Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB

Title: Hog-tying

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name		20	023-25	25 2025-27				2027-29				
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
State Lottery	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Washington State Gambling Commission	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Office of Insurance Commissioner	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis Board	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Utilities and Transportation Commission	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Washington State Patrol	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Criminal Justice Training Commission	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Social and Health Services	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
University of Washington	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Washington State University	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le						•			
Eastern Washington University	Fiscal n	ote not availab	le									
Central Washington University	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
The Evergreen State College	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Western Washington University	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
State Parks and Recreation Commission	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Fish and Wildlife	.0	0	0	0	.0	0		0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Natural Resources	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other			105,644							
Local Gov. Total			105,644							

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
State Lottery	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Washington State	Fiscal r	note not availabl	e						
Gambling Commission							1		
Office of Insurance	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Commissioner									
Liquor and Cannabis	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Board									
Utilities and	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Transportation									
Commission									
Washington State Patrol	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Criminal Justice Training Commission	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Social and	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Health Services									
Department of	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Corrections									
University of Washington	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Washington State	Fiscal r	note not availabl	e						
University									
Eastern Washington	Fiscal r	note not availabl	e						
University									
Central Washington	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
University									
The Evergreen State	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
College									
Western Washington	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
University									
State Parks and	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Recreation Commission									
Department of Fish and	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Wildlife									
Department of Natural	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Resources									
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0
i otal 9		·	. · · ·		•	-	1	• 1	•

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Danya Clevenger, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 688-6413	Preliminary 2/13/2024

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 1	16-State Lottery
Part I: Estimates			
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expenditure NONE	s from:		
Estimated Capital Budget Impact:			
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure es and alternate ranges (if appropriate)	timates on this page represent the most likely fisco), are explained in Part II.	al impact. Factors impacting the	e precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follow	w corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennin	um or in subsequent biennia,	complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than \$5	0,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia, con	nplete this page only (Part I
Capital budget impact, compl	ete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making, co	omplete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Ryan Gian	nnini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation: John Iyall		Phone: 360-810-2870	Date: 02/12/2024

Agency Approval: OFM Review: Josh Johnston

Cheri Keller

Date: 02/12/2024

Date: 02/12/2024

Phone: 360-810-2878

Phone: (360) 584-2207

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

There is no fiscal impact. Pursuant to RCW 67.70.330, Washington's lottery is a limited authority law enforcement agency as defined in RCW 10.69.020. However, Lottery employees are not authorized by the agency to apprehend or restrain suspects in any manner, including the use of hog-tying.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number:	6009 E S SB	Title:	Hog-tying	Agency:	160-Office of Insurance Commissioner
art I: Esti	mates				
X No Fisca	l Impact				
Estimated Cash	Receipts to:				
NONE					
Estimated Ope NONE	rating Expenditure	s from:			
stimated Capi	tal Budget Impact:				
NONE					

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Michael Walker	Phone: 360-725-7036	Date: 02/09/2024
Agency Approval:	Bryon Welch	Phone: 360-725-7037	Date: 02/09/2024
OFM Review:	Jason Brown	Phone: (360) 742-7277	Date: 02/12/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 2 prohibits peace officers from hog-tying a person or assisting in putting a person into a hog-tie.

The Office of Insurance Commissioner's Criminal Investigations Unit does not allow hog-tying in their policies or practices and does not engage in this type of restraint. Therefore, no fiscal impact.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 195-Liquor and Cannabis Board
Part I: Estimates		
X No Fiscal Impact		
Estimated Cash Receipts to:		
NONE		
Estimated Operating Expenditure NONE	es from:	
Estimated Capital Budget Impact	:	
NONE		

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Colin O Neill	Phone: (360) 664-4552	Date: 02/09/2024
Agency Approval:	Aaron Hanson	Phone: 360-664-1701	Date: 02/09/2024
OFM Review:	Val Terre	Phone: (360) 280-3973	Date: 02/09/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1: The legislature finds that, in the quest to ensure that all communities are and feel safe, it is important to take guidance from published model policies, comport with statewide standards and training on restraint tactics, and prohibit hog-tying and other similar tactics that are inhumane, outdated, and have led to the unnecessary loss of human life.

Section 2: New definition - "Hog-tie" or "hog-tying" means fastening together bound or restrained ankles to bound or restrained wrists. Clarifies that use of a product or device that does not require fastening together bound or restrained ankles to bound or restrained wrists is not a hog-tie or hog-tying.

Section 3:

1) Prohibits a peace officer from hog-tying a person or assisting in putting a person into a hog-tie.

