Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 6162 S SB Title: Abandoned property fees

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Agency Name	2023	3-25	2025	-27	2027-29		
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal note not a	available					
Loc School dist-SPI							
Local Gov. Other							
Local Gov. Total							

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29				
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
1	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Office of the												
Courts												
Office of Attorney	Fiscal n	Fiscal note not available										
General												
Caseload Forecast	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Council												
	0.0						1 0					
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	U	0.0	0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal	note not availab	le						
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29			
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	
Administrative Office of	Fiscal 1	note not availabl	e							
the Courts										
Office of Attorney	Fiscal 1	Fiscal note not available								
General										
Caseload Forecast	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Council										
T-4-16	0.0	0	0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0	
Total \$	0.0	U	U	J 0.0	U	U	0.0		۱ ۰ ۱	

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal	note not availab	le						
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

NONE

Prepared by: Val Terre, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 280-3973	Preliminary 2/13/2024

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 6162 S SI	B Title:	Abandoned property fees	Agency	7: 101-Caseload Forecast Council
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts	to:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Exp NONE	enditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expe and alternate ranges (if ap		n this page represent the most likely fisco ained in Part II.	ul impact. Factors impacting	g the precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes				
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	eater than \$50,000	per fiscal year in the current bienniu	um or in subsequent bienn	ia, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is les	ss than \$50,000 pe	er fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia,	complete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impa	ct, complete Part	IV.		
Requires new rule m	naking, complete I	Part V.		
Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini		Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/09/2024
Agency Preparation:	Clela Steelhamme	r	Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Approval:	Clela Steelhamme	r	Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 02/12/2024
OFM Review:	Danya Clevenger		Phone: (360) 688-6413	Date: 02/12/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

SSB 6162

PENALTY FOR EXCESSIVE FEES FOR LOCATING ABANDONED PROPERTY

101 – Caseload Forecast Council February 12, 2024

SUMMARY

A brief description of what the measure does that has fiscal impact.

Section 1 Adds a new section to chapter 63.30 RCW establishing a new misdemeanor offense.

EXPENDITURES

Assumptions.

None.

Impact on the Caseload Forecast Council.

None.

Impact Summary.

This bill:

• Establishes a new misdemeanor offense.

The Caseload Forecast Council has no information concerning how many incidents of the newly established misdemeanor may occur, nor any information concerning how such offenses would be sentenced. As such, the Caseload Forecast Council cannot reliably estimate bed impacts resulting from these provisions of the bill.

Impact on prison and jail beds.

However, as a misdemeanor offense, the newly established offense would be punishable by a term of confinement of 0-90 days in jail for individuals sentenced as adults. Therefore, any impact would be on jail beds only.

Impact on local detention and Juvenile Rehabilitation beds.

The establishment of a new misdemeanor offense, considered a Category E (Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Misdemeanor) on the juvenile offender grid, is punishable by Local Sanctions (0-30 days in local juvenile detention) for juveniles adjudicated for the offense. Therefore, any incidence of this offense would likely impact only local juvenile detention beds.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number:	6162 S SB	Title:	Abandoned property fees						
Part I: Juri	Part I: Jurisdiction-Location, type or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.								
Legislation 1	Impacts:								
X Cities: Co	sts for law enforceme	nt							
X Counties:	Costs for law enforce	ment, prosec	cutors, defense attorneys, and jails						
Special Dist	ricts:								
Specific juri	sdictions only:								
Variance occ	curs due to:								
Part II: Es	timates								
No fiscal in	npacts.								
Expenditure	es represent one-time	costs:							
Legislation	provides local option	:							
X Key variabl	es cannot be estimate	d with certain	nty at this time: Number of violations of new misdemeanor						
Estimated reve	enue impacts to:								
None									
Estimated expo	Estimated expenditure impacts to:								
	Non-zero	but indeter	rminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.						

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Alice Zillah	Phone:	360-725-5035	Date:	02/09/2024
Leg. Committee Contact: Ryan Giannini	Phone:	3607867285	Date:	02/09/2024
Agency Approval: Allan Johnson	Phone:	360-725-5033	Date:	02/09/2024
OFM Review: Val Terre	Phone:	(360) 280-3973	Date:	02/12/2024

Page 1 of 2 Bill Number: 6162 S SB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis

A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

CHANGES BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PRIOR VERSION OF THE BILL:

The second substitute aligns the penalty for a violation with the standard penalty for a misdemeanor. This does not affect the indeterminate impacts discussed below.

SUMMARY OF THE BILL:

Sec. 1 adds a new section to RCW 63.30. It is unlawful for any person to seek or receive from any person or contract with any person or entity for any fee or compensation for locating or purporting to locate any property held by a county that are proceeds from a foreclosure or distraint sale for delinquent property taxes, assessments, or other liens, or funds that are otherwise held by a county because of a person's failure to claim funds held as reimbursement for unowed taxes, fees, or other government charges, in excess of 5% of the value thereof returned to such owner. Any person or entity violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned for not more than 30 days, or both. The legislature finds that the practices covered by this section are matters vitally affecting the public interest for the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. Any violation of this section is not reasonable in relation to the development and preservation of business. It is an unfair or deceptive act in trade or commerce and an unfair method of competition for the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. Remedies provided by chapter 19.86 RCW are cumulative and not exclusive.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would create indeterminate impacts for law enforcement, prosecutors, court-appointed defense attorneys, and jails by creating a new misdemeanor offense.

The average cost to investigate and prosecute a comparable misdemeanor offense is \$2,117, according to the Local Government Fiscal Note Program (LGFN) criminal justice cost model.

According to the Caseload Forecast Council, the newly established offense would be punishable by a term of confinement of 0-90 days in jail for individuals sentenced as adults. The establishment of a new misdemeanor offense, considered a Category E on the juvenile offender grid, is punishable by Local Sanctions (0-30 days in local juvenile detention) for juveniles adjudicated for the offense. Therefore, any incidence of this offense would likely impact only local juvenile detention beds.

The average cost for a daily jail bed is \$145, according to the LGFN jail costs model.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would have no revenue impacts for local governments.

SOURCES:

Caseload Forecast Council

Local Government Fiscal Note Program criminal justice cost model

Page 2 of 2 Bill Number: 6162 S SB