Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 2022 2S HB Title: Construction crane safety

Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27		2027-29			
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	
Office of Attorney	0	0	0	0	0	122,000	0	0	60,000	
General										
Department of	Non-zero but	indeterminate cos	t and/or savings	. Please see disc	ussion.					
Labor and Industries										
Total \$	l 0 l	ol	0	l ol	0	122,000	0	1 0	60,000	

Agency Name	2023-25		2025	-27	2027-29		
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	
Local Gov. Total							
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal note not a	available					
Loc School dist-SPI							
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal note not a	available					

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name		20	023-25			2	025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	0	.5	0	0	122,000	.3	0	0	60,000
Caseload Forecast Council	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Department of Labor and Industries	4.4	0	0	1,950,000	10.7	0	0	3,218,000	10.7	0	0	3,208,000
Total \$	4.4	0	0	1,950,000	11.2	0	0	3,340,000	11.0	0	0	3,268,000

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal	note not availab	le		-	-		-		
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal	note not availab	le							
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	1	2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	Fiscal 1	note not availabl							
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Caseload Forecast Council	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals	Fiscal 1	note not availabl	le						
Department of Labor and Industries	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal	note not availab	le							
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other	Fiscal	note not availab	le							
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Anna Minor, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 790-2951	Preliminary 2/13/2024

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2022 2S HB	Title: Co	onstruction crane	safety	Age	ncy: 100-Office of General	Attorney
Part I: Estimates	•			•		
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:	_	=>/				
ACCOUNT		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Legal Services Revolving Accou 405-1	nt-State				122,000	60,000
703-1	Total \$				122,000	60,000
			'	•	•	
Estimated Operating Expenditu	res from:					
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.:
Account		0	0	0	100,000	60.00
Legal Services Revolving Account-State 405-1		0	0	0	122,000	60,00
Account-State 403-1	Total \$	0	0	0	122,000	60,00
NONE	et:					
NONE						
NONE						
NONE						
NONE						
NONE						
NONE						
			most likely Good in	ngot. Englang inng	oting the propries of the	
The cash receipts and expenditure	e estimates on this		most likely fiscal imį	pact. Factors impac	cting the precision of th	hese estimates,
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropric	e estimates on this ate), are explained	in Part II.	most likely fiscal imp	pact. Factors impac	cting the precision of th	hese estimates,
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and foll of the content of the cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate content of the cash receipts and expenditure).	e estimates on this ate), are explained low correspondi	in Part II. ng instructions:		•		
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and fol	e estimates on this ate), are explained low correspondi an \$50,000 per f	in Part II. ng instructions: Siscal year in the o	current biennium o	r in subsequent bi	ennia, complete enti	re fiscal note
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and fol X If fiscal impact is greater the form Parts I-V.	e estimates on this ate), are explained low correspondi an \$50,000 per f	in Part II. ng instructions: Siscal year in the o	current biennium o	r in subsequent bi	ennia, complete enti	re fiscal note
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and fol X If fiscal impact is greater the form Parts I-V. If fiscal impact is less than	e estimates on this ate), are explained low corresponding an \$50,000 per fisconplete Part IV.	in Part II. ng instructions: iscal year in the cal year in the cur	current biennium o	r in subsequent bi	ennia, complete enti	re fiscal note
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropried Check applicable boxes and follow). If fiscal impact is greater the form Parts I-V. If fiscal impact is less than Capital budget impact, con Requires new rule making,	e estimates on this ate), are explained low corresponding an \$50,000 per fisconplete Part IV.	in Part II. ng instructions: iscal year in the cal year in the cur	current biennium o	r in subsequent bi	ennia, complete enti	re fiscal note ge only (Part
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and folgorial X If fiscal impact is greater the form Parts I-V. If fiscal impact is less than Capital budget impact, congregation Requires new rule making, OFM Contact: Linda I	e estimates on this ate), are explained low corresponding an \$50,000 per fisconplete Part IV.	in Part II. ng instructions: iscal year in the cal year in the cur	current biennium or in	or in subsequent bi	ennia, complete entinia, complete this pa	re fiscal note ge only (Part

