Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 2447 2S HB

Title: Children and families

Estimated Cash Receipts

| | | | | | 2025-27 2027-29 | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------------|-------|
| | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total |
| Department of | Non-zero but i | ndeterminate cos | t and/or savings | . Please see disc | ussion. | = | | | |
| Children, Youth, and | | | | | | | | | |
| Families | | | | | | | | | |

| 2023-25 | | 2025 | -27 | 2027-29 | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| GF- State | Total | GF- State | Total | GF- State | Total | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| No fiscal impact | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | GF- State | GF- State Total | GF- State Total GF- State | GF- State Total GF- State Total | GF- State Total GF- State Total GF- State | | | |

Estimated Operating Expenditures

| Agency Name | | | 2023-25 | | | 2 | 025-27 | | | | 2027-29 | |
|---|----------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total |
| Administrative Office of the Courts | 1.0 | 479,400 | 479,400 | 479,400 | 2.0 | 939,600 | 939,600 | 939,600 | 2.0 | 939,600 | 939,600 | 939,600 |
| Office of Public Defense | .9 | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 1.8 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 | 1.8 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |
| Office of Civil Legal Aid | Fiscal n | ote not availa | ble | | | | | | | | | |
| Office of Attorney General | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Department of Commerce | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Washington State Health Care Authority | Fiscal n | ote not availa | ble | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Health | Fiscal n | ote not availa | ble | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Children, Youth, and Families | .0 | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | .0 | 1,048,000 | 1,048,000 | 1,048,000 | .0 | 76,000 | 76,000 | 76,000 |
| Department of Children, Youth, and Families | In addit | ion to the esti | mate above,ther | e are additional i | ndetermi | nate costs and | d/or savings. Pl | ease see indivi | idual fisc | al note. | | |
| Total \$ | 1.9 | 2,597,224 | 2,597,224 | 2,597,224 | 3.8 | 4,165,622 | 4,165,622 | 4,165,622 | 3.8 | 3,193,622 | 3,193,622 | 3,193,622 |

| | 2023-25 | | | 2025-27 | | | 2027-29 | | |
|--------|-----------------------|-------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| No fis | cal impact | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | FTEs No fis | | FTEs GF-State Total | FTEs GF-State Total FTEs | FTEs GF-State Total FTEs GF-State | FTEs GF-State Total FTEs GF-State Total | FTEs GF-State Total FTEs GF-State Total FTEs | FTEs GF-State Total FTEs GF-State Total FTEs GF-State | |

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

| Agency Name | | 2023-25 | | | 2025-27 | | | 2027-29 | |
|---------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|---------|-------|
| | FTEs | Bonds | Total | FTEs | Bonds | Total | FTEs | Bonds | Total |
| Administrative Office of | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 |
| the Courts | | | | | | | | | |
| Office of Public Defense | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 |
| Office of Civil Legal Aid | Fiscal r | note not availabl | e | | | | | | |
| Office of Attorney | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 |
| General | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Commerce | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 |
| Washington State Health | Fiscal r | note not availabl | e | | | | | | |
| Care Authority | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Health | Fiscal r | note not availabl | e | | | | | | |
| Department of Children, | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 |
| Youth, and Families | | | | | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 |

| Agency Name | | 2023-25 | | | 2025-27 | | | 2027-29 | | |
|---------------------|------------------|----------|-------|------|----------|-------|------|----------|-------|--|
| | FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total | |
| Local Gov. Courts | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loc School dist-SPI | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Other | No fiscal impact | | | | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Total | | | | | | | | | | |

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

| Prepared by: Carly Kujath, OFM | Phone: | Date Published: |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| | (360) 790-7909 | Preliminary 2/18/2024 |

Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

| Bill Number: | 2447 28 HB | Title: | Children and families | Agency: | 055-Administrative Office of the Courts | |
|--------------|------------|--------|-----------------------|---------|---|--|
|--------------|------------|--------|-----------------------|---------|---|--|

Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Expenditures from:

| STATE | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| State FTE Staff Years | | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Account | | | | | |
| General Fund-State 001-1 | | 479,400 | 479,400 | 939,600 | 939,600 |
| State Subtotal \$ | | 479,400 | 479,400 | 939,600 | 939,600 |
| COUNTY | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
| County FTE Staff Years | | | | | |
| Account | | | | | |
| Local - Counties | | | | | |
| Counties Subtotal \$ | | | | | |
| CITY | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
| City FTE Staff Years | | | | | |
| Account | | | | | |
| Local - Cities | | | | | |
| Cities Subtotal \$ | | | | | |