2) Any identifiable on-duty peace officer who witnesses another peace officer engaging or attempting to engage in the hog-tying of another person has a duty to intervene when in a position to do so to end the hog-tie or attempted hog-tie, or to prevent the further use of hog-tying, and shall report such wrongdoing as provided under RCW 10.93.190.

3) A peace officer shall also render aid at the earliest safe opportunity in accordance with RCW 36.28A.445, to any person injured as a result of the hog-tie.

Section 4: this act takes effect immediately.

EFFECTS OF ESSB:

A striking floor amendment was added to the ESSB that amends the definition of hog-tie and hog-tying to mean fastening together bound or restrained ankles to bound or restrained wrists. Clarifies that use of a product or device that does not require fastening together bound or restrained ankles to bound or restrained wrists is not a hog-tie or hog-tying.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No fiscal impact.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S S	B Title:	Hog-tying	Agency: 215-Utilities and Transportation Commission
Part I: Estimates			
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to	:		
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expe NONE	nditures from:		
Estimated Capital Budget I	mpact:		
NONE			

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Kim Anderson	Phone: 360-664-1153	Date: 02/13/2024
Agency Approval:	Kim Anderson	Phone: 360-664-1153	Date: 02/13/2024
OFM Review:	Tiffany West	Phone: (360) 890-2653	Date: 02/13/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

UTC assumes there is no fiscal impact resulting from this legislation. The UTC is a limited law enforcement agency but does not commission employees as peace officers, nor does it enforce criminal law. UTC employees do not receive certification as criminal justice personnel. While the employees have badges for identification purposes, the employee do not detain individuals of the public.

This bill creates new sections of the law regarding the prohibited use of hog-typing tactics for law enforcement. This bill speaks specifically to peace officers.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

UTC assumes no cash receipts will go to UTC as a result of this legislation.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

UTC assumes it will not have any expenditures as a result of this legislation.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

UTC assumes it will not be required to conduct a rulemaking as a result of this legislation.

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 2	225-Washington State Patrol
Part I: Estimates			
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expendite NONE	ires from:		
Estimated Capital Budget Impa	et:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropria	e estimates on this page represent the most likely fisco ate), are explained in Part II.	al impact. Factors impacting th	e precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and for	low corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater th form Parts I-V.	an \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienniu	ım or in subsequent biennia,	complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia, co	mplete this page only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, con	nplete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making	complete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Ryan C	iannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation: Megan	Given	Phone: 360-596-4049	Date: 02/09/2024
Agency Approval: Mario	Buono	Phone: (360) 596-4046	Date: 02/09/2024

Tiffany West

OFM Review:

Date: 02/09/2024

Phone: (360) 890-2653

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The changes in the engrossed substitute version of this bill do not change our assessment that there is no fiscal impact to the Washington State Patrol (WSP) from this legislation.

Subsection 2(1) prohibits a peace officer from hog-tying a person, or assisting another in doing so. Subsection 2(2) is added to this version of the bill stating that hog-tying is excessive force for purposes of RCW 10.93.190.

Section 2(3) defines the meaning of hog-tying, with changes in the definition made from the original bill.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

There are no cash receipts to the WSP from this legislation.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Our policies are currently in line with the bill, but might need to be written somewhat differently after consultation with the Office of the Attorney General. Otherwise we believe our current practice aligns with the intent of the bill. If we do need to change policy, we believe the impact would be largely insignificant, with perhaps five hours of policy development, review, concurrence and publishing and perhaps taking one minute of presentation in current recurring training.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

- Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE
- IV. D Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S	S SB Ti	tle: Hog-tying	Α	Agency: 227-Criminal Justice Training Commission
Part I: Estimates	·			
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts	to:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Ex NONE	penditures fro	om:		
Estimated Capital Budge	et Impact:			
NONE				

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Brian Elliott	Phone: 206-835-7337	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Approval:	Brian Elliott	Phone: 206-835-7337	Date: 02/08/2024
OFM Review:	Danya Clevenger	Phone: (360) 688-6413	Date: 02/09/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

There is no fiscal impact to the Criminal Justice Training Commission as tactics that comply with the model use of force policies put forward by the state's attorney general will be implemented in existing training provided to law enforcement agencies.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill has no cash receipt impact.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- **IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures** NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 300-Department of Social and Health Services
Part I: Estimates		
X No Fiscal Impact		
Estimated Cash Receipts to:		
NONE		
Estimated Operating Expenditur NONE	es from:	
Estimated Capital Budget Impact	:	
NONE		

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact.	Factors impacting the precision of these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.	