Val Terre

OFM Review:

Date: 02/13/2024

Phone: (360) 280-3973

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

- Section 1: New Section legislative findings.
- Section 2: New Section adding to RCW 49.17 applying Sections 3 through 10 of the act to construction crane safety.
- Section 3: New Section amending RCW 49.17.400 statutory definitions.
- Section 4: New Section adding to RCW 49.17 beginning January 1, 2026, requiring the prime contractor to obtain a permit from the Department of Labor and Industries (L&I) prior to performing work with a tower crane; permit exemptions specified; detailing the permit application process; requiring L&I to conduct a safety permit conference; requiring L&I to issue a permit within five working days of the safety permit conference, and allowing L&I to issue conditional permits; conditions to maintaining permit specified; allowing L&I to deny, suspend, or revoke permits; detailing hearing and appeal rights.
- Section 5: New Section amending RCW 49.17.420 technical change to the requirements of the crane certification program.
- Section 6: New Section amending RCW 49.17.440 requiring L&I to adopt rules to implement Sections 3 through 7 of the act, as well as rules for tower crane assembly, disassembly, and reconfiguration; authorizing L&I to set fees in rule to be charged for permits issued under Section 4.
- Section 7: New Section adding to RCW 49.17 requiring tower crane manufacturers to provide operation instructions.
- Section 8: New Section adding to RCW 36.70B requiring municipalities to do certain things in relation to worksites containing tower cranes.
- Section 9: New Section adding to RCW 49.17 creating exemptions from the provisions of the act.
- Section 10: New Section amending RCW 49.17.190 providing that an employer is guilty of a misdemeanor in relation to tower crane assembly, disassembly and reconfiguration under certain circumstances.
- Section 11: New Section effective date of January 1, 2025.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Cash receipts are assumed to equal the Legal Services Revolving Account (LSRA) cost estimates. These will be billed through the revolving account to the client agency.

The client agency is Labor and Industries (L&I). The Attorney General's Office (AGO) Labor and Industries Division (LNI) will bill for legal services rendered.

These cash receipts represent the AGO's authority to bill and are not a direct appropriation to the AGO. The direct appropriation is reflected in the client agency's fiscal note. Appropriation authority is necessary in the AGO budget.

AGO AGENCY ASSUMPTIONS:

L&I will be billed for King County rates:

FY 2026: \$92,000 for 0.3 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG) and 0.2 Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1)

FY 2027 to FY 2029: \$30,000 for 0.1 AAG and 0.1 PL1

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Attorney General's Office (AGO) Agency Assumptions:

Legal services associated with the enactment of this bill will begin on January 1, 2025.

Location of staffing is assumed to be in a King County office building.

Total workload impact in this request includes standard assumption costs for goods & services, travel, and capital outlays for all FTE identified.

Agency administration support FTE are included in the tables. The Management Analyst 5 FTE (MA) is used as a representative classification. An example ratio is for every 1.0 Assistant Attorney General FTE (AAG), the AGO includes 0.5 Paralegal 1 FTE (PL1) and 0.4 MA.

1. Assumptions for the AGO Labor and Industries Division (LNI) Legal Services for Department of Labor and Industries (L&I).

The AGO will bill L&I for legal services based on the enactment of this bill.

This bill requires L&I's Division of Occupational Safety and Health (DOSH) to create and implement a new program to provide permits for the assembly, disassembly, and reconfiguration of cranes. In addition, it requires the DOSH to create an internal hearings process for appeals to denials, suspensions, and revocations of permits, with an ultimate appeal to the Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals (BIIA). The AGO anticipates that the bulk of the legal services will be advice surrounding implementation, for example, rulemaking, advising on the development of policy and the hearings procedures. Assuming a similar number of appeals to other certification and permitting programs within L&I, the AGO anticipate approximately two appeals a year, approximating about 40 hours spent per appeal.