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The revenue and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Responsibility for expenditures may be subject to the provisions of RCW 43.135.060.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note fo Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I). Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

| Legislative Contact | Jackie Kauble | Phone: 360-786-7125 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Agency Preparation: | Angie Wirkkala | Phone: 360-704-5528 | Date: 02/13/2024 |
| Agency Approval: | Chris Stanley | Phone: 360-357-2406 | Date: 02/13/2024 |
| OFM Review: | Gaius Horton | Phone: (360) 819-3112 | Date: 02/13/2024 |

194,471.00

Form FN (Rev 1/00)

Request # 203-1 Bill # <u>2447 2S HB</u>

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

This bill would address the support to children, families, and child welfare workers by improving services and clarifying the child removal process in circumstances involving high-potency synthetic opioids.

Section 108(1)(c) would amend judicial training requirements in RCW 2.56.230 related to superior courts participating in the Family and Youth Justice Court Improvement Program. Within six months of assuming duties in a family and juvenile court, required training topics must also include the risk and danger presented to children and youth by high-potency synthetic opioids, policies and procedures of the Department of Children, Youth, and Families regarding safety and service planning, and the Washington State legal standards for removal of a child based on abuse or neglect.

Section 108(2)(b) would expand the eligible costs family and juvenile courts may receive reimbursement for to include the costs of training to professionals involved in child welfare court proceedings including, but not limited to, attorneys and guardians ad litem.

Section 109 would require the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) provide funding to a statewide organization focused on advocating for the best interest of children experiencing abuse and neglect to develop and provide training on a number of topics.

II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

None

II. C - Expenditures

To deliver the required training to judges, commissioners, and court partners that would be required under the bill, the AOC's Family and Youth Justice Program would need additional training capacity and pass-thru funding to courts.

The work of applying synthetic opioid information to the existing task dependency professionals have of assessing child safety and developing effective safety plans to keep children in their homes when a parent is struggling with a substance use disorder would include:

Total Costs: FY 2025 \$479,000 one-time, \$470,000 per fiscal year ongoing

Training Resources. The AOC would need to add two additional trainers to develop and provide current, science-based fentanyl and child safety training to judicial officers and other court partners. The new staff would also facilitate cross-system learning events to support community building and respect at the court level.

Safety and Substance Use Training Specialist (Senior Court Program Analyst) and Dependency Court Distance Learning Specialist (Court Education Professional). Beginning July 1, 2024 and ongoing, AOC would require salary, benefits, and associated standard costs for 2.0 FTE focused on training.

Additionally, AOC would need additional travel funding for the staff to support in-person training (\$2,000 per year) and to contract for subject matter expertise in safety and fentanyl/substance use disorder work (\$5,000 per year).

Grant Funding. Within current resources, the AOC only has enough funding to reimburse courts for salary and benefits of local court coordinators. Expanding the eligible costs of the program with the expectation of broadening training to professionals involved in child welfare cases would require \$64,000 each fiscal year ongoing to be granted to participating courts. The funding would cover cross-system convenings including speaker fees, facility and meeting logistic fees, materials, and pro tem coverage.

Pass-Thru Funding. AOC assumes the requirements of Section 109 would be a pass-thru to the Washington Association of Child Advocate Programs. AOC would pass \$60,000 to WACAP each year for regional program trainings for guardians ad litem.

Explanation of standard costs by object: Salary estimates are current biennium actual rates at Step L. Benefits are the agency average of 30.59% of salaries. Goods and Services are the agency average of \$3,600 per direct program FTE. Travel is the agency average of \$2,000 per direct program FTE.