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Cassi Postma	Phone: 3609999999	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Approval:	Dan Winkley	Phone: 360-902-8236	Date: 02/08/2024
OFM Review:	Arnel Blancas	Phone: (360) 000-0000	Date: 02/13/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

There is no fiscal impact to the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS). This bill prohibits peace officers from utilizing the practice of hog-tying which means connecting a hobble restraint to handcuffs or other types of restraints. DSHS does not have peace officers and therefore the provisions of this bill do not apply.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S	SB Title:	Hog-tying	Agency: 310-Department of Corrections
Part I: Estimates			
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts	to:		
NONE			
Estimated Operating Exp NONE	enditures from:		
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:		
NONE			

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Jaymie Hall	Phone: (360) 725-8428	Date: 02/13/2024
Agency Approval:	Michael Steenhout	Phone: (360) 789-0480	Date: 02/13/2024
OFM Review:	Danya Clevenger	Phone: (360) 688-6413	Date: 02/13/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

ES SB 6009 prohibits the use of hog-tying; enacts and amends RCW 10.116.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

We assume this bill will have no fiscal impact to the Department of Corrections (DOC). DOC training is compliant in de-escalation tactics as defined in RCW 10.120.010 and "hog tying" is not a DOC restraint method.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6000 E C SD	Titlet Heating	A 2	60 University of Whis-
Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 3	60-University of Washington
Part I: Estimates			
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expenditure NONE	s from:		
Estimated Capital Budget Impact:			
NONE			
The cash receipts and expenditure es and alternate ranges (if appropriate)	timates on this page represent the most likely fisca), are explained in Part II.	l impact. Factors impacting the	precision of these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follow	w corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienniu	m or in subsequent biennia, c	complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than \$5	0,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia, con	nplete this page only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, compl	ete Part IV.		
Requires new rule making, co	omplete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: Ryan Giar	nnini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation: Michael L	antz	Phone: 2065437466	Date: 02/13/2024

Michael Lantz

Ramona Nabors

Agency Approval:

OFM Review:

Date: 02/13/2024

Date: 02/13/2024

Phone: 2065437466

Phone: (360) 742-8948

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 6009 revises the definition of "hog-tying" and prohibits its use by law enforcement. It also states that hog-tying constitutes excessive force for the purposes of RCW 10.93.190.

As with previous versions of this bill, there is no expected fiscal impact to the University of Washington Police Department (UWPD), or the University as a whole, from ESSB 6009. Any needed updates to UWPD trainings and procedures can be done using existing resources.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- III. A Operating Budget Expenditures NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009	E S SB Title:	Hog-tying	Agency: 375-Central Washington University
Part I: Estimate	S		
X No Fiscal Impa	ct		
Estimated Cash Recei	pts to:		
NONE			
Estimated Operating NONE	Expenditures from:		
Estimated Capital Bu	dget Impact:		
NONE			

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Alexa Orcutt	Phone: 5099632955	Date: 02/09/2024
Agency Approval:	Lisa Plesha	Phone: (509) 963-1233	Date: 02/09/2024
OFM Review:	Ramona Nabors	Phone: (360) 742-8948	Date: 02/09/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

6009 ES SB replaces sections 2-4 with a new section added to chapter 10.116 RCW. Prohibiting a peace officer from hog-tying a person or assisting in putting a person into a hog-tie. Hog-tying will constitute the use of excessive force. Defines "hog-tie" or "hog-tying" for the purposes of this section.

CWU does not estimate any fiscal impact based on the language of this bill.

Summary from original 6009 SB is below:

Section 1: New: For criminal justice systems (including law enforcement) to secure public trust and ensure accountability, the legislature finds that it is important to discontinue practices/tactics that dehumanize and create unnecessary risk of harm and/or death to the people they serve. To ensure continuity and oversight in the standards applied across the profession, it's important that law enforcement is using up-to-date tactics that come with adequate training from the criminal justice training commission. This includes tactics that comply with the model use of force policies put forward by our state's attorney general. In the pursuit to ensure that all communities are/feel safe, the legislature finds that its important to take guidance from published model policies, comport with statewide standards and training on restraint tactics, and prohibit hog-tying and other similar tactics that are inhumane and outdated.

Section 2: Reenacting and amending RCW 10.120.010 and 2022 c 80 s 2 and 2022 c 4 s 2: (3) Defining "hog-tie" or "hog-tying" as connecting a hobble restraint to handcuffs or other types of restraints.

Section 3: New section added to chapter 10.120 RCW:

(1) Peace officer is prohibited from: (a) hog-tying a person; (b) assisting in putting a person into a hog-tie.