LNI: Total King County workload impact:

FY 2026: \$92,000 for 0.3 AAG and 0.2 PL1

FY 2027 to FY 2029: \$30,000 for 0.1 AAG and 0.1 PL1

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
405-1	Legal Services	State	0	0	0	122,000	60,000
	Revolving Account						
		Total \$	0	0	0	122,000	60,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years					0.5	0.3
A-Salaries and Wages					84,000	42,000
B-Employee Benefits					25,000	12,000
E-Goods and Other Services					12,000	6,000
G-Travel					1,000	
,	Total \$	0	0	0	122,000	60,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Assistant Attorney General-King	135,555				0.2	0.1
County						
Management Analyst 5	95,184				0.1	0.1
Paralegal 1-King County	72,528				0.2	0.1
Total FTEs					0.5	0.3

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Labor & Industries Division (LNI)				122,000	60,000
Total \$				122,000	60,000

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

 $Provisions \ of \ the \ bill \ that \ require \ the \ agency \ to \ adopt \ new \ administrative \ rules \ or \ repeal/revise \ existing \ rules.$

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2022 2S HE	Title:	Construction crane safety	Agency	: 101-Caseload Forecast Council
Part I: Estimates	·		•	
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts to	:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Expension NONE	nditures from:			
Estimated Capital Budget I	mpact:			
NONE				
		this page represent the most likely fiscal	l impact. Factors impacting	the precision of these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if applicable boxes and				
If fiscal impact is great	-	per fiscal year in the current bienniu	m or in subsequent bienn	ia, complete entire fiscal note
form Parts I-V.	than \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent hiennie	complete this page only (Part I
			or in suosequent otenina,	complete this page only (1 art 1
Capital budget impact				
Requires new rule mal	king, complete Pa	rt V.		
OFM Contact: Li	nda Hamilton		Phone: (360) 515-8620	Date: 02/07/2024
Agency Preparation: Cl	ela Steelhammer		Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 02/09/2024
	ela Steelhammer		Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 02/09/2024
OFM Review: Da	anya Clevenger		Phone: (360) 688-6413	Date: 02/09/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

2SHB 2022

CONSTRUCTION CRANE SAFETY

101 – Caseload Forecast Council February 8, 2024

SUMMARY

A brief description of what the measure does that has fiscal impact.

Section 10 Amends RCW 49.17.190 by establishing a new a misdemeanor when an employer allows any person to assemble, disassemble, or reconfigure a tower crane without direct supervision by an assembly/disassembly director or allows a person to act as an assembly/disassembly director who fails to meet qualifications, or does not follow manufacture operations instructions and guidelines or written procedures from a registered structural engineer.

EXPENDITURES

Assumptions.

None.

Impact on the Caseload Forecast Council.

None.

Impacts on beds and supervision.

This bill:

• Establishes a new misdemeanor offense.

The Caseload Forecast Council has no information concerning how many incidents of the newly established misdemeanor may occur, nor any information concerning how such offenses would be sentenced. As such, the Caseload Forecast Council cannot reliably estimate bed impacts resulting from these provisions of the bill.

Impact on prison and jail beds.

However, as a misdemeanor offense, the newly established offense would be punishable by a term of confinement of 0-90 days in jail for individuals sentenced as adults. Therefore, any impact would be on jail beds only.

Impact on local detention and Juvenile Rehabilitation beds.

