than \$500,000 OR has a duration longer than 4-months.

If the agency fiscal note analysis anticipates one or both of these criteria being met, the agency is required under OCIO Policy #121 to submit an online self-assessment via OCIO's Information Technology Assessment Tool (ITPA) speaking to effort size, risk and expected impact on citizens and state operations. If the agency assumes that OCIO's formal decision is to place the project/effort under formal OCIO oversight, the agency would be required under OCIO Policy #132 to have external Quality Assurance (QA) services present at all stages of the project, from feasibility through implementation.

## Part III: Expenditure Detail

#### III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	2,203,925	2,203,925	2,225,758	2,221,758
		Total \$	0	2,203,925	2,203,925	2,225,758	2,221,758

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		8.7	4.4	8.0	8.0
A-Salaries and Wages		783,452	783,452	1,388,856	1,388,856
B-Employee Benefits		277,849	277,849	504,602	504,602
C-Professional Service Contracts		106,500	106,500		
E-Goods and Other Services		848,674	848,674	171,020	167,020
G-Travel		106,120	106,120	156,240	156,240
J-Capital Outlays		81,330	81,330	5,040	5,040
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	2,203,925	2,203,925	2,225,758	2,221,758

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Fiscal Analyst 3	71,148		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
IT App Development -	127,176		0.7	0.4		
Senior/Specialist						
LCB Enforcement Officer 2	86,712		6.0	3.0	6.0	6.0
LCB Enforcement Officer 4	103,008		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs			8.7	4.4	8.0	8.0

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Board Division (010)		50,000	50,000	104,000	100,000
Finance Division (020)		106,882	106,882	201,554	201,554
Enforcement Division (060)		1,141,897	1,141,897	1,920,204	1,920,204
Information Technology Division (070)		905,146	905,146		
Total \$		2,203,925	2,203,925	2,225,758	2,221,758

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

## Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Section 1(18): The LCB may adopt by rule requirements necessary to implement this section (manufacturer certification forms, penalties, etc).

Enforcement Field Increment (FI) Calculator												
6118 SSB "Vapor product directory"												
Number of events Time Factor Staffing Factor FI To												
Vapor Retailer premise checks	7458	2	1.3	19391								
Vapor Producers and Distributors checks	164	6	1.3	1279								
Administrative Violation Notice (AVN) Issuance	52	12	1.3	811								
Vapor Premises rechecks due to failure	52	1	2	104								
License Support and Education	373	5	1.3	2424								

<u>Factors</u>	<u>Values</u>
Vapor Retailer licenses	3729
Vapor Producer/Distributor licenses	82
Vapor Premises checks/year per license	2
Administrative Violation Notice (AVN) Issuance	52
Vapor Premises rechecks due to failure	52
License Support and Education	10%

	Total FI's	24,009
Total F	ield Increments per FTE	4,220
	FTE's required	5.69
	Round	6.00



# **Multiple Agency Ten-Year Analysis Summary**

Bill Number	Title
6118 S SB	Vapor product directory

This ten-year analysis is limited to the estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increases.

## **Estimated Cash Receipts**

Administrative Office of the Courts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Office of Attorney General	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Office of Administrative Hearings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department of Revenue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis Board Indeterminate Impact	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Bill Number	Title	Agency
6118 S SB	Vapor product directory	055 Administrative Office of the Courts

This ten-year analysis is limited to agency estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increases. The Office of Financial Management ten-year projection can be found at http://www.ofm.wa.gov/tax/default.asp.

X No Cash Receipts	Partially Indeterminate Cash Receipts				Indeterm	inate Ca	sh Recei <sub>l</sub>	ots			
Name of Tax or Fee	Acct Code										

Agency Preparation: Jackie B	ailey-Johnson Phone:	360-704-5545	Date:	2/2/2024	3:24:54 pm
Agency Approval: Chris Sta	anley Phone:	360-357-2406	Date:	2/2/2024	3:24:54 pm
OFM Review: Val Terre	Phone:	(360) 280-3973	Date:	2/8/2024	2:54:12 pm



Bill Number	Title	Agency
6118 S SB	Vapor product directory	100 Office of Attorney General

This ten-year analysis is limited to agency estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increases. The Office of Financial Management ten-year projection can be found at http://www.ofm.wa.gov/tax/default.asp.