194,471.00

Form FN (Rev 1/00)

FNS061 Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

Ongoing Equipment is the agency average of \$1,800 per direct program FTE. One-time IT Equipment is \$4,800 for the first fiscal year per direct program FTE. Agency Indirect is calculated at a rate of 25.86% of direct program salaries and benefits.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (State)

| <u>State</u> | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| FTE Staff Years | | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | | 197,100 | 197,100 | 394,200 | 394,200 |
| Employee Benefits | | 60,300 | 60,300 | 120,600 | 120,600 |
| Professional Service Contracts | | 5,000 | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Goods and Other Services | | 7,200 | 7,200 | 14,400 | 14,400 |
| Travel | | 6,000 | 6,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 |
| Capital Outlays | | 13,200 | 13,200 | 7,200 | 7,200 |
| Inter Agency/Fund Transfers | | | | | |
| Grants, Benefits & Client Services | | 124,000 | 124,000 | 248,000 | 248,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Interagency Reimbursements | | | | | |
| Intra-Agency Reimbursements | | 66,600 | 66,600 | 133,200 | 133,200 |
| Total \$ | | 479,400 | 479,400 | 939,600 | 939,600 |

III. B - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (County)

NONE

III. C - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (City)

NONE

III. D - FTE Detail

| Job Classification | Salary | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Court Education Professional | 88,800 | | 1.0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Senior Court Program Analyst | 108,300 | | 1.0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Total FTEs | | | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |

III. E - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B1 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (State) NONE

IV. B2 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (County)

NONE

IV. B3 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (City)

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

None

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

| Bill Number: | 2447 2S HB | Title: | Children and families | Agency: 056-Office of Public Defense |
|--------------|------------|--------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
|--------------|------------|--------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|

Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

| | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| FTE Staff Years | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Account | | | | | |
| General Fund-State 001-1 | 0 | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |
| Total \$ | 0 | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

X If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

| Legislative Contact: | Jackie Kauble | Phone: 360-786-7125 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Agency Preparation: | Amelia Watson | Phone: 360-586-3164 1 | Date: 02/15/2024 |
| Agency Approval: | Sophia Byrd McSherry | Phone: 360-586-3164 | Date: 02/15/2024 |
| OFM Review: | Gaius Horton | Phone: (360) 819-3112 | Date: 02/15/2024 |

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The following provisions of Second Substitute House Bill 2447 are anticipated to impact the Office of Public Defense.

• Section 101 amends RCW 13.34.030 to define high-potency synthetic opioid.

• Section 102 amends RCW 13.34.050 so that a court may enter an order removing a child when the court finds reasonable grounds it is necessary to prevent imminent physical harm due to a high-potency synthetic opioid. It also requires the court to give great weight to the lethality of high-potency synthetic opioids and public health guidance related to high-potency synthetic opioids.

• Section 103 amends RCW 13.34.065 to require the court at shelter care to give great weight to the lethality of high-potency synthetic opioids and public health guidance related to high-potency synthetic opioids when considering whether removal of the child is necessary to prevent imminent physical harm as well as whether participation in services would prevent or eliminate the need for removal.

• Section 104 amends RCW 13.34.130 to require the court at fact finding to give great weight to the lethality of high-potency synthetic opioids and public health guidance related to high-potency synthetic opioids when considering whether manifest danger exists that a child will suffer serious abuse or neglect if not removed from the home.

• Section 105 and 106 amend RCW 26.44.050 and RCW 26.44.056 to find that the child abuse and neglect establishing a basis for imminent physical harm includes high-potency synthetic opioids.

• Section 107 requires DCYF to hire at least six legal liaison positions to assist in the preparation of dependency court cases involving allegations of high-potency synthetic opioids.

• Section 209 makes high-potency synthetic opioid testing strips available to DCYF when investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals and as otherwise appropriate.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

OPD assumes that Sections 101-107 of 2SHB 2447 will have an indeterminate but significant fiscal impact with the minimum anticipated fiscal impact described below. Parent Representation defense social work services and/or expert services will be needed in additional cases.

OPD assumes the following:

• The average percentage of dependency cases where drug abuse is the sole reason or a secondary reason for child removal will increase from 44% (2017-2023) to 49%.

• Using calendar year 2023 dependency case filings as a barometer (1,927 filings), 944 are projected to be drug abuse cases.

• In order to provide effective assistance of counsel, OPD projects that 10% of cases (94 cases) will request a contracted defense social services worker to participate on the case above current referral requests.

• In order to provide effective assistance of counsel, OPD projects that 20% of cases (189 cases) will have contested shelter care hearings that will require, on average, one defense expert per hearing.

• The average cost of a defense expert is projected to be approximately \$2,500. Examples of potential experts include drug toxicology experts, forensic social workers, parenting experts, and substance use disorder experts.

• The cost of defense experts likely will be impacted by the emergent nature of the referrals needed to meet the short timeline of shelter care hearings.