None, as an employer is assumed to be over the age of 18.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 2022 2S HB	Title:	Construction crane	safety	Ag	ency: 235-Departm Industries	ent of Labor and
art I: Estimates	•			•		
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
Non	-zero but inde	terminate cost and	or savings. Plea	se see discussion.		
Estimated Operating Expend	itures from:					
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	8.7	4.4	10.7	10.7
Account	(00.1		4 007 000	4 007 000	0.705.000	0.700.000
Accident Account-State Medical Aid Account-State	608-1	0	1,697,000 253,000	1,697,000 253,000	2,735,000 483,000	2,726,000 482,000
-1	009	0	255,000	255,000	403,000	402,000
	Total \$	0	1,950,000	1,950,000	3,218,000	3,208,000
The cash receipts and expendite	ure estimates on	this page represent the	e most likely fiscal i	mpact. Factors impo	acting the precision of t	these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if approp	, .					
Check applicable boxes and to X If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	•		current biennium	or in subsequent b	iennia, complete ent	cire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less that	an \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the cur	rrent biennium or	in subsequent bier	nnia, complete this p	age only (Part I
Capital budget impact, co	omplete Part IV	7.				
X Requires new rule makin	g, complete Pa	art V.				
OFM Contact: Linds	a Hamilton]	Phone: (360) 515-8	6620 Date: 02/0	07/2024
Agency Preparation: Allis	on Kaech			Phone: 360-902-45	30 Date: 02/	12/2024

Anna Minor

OFM Review:

Date: 02/13/2024

Phone: (360) 790-2951

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
608-1	Accident Account	State	0	1,697,000	1,697,000	2,735,000	2,726,000
609-1	Medical Aid Account	State	0	253,000	253,000	483,000	482,000
		Total \$	0	1,950,000	1,950,000	3,218,000	3,208,000

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		8.7	4.4	10.7	10.7
A-Salaries and Wages		850,000	850,000	2,076,000	2,076,000
B-Employee Benefits		275,000	275,000	680,000	680,000
C-Professional Service Contracts		255,000	255,000		
E-Goods and Other Services		455,000	455,000	428,000	418,000
G-Travel		15,000	15,000	34,000	34,000
J-Capital Outlays		100,000	100,000		
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	1,950,000	1,950,000	3,218,000	3,208,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Comp Industrial Safety & Health	100,008		3.0	1.5	3.0	3.0
Invest 3						
Comp Industrial Safety & Health	105,616		1.0	0.5	2.0	2.0
Invest 4						
Comp Industrial Safety & Health	107,712		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Invest 5						
Comp Industrial Safety & Health	124,932		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Invest 6						
Fiscal Analyst 5	74,376		0.7	0.4	0.7	0.7
Program Specialist 3	72,552		1.0	0.5	2.0	2.0
Program Specialist 5	86,208		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs			8.7	4.4	10.7	10.7

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

See attached

Part II: Explanation

This bill relates to construction crane safety, amends RCW 49.17.400, 49.17.420 and 49.17.440, and 49.17.190 and adds a new section to chapter 49.17 RCW to improve worker and public safety in the assembly, disassembly and reconfiguration of tower cranes.

2SHB 2022 is different from SHB 2022 in that it:

- Delays the effective date of the bill to January 1, 2025.
- Postpones the requirement, until January 1, 2026, for when prime contractors must obtain permits.
- Specifies that a permit may be issued to a prime contractor following the filing of a
 completed application, compliance with the safety conference and other requirements,
 payment of the permit fee, and Labor & Industries (L&I) determination that the
 applicant has met all qualifications.
- Requires L&I to issue a permit within five working days of the safety conference if the
 application materials and safety conference materials are complete. Provides that if the
 materials are not complete, the prime contractor must be given a written list of
 outstanding materials, before leaving the conference. Requires L&I to either issue a
 permit within five working days of receiving outstanding materials or deny the permit.
- Allows L&I to issue conditional permits, including when specific information is not yet available.
- Provides that the assembly/disassembly director's certification must be included in the
 permit application beginning either January 1, 2027, or 12 months after an
 assembly/disassembly director program is approved, whichever is later.

II. A – Brief Description of What the Measure Does that Has Fiscal Impact

Section 4 adds a new section to chapter 49.17 RCW that requires:

- Prime contractors to obtain a permit from Labor & Industries (L&I) prior to performing any work involving the operation, assembly, disassembly or reconfiguration of a tower crane.
- L&I to complete safety permit conferences prior to issuing a permit.