(2) Any identifiable on-duty peace officer who witnesses another peace officer attempting or engaging in hog-tying another person has a duty to intervene when in a position to do so to end the hog-tie or attempted hog-tie, or to prevent the further use of hog-tying. And shall report such wrongdoing as provided under RCW 10.93.190.

(3) Peace officer shall also give aid at the earliest safe opportunity in accordance with RCW 36.28A.445, to any person injured because of the hog-tie.

Section 4: New: Would take effect immediately.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 376-The Evergreen State College
Part I: Estimates		
X No Fiscal Impact		
Estimated Cash Receipts to:		
NONE		
Estimated Operating Expendit NONE	tures from:	
Estimated Capital Budget Imp	act:	
NONE		

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Daniel Ralph	Phone: 360-867-6500	Date: 02/09/2024
Agency Approval:	Lisa Dawn-Fisher	Phone: 564-233-1577	Date: 02/09/2024
OFM Review:	Ramona Nabors	Phone: (360) 742-8948	Date: 02/09/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

SE 6009 prohibits the practice of hog-tying by law enforcement officers.

This version of the bill removes former sections 2 and 3.

The practice of hog-tying is already prohibited and the revisions in this version of the bill do not create any new costs for the college. There is no fiscal impact.

SB 6009 prohibits the practice of hog-tying.

Section 1 expresses the legislative intent to end the use of hog-tying and other similar tactics that are inhumane, outdated and have led to unnecessary loss of human life.

Section 2.3 defines hog-tying as "connecting a hobble restraint to handcuffs or other types of restraints."

Section 3 prohibits a peace officer from hog-tying a person or assisting in putting a person into a hog-tie.

Section 3.2 states that any identifiable on-duty peace officer who witnesses another officer attempting to hog-tie another person has a duty to intervene when in a position to do so, and shall report such wrong-doing as provided under RCW 10.93.190.

Section 3.3 states that a peace officer shall render aid at the earliest safe opportunity to anyone injured as a result of the hog-tie.

Section 4 states that this act will take effect immediately if it becomes law.

The practice of hog-tying is already prohibited and adding this detail to the RCW creates no fiscal impact for the college.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

Hog-tying Form FN (Rev 1/00) 194,091.00 FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note **III. C - Operating FTE Detail:** *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- **IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures** NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

- Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE
- **IV. D Capital FTE Detail:** FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 380-Western Washington University
Part I: Estimates		
X No Fiscal Impact		
Estimated Cash Receipts to:		
NONE		
Estimated Operating Expend NONE	litures from:	
Estimated Capital Budget Im	pact:	
NONE		

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Timothy Davenport	Phone: 3606503257	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Approval:	Anna Hurst	Phone: 360-650-3569	Date: 02/12/2024
OFM Review:	Ramona Nabors	Phone: (360) 742-8948	Date: 02/12/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

New Section 2: Prohibits a peace officer from "hog-tying" or assisting in "hog-tying" a person as defined in this section.

Fiscal Analysis:

The WWU police department does employ "hog-tying" restraint. No fiscal impact.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- **III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose**

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB	Title: Hog-tying	Agency: 465-State Parks and Recreation Commission
Part I: Estimates		
X No Fiscal Impact		
Estimated Cash Receipts to:		
NONE		
Estimated Operating Expenditures NONE	s from:	
Estimated Capital Budget Impact:		
NONE		

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Robert Ingram	Phone: (360) 902-8615	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Approval:	Frank Gillis	Phone: (360) 902-8538	Date: 02/08/2024
OFM Review:	Matthew Hunter	Phone: (360) 529-7078	Date: 02/08/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This engrossed substitute bill prohibits the use of hog-tying as a means of restraint by State law enforcement.

If enacted, this bill would have no fiscal impact on State Parks. The agency's law enforcement personnel do not engage in hog-tying as a form of restraint.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

If enacted, this bill would have no fiscal impact on State Parks. The agency's law enforcement personnel do not engage in hog-tying as a form of restraint.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

None.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 6009 E S	SB Title:	Hog-tying	-Department of Fish and dlife
Part I: Estimates			
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts	to:		
NONE			
Estimated Operating Ex NONE	penditures from:		
Estimated Capital Budge	t Impact:		
NONE			

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	David Hoeveler	Phone: (360) 970-1638	Date: 02/13/2024
Agency Approval:	David Hoeveler	Phone: (360) 970-1638	Date: 02/13/2024
OFM Review:	Matthew Hunter	Phone: (360) 529-7078	Date: 02/13/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Differences between SB and ESSB:

Sections 2 and 4 have been removed from the original Senate Bill.

