Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 5978 SB Title: School district-county loans

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Agency Name	2023	2023-25		-27	2027-29			
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total		
Local Gov. Courts								
Loc School dist-SPI	Non-zero but in	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.						
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but in	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.						
Local Gov. Total								

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25				2025-27			2027-29			
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Office of Financial Management	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Superintendent of Public Instruction	.1	10,016,250	10,016,250	10,016,250	.0	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	.0	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Total \$	0.1	10,016,250	10,016,250	10,016,250	0.0	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	0.0	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.									
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	
Office of Financial	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Management										
Superintendent of Public	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Instruction										
		1 0	1 ^				0.0			
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.									
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

NONE

Prepared by: Brian Fechter, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 688-4225	Final 2/12/2024

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5978 SB	Title: School district-county	loans Agenc	y: 105-Office of Financial Management
Part I: Estimates		•	
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expendi NONE	tures from:		
Estimated Capital Budget Imp	act:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditue and alternate ranges (if approp.	ire estimates on this page represent the moriate), are explained in Part II.	ost likely fiscal impact. Factors impactin	ng the precision of these estimates,
	follow corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the cur	rrent biennium or in subsequent bien	nia, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less that	an \$50,000 per fiscal year in the curren	nt biennium or in subsequent biennia	, complete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, co	omplete Part IV.		
Requires new rule makin	g, complete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Alex	Fairfortune	Phone: 360-786-7416	Date: 01/15/2024
Agency Preparation: Kathy	y Cody	Phone: (360) 480-723	7 Date: 01/17/2024
Agency Approval: Jamie	e Langford	Phone: 360-902-0422	Date: 01/17/2024
OFM Review: Val T	erre	Phone: (360) 280-3973	3 Date: 01/17/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 2: The Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) is appropriated \$10,000,000 or as much as necessary, to act as a grantor for a county who is facing long-term financial distress but has agreed to provide a loan to a school district that is binding.

To be eligible for this funding the affected county must sign a request letter for contingent granter funding, which must be submitted to OFM and the appropriate legislative fiscal and education committees unless it is during legislative session. If it is during session, the impacted county must first notify the legislative fiscal and education committees before sending a letter to OFM.

If contingent guarantor funding is approved, OFM must notify the Legislative Evaluation and Accountability Program Committee and the legislative fiscal and education committees on the amount approved.

OFM doesn't anticipated any fiscal impact associated with receiving the letters or notifying the impacted legislative committees.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

	1		ī		
Bill Number: 5978 SB	Title: School district-co	ounty loans	Ag	ency: 350-Superint Instruction	endent of Public
Part I: Estimates No Fiscal Impact					
Estimated Cash Receipts to:					
NONE					
Estimated Operating Expenditure	es from:				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Account		0.1	0.1		
General Fund-State 001-1	0	10,016,250	10,016,250	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Total \$ 0	10,016,250	10,016,250	20,000,000	20,000,000
The cash receipts and expenditure estand alternate ranges (if appropriate) Check applicable boxes and follow If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V. If fiscal impact is less than \$5), are explained in Part II. w corresponding instructions a \$50,000 per fiscal year in th	s: ne current biennium	or in subsequent b	piennia, complete en	tire fiscal note
Capital budget impact, completing Requires new rule making, co	lete Part IV.		1	, I I	3 7 (
Legislative Contact: Alex Fair	fortune	I	Phone: 360-786-74	Date: 01/	15/2024
Agency Preparation: TJ Kelly		I	Phone: 360 725-63	01 Date: 01	/17/2024
Agency Approval: Michelle	Matakas	I	Phone: 360 725-60	19 Date: 01	/17/2024
OFM Review: Brian Fed	chter	I	Phone: (360) 688-4	1225 Date: 01	/18/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 (1) grants OSPI to act as a guarantor for a county that has agreed to provide a loan to a school district that is on binding conditions pursuant to RCW 28a.505.110.