• As part of the permit process, L&I may inspect permitted activities any time, and once a crane is assembled or reconfigured.

Section 6 amends RCW 49.17.440 requiring L&I to adopt rules necessary to implement this bill. L&I may set fees to be charged for permits sufficient to cover the costs for administering section 4 of this bill. Fees will be deposited in the industrial insurance trust funds.

II. B – Cash Receipt Impact

This bill makes it discretionary for L&I to use permit fees to fund the crane permit program. At this time, determining the number of cranes that will be put in service each year is not known and making cash receipts and cost per permit indeterminate.

For fiscal not purposes, this grid allows a range for cash receipts and permit costs under the following assumptions:

- There are 124 tower construction cranes (not including self-erectors) in Washington State.
- Permit fees will be required
- There will be one permit required for each assemble, reconfiguration, disassembly.

Below are some assumptions of potential revenue depending on number of construction cranes put into service:

Tower Cranes	124				
Assume 1 permit fo					
	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29
Fiscal Note Costs	-	802,000	1,614,000	1,604,000	1,604,000
Cranes put in			Permit Cost		
service	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29
25	-	32,080	64,560	64,160	64,160
50	-	16,040	32,280	32,080	32,080
75	-	10,693	21,520	21,387	21,387
100	-	8,020	16,140	16,040	16,040
124	-	6,468	13,016	12,935	12,935

II. C – Expenditures

Appropriated – Operating Costs

This bill directs L&I to create a tower construction crane permit program. At this time, the department is assuming the process to be as follows:

- L&I will conduct research to validate if a permit is approved or denied by the following:
 - Prior safety violations of the permit applicant and all entities required in the operation, assembly, disassembly, and reconfiguration of the tower crane
 - Written accident prevention programs
 - o Safety standards for tower cranes under the WISHA and applicable rules
 - Written job plan
 - Written self-attestation of each crane operator's experience and qualifications, including a copy of the crane operator's license
 - Other application materials
- L&I, prior to a permit being issued, would convene a pre-permit safety permit conference. L&I would be required to include:
 - o Permit applicant
 - Assembly/Disassembly director
 - Safety representative for the tower crane distributor or manufacturer
 - Representatives of the employees assembling, disassembling or reconfiguring the tower crane
 - On public works projects a representative of the governmental entity overseeing the project.
- L&I will deny permit if:
 - The application fails to include all required elements
 - o The safety conference is not held in compliance with the requirements or
 - The permit applicant has a record of safety and health violations that indicate the applicant may not be maintaining a safe worksite or operation.

Once the permit is approved, L&I will conduct a safety conference prior to any reconfiguration or disassembly needed. L&I will conduct an inspection of permitted activities once assembled and after each reconfiguration.

In addition, L&I has the authority to suspend or revoke the permit if there is failure to:

- Comply with any requirements or OSHA standards involving tower cranes;
- Notify the department in advance as required;
- Ensure that a safety representative was present during assembly, disassembly, or reconfiguration;
- Immediately correct deficiencies directly affecting the structural integrity of the tower crane, or fails to correct deficiencies directly affecting the safe operation of the tower crane; or
- Refuses L&I entry to a worksite that contains activity for which a permit is required.

The denial, revocation, or suspension of a permit may be appeal to L&I. L&I must hold a hearing within 2 working days of the appeal and issue a decision within 10 business days of hearing.

This bill increases expenditures to the Accident Account, fund 608 and the Medical Aid Account, fund 609. The following assumptions were used to estimate the resources requested to implement this bill.