In order to process the additional Parent Representation cases and defense social services and expert services, the Office of Defense requires:

- A .25 FTE fiscal tech to process increased expert service and travel invoices.
- A .5 FTE paralegal to process expert requests, coordinate with experts, and provide other program supports.

• A 1.0 FTE Parents Representation Program managing attorney for additional technical assistance, training, and oversight. (Note that this workload could be absorbed if OPD is funded for a Parents Representation Program training coordinator as provided in the Governor's supplemental budget.)

• 4.0 full-time contracts for defense social work services.

OPD assumes that the statutory change to the fact-finding hearing referenced in Section 104 may create a need for additional legal defense resources at OPD, but the impact is indeterminate at this time. OPD assumes that the minimum of six legal liaison positions (at least one per DCYF region) referenced in Section 107, to assist DCYF and the office of the Attorney General in filing dependency cases, may create a need for additional legal defense resources at OPD, but the impact is indeterminate at this time. OPD assumes that DCYF's use of high-potency synthetic opioid testing strips refenced in Sec. 209 may have an indeterminate cost that will require additional information to identify the fiscal impact; for example, if utilized for forensic investigation.

OPD projects increased annual costs as follows:

- \$182,146 for salaries, as identified at Expenditure Object A (Salaries and Wages).
- \$48,975 for employee benefits, as identified at Expenditure Object B (Employee Benefits).

• \$43,813 for office materials, equipment, and services in the first year and \$25,000 in subsequent years, as identified at Expenditure Object E (Goods and Services).

• \$10,000 for travel for contracted attorneys, defense social work contractors, and experts, as identified at Expenditure Object G (Travel).

• \$350,400 for defense social work contractors, included at Expenditure Object N (Grants & Client Services).

• \$472,500 for Parent Representation Program defense experts, included at Expenditure Object N (Grants & Client Services).

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

| Account | Account Title | Туре | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|---------|---------------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 001-1 | General Fund | State | 0 | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |
| | | Total \$ | 0 | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

| | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| FTE Staff Years | | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| A-Salaries and Wages | | 182,136 | 182,136 | 364,272 | 364,272 |
| B-Employee Benefits | | 48,975 | 48,975 | 97,950 | 97,950 |
| C-Professional Service Contracts | | | | | |
| E-Goods and Other Services | | 43,813 | 43,813 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| G-Travel | | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| J-Capital Outlays | | | | | |
| M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers | | | | | |
| N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services | | 822,900 | 822,900 | 1,645,800 | 1,645,800 |
| P-Debt Service | | | | | |
| S-Interagency Reimbursements | | | | | |
| T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements | | | | | |
| 9- | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 0 | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

| Job Classification | Salary | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Fiscal Tech | 69,072 | | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Managing Attorney | 124,392 | | 1.0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Paralegal | 80,972 | | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Total FTEs | | | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |

.

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

| Program | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Children & Families SSB6109 (030) | | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |
| Total \$ | | 1,107,824 | 1,107,824 | 2,178,022 | 2,178,022 |

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

| Bill Number: 2447 2S HB Title: Children and families Agency: 100-Office of Attorney General |
|---|
|---|

Part I: Estimates

X No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

Estimated Operating Expenditures from: NONE

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

| Legislative Contact: | Jackie Kauble | Phone: 360-786-7125 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Agency Preparation: | Dan Jensen | Phone: 360-664-9429 | Date: 02/14/2024 |
| Agency Approval: | Joe Zawislak | Phone: 360-586-3003 | Date: 02/14/2024 |
| OFM Review: | Val Terre | Phone: (360) 280-3973 | Date: 02/14/2024 |

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

1. The Attorney General's Office (AGO) Administration Division (ADM) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload. Therefore, no costs are included in this request.

2. The AGO Agriculture & Health Division (AHD) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload. Therefore, no costs are included in this request.