(2) Requires OSPI to write rules to implement this section including a process to determine whether OSPI will act as a guarantor for a county, and a process for enhanced financial oversite if a school district defaults on a loan with a county. Enhanced financial oversite must include a school district submitting a viable two-year financial plan to OSPI within 45 days of default with the county. The section further defines potential activities or restrictions that OSPI can require of or place upon districts under enhanced financial oversight.

Section 2 provides the sum of \$10,000,000, or as much thereof as necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, for the purposes of this act. The section further defines the steps that counties and/or OSPI must take before distributing any portion of these funds after a school district is deemed to be in default of the original loan.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

State expenditures include the \$10,000,000 per fiscal year specifically referenced in section 2 of the bill, plus and additional amount to OSPI for rule making to implement section 2 of the bill. OSPI assumes the total one-time cost of rulemaking activities in fiscal year 2025 only would be approximately \$16,250.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	10,016,250	10,016,250	20,000,000	20,000,000
		Total \$	0	10,016,250	10,016,250	20,000,000	20,000,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.1	0.1		
A-Salaries and Wages		9,500	9,500		
B-Employee Benefits		4,750	4,750		
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		500	500		
G-Travel		500	500		
J-Capital Outlays		1,000	1,000		
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services		10,000,000	10,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	10,016,250	10,016,250	20,000,000	20,000,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Program Supervisor, Rules	94,165		0.1	0.1		
Coordiantor						
Total FTEs			0.1	0.1		0.0

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

 $Acquisition\ and\ construction\ costs\ not\ reflected\ elsewhere\ on\ the\ fiscal\ note\ and\ description\ of\ potential\ financing\ methods.$

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Nu	ımber:	5978 SB	Title:	School distric	t-county loans			
Part l	l: Juri	sdiction-Location	on, type or	status of pol	itical subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.			
Legis	lation I	mpacts:						
Citi	es:							
X Cou	inties:	Indeterminate impact	S					
☐ Spe	cial Dist	ricts:						
Spe Spe	cific juri	sdictions only:						
Vari	iance occ	eurs due to:						
Part	II: Es	timates						
No	fiscal im	ipacts.						
Exp	penditure	es represent one-time	costs:					
Leg	gislation	provides local option	:					
X Ke	y variablo	es cannot be estimate	d with certain	nty at this time:	The number and size of school district defaults on loans guaranteed by counties			
Estima	ited reve	nue impacts to:						
	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Estima	Estimated expenditure impacts to:							
		Non-zero	but indeter	minate cost an	d/or savings. Please see discussion.			

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Allan Johnson	Phone:	360-725-5033	Date:	01/22/2024
Leg. Committee Contact: Alex Fairfortune	Phone:	360-786-7416	Date:	01/15/2024
Agency Approval: Alice Zillah	Phone:	360-725-5035	Date:	01/22/2024
OFM Review: Brian Fechter	Phone:	(360) 688-4225	Date:	01/22/2024

Page 1 of 3 Bill Number: 5978 SB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

The Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) is authorized to act as a guarantor for a county that has agreed to provide a loan to a school district that is on binding conditions and facing long-term financial distress.

OSPI must adopt rules to implement this new authority, including a process for how OSPI will determine whether it will act as a guarantor for a county and a process for enhanced financial oversight if a school district defaults on its loan with a county. This enhanced financial oversight must be in place for at least one year and must require the school district to submit a viable two-year financial plan to OSPI within 45 days of a default.

The financial plan must include estimates of revenue, expenditures, enrollment, staffing, and cash flow projections.

Enhanced financial oversight may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- -- limiting the approval of new contracts, or changes and renewals to existing contracts, without obtaining prior written approval from OSPI;
- -- OSPI appointing a special administrator to oversee and carry out financial conditions set by OSPI;
- -- OSPI assuming final approval authority regarding whether administrators should be retained, released, or reassigned duties, as allowed by existing legal agreements; and
- -- OSPI approving or changing the school district's two-year financial plan to ensure it is viable and sustainable, such as liquidating or disposing of the district's fixed assets and contractual liabilities.