Staffing

- 1.0 FTE, Compliance Industrial Safety & Health Investigator 5 (CISHI5), permanent, effective July 1, 2024. Duties include supervising one CISHI 6 and three CISHI 3 positions. This position is responsible for training, mentoring and supervising CISHIs at lower levels, typically with 2-5 assigned in each workgroup. In some regions, the position may supervise one or more staff at the CISHI-6 level. This expert level position provides assistance to staff in completing highly complex investigations, and investigations of unusual complexity or that pose unusual problems.
- 1.0 FTE, Compliance Industrial Safety & Health Investigator 6 (CISHI6), permanent, effective July 1, 2024. Positions at this level are registered as a professional engineer in

Washington State in accordance with RCW 18.43. This position would provide a higher-level expertise to ensure assembly, disassembly, or reconfiguration of tower cranes comply with industry standards and the manufacturer's instructions. This position would review and interpret engineering diagrams and published recognized and accepted good engineering practices for all permits for assembly, disassembly, and reconfiguration. This position would be the subject matter expert on nationally recognized crane standards to evaluate complex crane operations prior to permitting and throughout the assembly, disassembly, and reconfiguration process.

- 3.0 FTE, Compliance Industrial Safety & Health Investigator 3s (CISHI3), permanent, effective July 1, 2024. These positions will have enforcement authority over non-federal land/tribal worksites and all employers in the state of Washington.
 - Prior to the department issuing a permit, this position is required to conduct a safety permit conference each time an assembly, reconfiguration, or disassembly takes place.
 - o Preparation for each conference will take approximately one to two weeks. L&I is expecting the first preparation for a construction crane business safety conference will take longer, up to two weeks, and will reduce over time. L&I will coordinate this pre-permit work with the construction timeline. The CISHI 3 must evaluate and research the following information in order to be in compliance: The previous history of safety and health violations, including those violations under other business identities during the previous seven-year period for the permit applicant and all entities required in the operation and assembly of the tower crane. The potential risks of the procedures, including those addressed in the crane operating manual as well as specific measures to be taken, the permit applicant and all entities required in the operation of assembly. The written accident prevention programs of the permit applicant and all entities involved in the operation of the tower crane. The permit applicant's written job plan as required under RCW 49.17.440. A written self-attestation of each crane operator's experience and qualifications in either the assembly, disassembly, and reconfiguration of the tower crane being assembled, disassembled, or

- reconfigured, including an attached copy of the crane operator's license. Other material in the application.
- This position is required to perform an inspection of each crane prior to operating once assembled, reconfigured, and disassembled.
- 1.0 FTE, Program Specialist 5 (PS5), permanent, effective July 1, 2024. This position
 will manage the Statewide Crane Certification Program processing permits to assemble,
 disassemble, or reconfigure. This position will also supervise two Program Specialist 3
 positions.
- 2.0 FTE, Program Specialist 3s, permanent, effective January 1, 2025. These positions will assist higher-level staff by coordinating all aspects of program services, providing technical assistance and specialized consultation to program participants, staff and outside entities and recommending resolution for complex problems and issues related to the program. Staff will review certification and permit requests for eligibility and issue approved permits.
- 2.0 FTE, Compliance Industrial Safety & Health Investigator (CISHI) 4s, permanent, effective January 1, 2025. The CISHI4s or Regional Hearings Officers (RHO) schedule and conduct informal conferences to hear appeals and negotiate settlement agreements. The proposed legislation allows a denial, suspension, or revocation of a permit to be appealed to L&I. The RHOs will be required to a hold a hearing within two working days of the revoked permit holder's appeal.

Information Technology

The expenditure calculations in this fiscal note include changes to the hourly rates for contract technology based on an annual analysis completed by L&I. These changes include rates based on expert skill level and an inflationary factor in all categories. All expenditures in this section are for the 2023-25 biennium.

Contract developers will develop a new IT system to issue and track inspection permits, accept payments, track and manage inspections via an online portal, and track certifications. Software is also required for this effort.

A total of \$605,107 is needed in the 2023-25 biennium for information technology changes. This includes:

- Contractor costs \$255,107 is needed for 1,613 contractor hours
- Software \$350,000

Rule making

\$5,000 is needed for two rule making hearings to occur during fiscal year 2025. The average cost of one rule making hearing is \$2,500 (Two hearings X \$2,500 each = \$5,000).