3. The AGO Children, Youth, and Families Division (CYF) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload. The enactment of this bill will have a nominal impact on the provision of statewide legal services to the Department of Children, Youth, and Families (DCYF) during the first year the bill is effective, which is assumed to be July 1, 2024 for purposes of this fiscal note. Section 209 requires DCYF to make high-potency synthetic opioid testing strips available to DCYF staff. These can be used when investigating alleged abuse, neglect referrals, and other appropriate matters. During implementation CYF would provide legal advice to DCYF. This bill would require 20 hours of AAG time during the first fiscal year following the bill's effective date. This bill does not add any requirements for DCYF to prove. When DCYF requests a pick-up order, requests to place a child in out-of-home placement at shelter care, or requests to have a child placed out-of-home at disposition due to manifest danger that the child will suffer serious abuse or neglect, the court shall give great weight to the lethality of high-potency synthetic opioids and public health guidance related to high-potency synthetic opioids. The AGO assumes because "public health guidance" is unspecified and undefined, there will be increased litigation during the first year following the bill's effective date about what constitutes "public health guidance" that must be given great weight. DCYF estimates this bill would result in seeking 39 additional pick-up orders and asking for out-of-home placement at 53 additional shelter care hearings. The workload of litigating what constitutes "public health guidance" in these cases during the first fiscal year following the bill's effective is nominal given this estimate. Because the volume of DCYF's dependency filings has not stabilized since HB 1227 became effective on July 1, 2023, the workload of the additional pick-up orders and hearings is indeterminate. New legal services are nominal and costs are not included in this request.

4. The AGO Solicitor General's Office (SGO) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload. Therefore, no costs are included in this request.

5. The AGO Social & Health Services Division (SHO) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload. The enactment of this bill will not impact the provision of legal services to the Health Care Authority (HCA) because the bill mainly impacts the legal obligations for DCYF. Sections 204, 205 and 210 require HCA to implement new programs and contracts. To the extent HCA needs legal advice on these new programs and contracts, estimated legal services are nominal and costs are not included in this request.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

Children and families Form FN (Rev 1/00) 194,739.00 FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- **IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures** NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

- Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE
- IV. D Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

| Bill Number: 2447 2S HB | Title: Children and families | Agency: 1 | 03-Department of Commerce |
|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Part I: Estimates | | | |
| X No Fiscal Impact | | | |
| Estimated Cash Receipts to: | | | |
| NONE | | | |
| Estimated Operating Expenditure NONE | es from: | | |
| Estimated Capital Budget Impact: | | | |
| NONE | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| | | | |
| The cash receipts and expenditure es and alternate ranges (if appropriate, | stimates on this page represent the most likely fisca), are explained in Part II. | l impact. Factors impacting the | precision of these estimates, |
| Check applicable boxes and follo | w corresponding instructions: | | |
| If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V. | \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienniu | m or in subsequent biennia, o | complete entire fiscal note |
| If fiscal impact is less than \$5 | 50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium | or in subsequent biennia, cor | nplete this page only (Part I). |
| Capital budget impact, compl | ete Part IV. | | |
| Requires new rule making, co | omplete Part V. | | |
| Legislative Contact: Jackie Ka | uble | Phone: 360-786-7125 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
| Agency Preparation: Bret Skip | worth | Phone: 360-725-3042 | Date: 02/14/2024 |
| Agency Approval: Bret Skip | worth | Phone: 360-725-3042 | Date: 02/14/2024 |

Cheri Keller

OFM Review:

Date: 02/14/2024

Phone: (360) 584-2207

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

No fiscal impact for the Department of Commerce. The prior impact found in Section 207 is removed.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

With the prior impact found in Sec. 207 removed, no fiscal impact has been determined for the Department of Commerce.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

| Bill Number: 2447 2S HB Title: Children and families | Agency: 307-Department of Children, Youth, and Families |
|--|--|
|--|--|

Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.

Estimated Operating Expenditures from:

| | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 | | |
|---|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|--|--|
| Account | | | | | | | |
| General Fund-State 001-1 | 0 | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 | | |
| Total \$ | 0 | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 | | |
| In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion. | | | | | | | |

Estimated Capital Budget Impact:

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

X If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

X Requires new rule making, complete Part V.

| Legislative Contact: | Jackie Kauble | Phone: 360-786-7125 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Agency Preparation: | Michael Campbell | Phone: 5096544940 | Date: 02/13/2024 |
| Agency Approval: | Sarah Emmans | Phone: 360-628-1524 | Date: 02/13/2024 |
| OFM Review: | Carly Kujath | Phone: (360) 790-7909 | Date: 02/14/2024 |

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Comparison of 2SHB 2447 and SHB 2447

Section 209 requires Department of Children, Youth and Families (DCYF) to make available high-potency synthetic opioid testing strips that can detect the presence of high-potency synthetic opioids that may be used when investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals and otherwise as appropriate.