Ten million dollars, or as much as is necessary, is appropriated from the general fund to OSPI for the 2025 fiscal year for the purpose of providing contingent guarantor funding for circumstances when OSPI acts as a guarantor for a county and a school district defaults on its loan.

To be eligible for these funds, a county must sign and submit a request letter for contingent guarantor funding to the Office of Financial Management (OFM) and the appropriate legislative fiscal and education committees. If the emergency occurs during a legislative session, the county must notify the appropriate legislative committees prior to submitting a request to OFM. Requests must include a statement describing the school district's default and long-term financial distress.

OFM must notify the Legislative Evaluation and Accountability Program Committee and the legislative fiscal and education committees if contingent guarantor funding is approved, and include what funded level was approved.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This legislation would have no impact on existing county expenditures.

Counties may experience an indeterminate amount of expenditures in the future related to default by school districts on loans guaranteed by counties. It is not known how many defaults of county guaranteed loans to school districts will occur in upcoming years. In addition, the size of those defaults is also not known. Therefore, the expenditure impacts of this legislation are indeterminate.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This legislation would have no impact on existing county revenue; however, counties may experience an indeterminate increase in revenue in future years from the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI). Based on their

Page 2 of 3 Bill Number: 5978 SB

fiscal note for SB 5978, OSPI anticipates reimbursing counties up to \$10,000,000 per fiscal year, however it is not known how many defaults of county guaranteed loans to school districts will occur in the future. In addition, the size of those defaults is also not known. Therefore, the revenue impacts of this legislation are indeterminate.

SOURCES:

Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction SB 5978 Fiscal Note (2024) Washington Association of County Officials

Page 3 of 3 Bill Number: 5978 SB

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5978 SB	Title: School district-county loans		SDF-School District Fiscal Note - SPI
Part I: Estimates No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
	ero but indeterminate cost and/or savings	Please see discussion	
11011 2	or but indeterminate cost and/or savings	. I lease see discussion.	
Estimated Operating Expenditu	res from:		
	ero but indeterminate cost and/or savings	. Please see discussion.	
Estimated Capital Budget Impa	A4.		
Estimated Capital Budget Impa	et:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropri	e estimates on this page represent the most likely jate), are explained in Part II.	fiscal impact. Factors impacting th	he precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and fo	llow corresponding instructions:		
X If fiscal impact is greater the form Parts I-V.	nan \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bier	nnium or in subsequent biennia,	, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienni	um or in subsequent biennia, co	omplete this page only (Part l
Capital budget impact, cor	onlete Part IV		
	•		
Requires new rule making	complete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Alex F	airfortune	Phone: 360-786-7416	Date: 01/15/2024
Agency Preparation: Miche	le Matakas	Phone: 360 725-6019	Date: 02/01/2024
Agency Approval: TJ Kel	ly	Phone: (360) 725-6301	Date: 02/01/2024
OFM Review: Kelsey	Rote	Phone: (360) 000-0000	Date: 02/01/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 (1) grants OSPI to act as a guarantor for a county that has agreed to provide a loan to a school district that is on binding conditions pursuant to RCW 28a.505.110.

(2) Requires OSPI to write rules to implement this section including a process to determine whether OSPI will act as a guarantor for a county, and a process for enhanced financial oversite if a school district defaults on a loan with a county. Enhanced financial oversite must include a school district submitting a viable two-year financial plan to OSPI within 45 days of default with the county. The section further defines potential activities or restrictions that OSPI can require of or place upon districts under enhanced financial oversight.

Section 2 provides the sum of \$10,000,000, or as much thereof as necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, for the purposes of this act. The section further defines the steps that counties and/or OSPI must take before distributing any portion of these funds after a school district is deemed to be in default of the original loan.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

OSPI assumes that districts will not default on loans with counties therefore this bill is indeterminate. If it should happen, we cannot reasonably project the rate of default nor specific loan amounts in future fiscal years.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

OSPI assumes that districts will not default on loans with counties therefore this bill is indeterminate. If it should happen, we cannot reasonably project the rate of default nor specific loan amounts in future fiscal years.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.