X No Cash Receipts	Partially Indeterminate Cash Receipts				Indeterm	inate Ca	sh Recei <sub>l</sub>	ots			
Name of Tax or Fee	Acct Code										

Agency Preparation: Cassandra Jones	Phone:	360-709-6028	Date:	2/6/2024	6:32:03 pm
Agency Approval: Edd Giger	Phone:	360-586-2104	Date:	2/6/2024	6:32:03 pm
OFM Review: Val Terre	Phone:	(360) 280-3973	Date:	2/8/2024	2:54:12 pm



Bill Number	Title	Agency
6118 S SB	Vapor product directory	110 Office of Administrative Hearings

This ten-year analysis is limited to agency estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increases. The Office of Financial Management ten-year projection can be found at http://www.ofm.wa.gov/tax/default.asp.

X No Cash Receipts	Partially Indeterminate Cash Receipts					Indeterminate Cash Receipts						
Name of Tax or Fee	Acct Code											

Agency Preparation: Pete Boeckel	Phone:	360-407-2730	Date:	2/2/2024	5:21:52 pm
Agency Approval: Rob Cotton	Phone:	360-407-2708	Date:	2/2/2024	5:21:52 pm
OFM Review: Val Terre	Phone:	(360) 280-3973	Date:	2/8/2024	2:54:12 pm



Bill Number	Title	Agency
6118 S SB	Vapor product directory	140 Department of Revenue

This ten-year analysis is limited to agency estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increases. The Office of Financial Management ten-year projection can be found at http://www.ofm.wa.gov/tax/default.asp.

X No Cash Receipts	Partially Indeterminate Cash Receipts					Indeterminate Cash Receipts						
Name of Tax or Fee	Acct Code											

Agency Preparation: Van Huynh	Phone:	360-534-1512	Date:	2/2/2024	11:36:08 am
Agency Approval: Valerie Torres	Phone:	360-534-1521	Date:	2/2/2024	11:36:08 am
OFM Review: Val Terre	Phone:	(360) 280-3973	Date:	2/8/2024	2:54:12 pm



Bill Number	Title							Agency				
6118 S SB	Vapo	r product d	irectory					195 Liquor and Cannabis Board				
This ten-year analysis is limited to agency ten-year projection can be found at http://	-		•		rith the prop	osed tax or	fee increas	es. The Of	fice of Fina	ncial Manaç	gement	
Estimates												
No Cash Receipts		F	Partially I	ndeterm	inate Cas	sh Receip	ots	X	Indetern	ninate Ca	sh Recei	pts
Estimated Cash Receipts												
Name of Tax or Fee	Acct Code											
Total												
Biennial Totals												
Narrative Explanation (Required fo	or Ind	eterminate	e Cash Rec	eipts)								
Section 1(3): requires each manufacture nicotine vapor product the first time they.  The agency does not know how many restate or how many might comply with the requirement would be very difficult.	y subn manufa	nit a certific acturers of	cation form	for that protent	duct and a personance of the containers	payment of s or disposa	\$250 annua	ally thereaf	ter for each ducts have	product. their produc	cts sold in V	Vashington
In addition, the agency does not current state.	tly trac	ck the numb	oer of differ	ent closed	system nicc	otine contair	ners or disp	osable nico	otine vapor	products so	ıld within Wa	ashington

Agency Preparation: Colin O Neill	Phone:	(360) 664-4552	Date:	2/7/2024	2:32:27 pm
Agency Approval: Aaron Hanson	Phone:	360-664-1701	Date:	2/7/2024	2:32:27 pm
OFM Review: Val Terre	Phone:	(360) 280-3973	Date:	2/8/2024	2:54:12 pm

Therefore for those reasons, the cash receipt impact is INDETERMINATE.