Section 211 Adds null and void unless specific funding is provided in the budget.

SHB 2447

Section 101 Amends RCW 13.34.030 and 2021 c 304 s 1 and 2021 c 67 s 2 and adds a definition for high-potency synthetic opioids as an unprescribed synthetic opioids classified as a Schedule I or II controlled substance or controlled substance analog in chapter 69.50 RCW and federal law or listed by the pharmacy quality assurance commission in rule including, but not limited to, fentanyl.

Section 102 amends RCW 13.34.050 and 2021 c 211 s 6 and moves 1(b) to 1(c) and added "or a high-potency synthetic opioid. The court shall give great weight to the lethality of high-potency synthetic opioids and public health guidance related to high-potency synthetic opioids."

Section 103 5(a)(ii)(B)(I) amends RCW 13.34.065 and 2021 c 211 s 9, 2021 c 208 s 1 to add "The court shall give great weight to the lethality of high-potency synthetic opioids and public health guidance related to high-potency synthetic opioids when applying the requirements of this subsection".

Section 104 (6)(c) amends RCW 13.34.130 and 2019 c 172 s 12 to "The court shall give great weight to the lethality of high-potency synthetic 5opioids and public health guidance related to high-potency synthetic opioids when applying the requirements of this subsection.

Section 105(2) amends RCW 26.44.050 and 2021 c 211 s 5 and adds "a high-potency synthetic opioid" for reason an officer could take a youth into protective custody. This is new.

Section 106(1) amends RCW 26.44.056 and 2021 c 211 s 4 and adds "a high-potency synthetic opioid" for a reason for an administrator of a hospital or similar institution or any physician, licensed pursuant to chapters 18.71 or 18.57 RCW to detain a child without consent.

Section 107 requires the Department of Children, Youth and Families (DCYF), subject to appropriation, to establish six positions to be created to be legal liaison between the social worker staff and AGOs office related to high potency synthetic opioids. One in each region and to be located in the highest need area.

Section 201 requires DCYF, subject to appropriation, to develop and implement a pilot program of contracted childcare slots for infants in child protective services in locales with the historically highest rates of screened-in intake due to the exposure or presence of high-potency synthetic opioids in the home.

Section 202 requires DCYF, subject to appropriation, to develop and implement a pilot program for contracted home visiting slots.

Section 203 requires DCYF, subject to appropriation, to develop and implement a pilot program that provides support to child welfare workers from public health nurses regarding the following activities related to high potency synthetic opioids: engaging and communicating with families about risks, developing standardized risk assessment procedures, and determining the level of risk presented to a child in a specific case.

Section 206 subject to appropriation, DCYF is required to develop and implement a pilot for third party safety planning participants and public health nurses in up to four department offices.

Section 207 Requires DCYF to provide funding and support for two pilot programs to implement an-evidence-based Comprehensive, intensive, in-home parenting services support model to serve children and families from birth to 18 years old who are in child welfare, children's mental health, or juvenile justice systems. One pilot will serve families west and one pilot will serve families east of the crest of the Cascades. Expires July 1, 2026.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Indeterminate. DCYF receives federal reimbursement of 20% for Title IV-E qualifying child welfare staffing expenditures and 40% for placement costs.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The total cost is INDETERMINATE. DCYF is not able to estimate the costs for some of the requirements in the bill, and some sections are subject to appropriation. DCYF shows costs for sections where an impact can be estimated below.

Children and Family Services Costs

Sections 101-106

These sections of the bill have INDETERMINATE impact in that they could lead to an increase in children removed from the home, taken in custody by law enforcement, or detained in hospitals under the requirement of courts to give "great weight" to the lethality of high-potency synthetic opioids when considering whether children may remain in the home during a request for pickup orders, shelter care hearings, or dispositional hearings. Increased involuntary removals could lead to an increase in child welfare workload and foster care placements.

In the November Child Welfare forecast, the Caseload Forecast Council estimates there will be an average of 5.2 fewer licensed placements per month under the removal standard established in current law (E2SHB 1227 (c 211, 1 2021)). This assumption results in a cumulative reduction of 62.8 cases per year to basic foster care caseload forecast. Under the revised imminent harm standard created in this bill, and the great weigh placed on high-potency synthetic opioids placed by the courts, it is likely that some of these cases would meet the standard for involuntary removal and placement.