Attorney General

The Attorney General estimates a cost of \$92,000 in FY26 and \$30,000 in each subsequent year.

Indirect Costs

The amount included in this fiscal note for indirect is:

ı	Fund	Name	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
	608	Accident	0	44,000	55,000	55,000	55,000	55,000
	609	Medical Aid	0	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
		Total:	\$0	\$54,000	\$65,000	\$65,000	\$65,000	\$65,000

The department assesses an indirect rate to cover agency-wide administrative costs. Labor and Industries' indirect rate is applied on salaries, benefits, and standard costs. For fiscal note purposes, the total indirect amount is converted into salary and benefits for partial or full indirect FTEs. Salary and benefits costs are based on a Fiscal Analyst 5 (Range 59, Step G).

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

This legislation would result in rule changes to:

• WAC 296-155 Part L – Cranes rigging, and personnel lifting



Multiple Agency Ten-Year Analysis Summary

Bill Number	Title
2022 2S HB	Construction crane safety

This ten-year analysis is limited to the estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increases.

Estimated Cash Receipts

Office of Attorney General	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Caseload Forecast Council	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department of Labor and Industries Indeterminate Impact	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Ten-Year Analysis

Bill Number	Title	Agency							
2022 2S HB Construction crane safety 100 Office of Attorney General									
This ten-year analysis is limited to agency ten-year projection can be found at http://	y estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increas /www.ofm.wa.gov/tax/default.asp .	es. The Office of Financial Management							
Estimates									

X No Cash Receipts	Pa			Partially Indeterminate Cash Receipts					Indeterminate Cash Receipts			
Name of Tax or Fee	Acct Code											

Agency Preparation: Chad Standifer	Phone: 3605863650	Date: 2/12/2024 9:38:53 pm
Agency Approval: Edd Giger	Phone: 360-586-2104	Date: 2/12/2024 9:38:53 pm
OFM Review:	Phone:	Date:



X No Cash Receipts

Ten-Year Analysis

Bill Number	Title	Agency
2022 2S HB	Construction crane safety	101 Caseload Forecast Council
This ten-year analysis is limited to agency ten-year projection can be found at http://	y estimated cash receipts associated with the proposed tax or fee increas /www.ofm.wa.gov/tax/default.asp .	es. The Office of Financial Management
Estimates		

I Name of tax of ree	Acct Code					

Indeterminate Cash Receipts

Partially Indeterminate Cash Receipts

Agency Preparation: Clela Steelhammer	Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 2/9/2024 9:29:18 am
Agency Approval: Clela Steelhammer	Phone: 360-664-9381	Date: 2/9/2024 9:29:18 am
OFM Review:	Phone:	Date:



Ten-Year Analysis

Bill Number	Title Agency											
2022 2S HB	Const	nstruction crane safety					235 Department of Labor and Industries					
This ten-year analysis is limited to agenc en-year projection can be found at http://	-		•		ith the propo	osed tax or	fee increas	es. The Off	ice of Finar	ncial Manaç	gement	
Estimates												
No Cash Receipts		P	Partially I	ndetermi	inate Cas	h Receip	ots	X	Indeterm	inate Ca	sh Recei _l	ots
Estimated Cash Receipts												
Name of Tax or Fee	Acct Code											
Total												

Biennial Totals

Narrative Explanation (Required for Indeterminate Cash Receipts)

This bill makes it discretionary for L&I to use permit fees to fund the crane permit program. At this time, determining the number of cranes that will be put in service each year is not known and making cash receipts and cost per permit indeterminate.

Agency Preparation: Allison Kaech	Phone:	360-902-4530	Date:	2/12/2024	3:39:36 pm
Agency Approval: Trent Howard	Phone:	360-902-6698	Date:	2/12/2024	3:39:36 pm
OFM Review:	Phone:		Date:		