New Section 2 removes language instructing peace officers to intervene when witnessing other officers engage in "hog-tying."

New Description:

Section 2 prohibits peace officers from hog-tying a person or assisting in putting a person into a hog-tie.

The above changes do not change the Department's current operations, no fiscal impact for WDFW.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

Hog-tying Form FN (Rev 1/00) 194,112.00 FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number:	6009 E S SB	Title:	Hog-tying	Agency: 490-Department of Natural Resources
Part I: Estir	nates			
X No Fiscal	l Impact			
Estimated Cash	Receipts to:			
NONE				
Estimated Open NONE	rating Expenditure	s from:		
Estimated Capit	tal Budget Impact:			
NONE				

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Preparation:	Andrew Hills	Phone: /	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Approval:	Angela Konen	Phone: 360-902-2165	Date: 02/12/2024
OFM Review:	Lisa Borkowski	Phone: (360) 742-2239	Date: 02/12/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill as currently written would prohibit the use of any "hobble" type restraint that attaches to handcuffs that have already been applied for detention/arrest of a suspect.

If enacted, it would require minimal training for DNR Law Enforcement. This training would review the restrictions placed on an officer who might assists another officer in applying a "hobble" restraint device.

DNR Law Enforcement does not and has not utilized any forms of "hobble" restraints.

This version of the bill eliminates Section 3 from the previous version and updates definitions of "hog-tying."

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number:	6009 E S SB	Title:	Hog-tying
Part I: Juri	isdiction-Locat	ion, type o	or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.
Legislation]	Impacts:		
X Cities: Co	sts for training for la	w enforcem	nent officers
X Counties:	Same as above		
Special Dist	ricts:		
Specific juri	sdictions only:		
Variance oc	curs due to:		
Part II: Es	stimates		
No fiscal in	npacts.		
Expenditure	es represent one-time	e costs:	

Legislation provides local option:

Key variables cannot be estimated with certainty at this time:

Estimated revenue impacts to:

None

Estimated expenditure impacts to:

Jurisdiction	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
City		78,656	78,656		
County		26,988	26,988		
TOTAL \$		105,644	105,644		
GRAND TOTAL \$		-			105,644

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Alice Zillah	Phone: 360-725-5035	Date: 02/09/2024
Leg. Committee Contact: Ryan Giannini	Phone: 3607867285	Date: 02/08/2024
Agency Approval: Allan Johnson	Phone: 360-725-5033	Date: 02/09/2024
OFM Review: Danya Clevenger	Phone: (360) 688-6413	Date: 02/09/2024

Bill Number: 6009 E S SB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

CHANGES BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PRIOR VERSION OF THE BILL:

The engrossed substitute amends the definition of hog-tie and hog-tying and provides exceptions on what constitutes a hog-tie and hog-tying. This does not change the costs discussed below.

SUMMARY OF THE BILL:

Sec. 2 adds a new section to RCW 10.116. A peace officer is prohibited from hog-tying a person or assisting in putting a person into a hog-tie. Hog-tying shall constitute the use of excessive force for the purposes of RCW 10.93.190. For purposes of this section, "hog-tie" or "hog-tying" means fastening together bound or restrained ankles to bound or restrained wrists.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The proposed legislation would require approximately \$105,644 in one-time costs for law enforcement training. The Local Government Fiscal Note Program assumes these costs would be seen in fiscal year 2025.

According to the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC), all local law enforcement officers would need to go through training regarding the modification this bill would make to existing law enforcement duties. WASPC estimates that approximately 10 minutes of training would be required per law enforcement officer. This training would require a one-time cost of \$78,656 for cities and \$26,988 for counties, for a total one-time cost to local governments of \$105,644.

The 2022 Crime in Washington Report conducted by WASPC states that there are 6,647 commissioned officers in police departments and 2,249 commissioned officers in sheriff's departments, for a total of 8,896 commissioned law enforcement employees that would require training. The 2024 Local Government Fiscal Note Program Criminal Justice Cost Model estimates the average hourly salary (including benefits and overhead) for an officer employed by a city to be \$71, and the same figure for an officer employed by a county to be \$72.

Cities: 6,647 officers X 10 minutes X \$71 average hourly salary plus benefits and overhead = \$78,656

Counties: 2,249 officers X 10 minutes X \$72 average hourly salary plus benefits and overhead = \$26,988

Total: \$105,644

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would have no revenue impacts for local governments.

SOURCES:

Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs Association of Washington Cities Salary and Benefit Survey