DCYF does not know how many of these estimated cases would meet the revised imminent harm standard created in this bill due to high-potency synthetic opioids. The following assumptions and costs are for illustrative purposes. If 50 percent of cases involved high-potency synthetic opioids, then DCYF would see an increase of 2.6 placements per month, or a cumulative 31.4 placements per year.

Total estimated cost for these sections: FY25 \$643,000 (\$462,000 GF-S)

Child welfare estimated workload costs:

| Workload estimated costs total: | FY25 | \$304,000 (\$259,000 GF-S) |
|---------------------------------|------|---|
| | FY26 | \$603,000 (\$514,000 GF-S) and subsequent years |

DCYF estimates that at least an additional 31 cases could come into care during FY 25. An additional 31 cases would require two (2) additional SSS3 positions. 31 cases / 18:1 ratio= 2 additional. SSS3- $152,000 \times 2 = 304,000$ (\$259,000 GF-S)

In FY26 and subsequent years DCYF estimates an additional 63 cases per year requiring 3.5 SSS3 positions and 0.5 SSS5 positions. 63 cases/ 18:1 ratio = 3.50 SSS3 positions. SSS3- $152,000 \times 3.5 = 517,000$ (452,000 GF-S). With 3.5 SSS3 will require 0.5 SSS5 FTE (3.5 SSS3 / 6:1 ratio = 0.5SSS5 FTE). 0.5 SSS5- 172,000 = 86,000 (73,000 GF-S)

Foster care estimated placement costs:

| Placement estimated cost total: | FY25 | \$339,000 (\$203,000 GF-S) |
|---------------------------------|------|---|
| | FY26 | \$964,000 (\$578,000 GF-S) and subsequent years |

DCYF assumes that there could be an increase in out of home placements as a result of this bill. DCYF estimates that by June 30, 2025, DCYF will have an additional 204 months of out of home placements by clients for the 31 cases coming into care in FY25. DCYF estimates 204 months x 1660.21 (per cap as of Nov 23) = 339,000 (203,000 GF-S) in additional placement costs for FY 25.

In FY 26 and subsequent years DCYF assumes that there could be an increase of at least 580.5 months of out of home placements by clients from this bill for the 63 cases per year. DCYF estimates 580.5 months x \$1660.21 (per cap as of Nov 23) = \$964,000 (\$578,000 GF-S).

Section 203

This section is subject to appropriation and costs are INDETERMINATE. This section requires DCYF to provide public health nurse prevention consultation in cases with high potency synthetic opioids. To meet the requirements of the bill, DCYF estimates that this section costs \$1,522,000 (\$1,488,000 GF-S).

DCYF estimates public health nurses cost 200,000 per year per FTE. DCYF estimates the need for 6.75 FTE to achieve statewide coverage = 1,350,000 GF-S.

Requires one (1) Management Analyst 5 (MA5) to manage pilot program. \$172,000 (\$ 138,000 GF-S).

Section 206

This section is subject to appropriation and costs are INDETERMINATE. This section requires DCYF to develop a pilot program to include third-party safety plan participants and public health nurses in CPS safety planning in four offices. To meet the requirements of the bill, DCYF estimates that this section costs \$1,688,000 (\$1,654,000 GF-S).

Third Party Safety Planning Costs:

DCYF will develop a pilot program in four department offices to support CPS workers in safety planning. The pilot will provide support for cases in families that do not have natural support to aid in safety planning. The estimated cost is based on Office of Innovation Accountability and Alignment (OIAA) data regarding in-home and out-of-home safety plans in four locations and assumptions regarding the share of cases that would require a public health nurse or a Family Time provider. DCYF estimates costs of this section at:

FY25 \$1,516,000 (\$1,516,000 GF-S)

Requires one (1) Management Analyst 5 (MA5) to manage pilot program. \$172,000 (GF-S 138,000).

Section 207

In this section DCYF is to provide funding and support for two pilot programs to implement an-evidence-based, comprehensive, intensive, in-home parenting services support model to serve children and families from birth to 18 years old who are in child welfare, children's mental health, or juvenile justice systems. To meet the requirements of this section, DCYF would need to contract with a contractor in an east side and a west side location.

DCYF used the Intercept In-home Services Program as a model for two pilot sites. One pilot site in an Eastside location (Yakima County) at an estimated cost of \$480,000 and one pilot site in a westside location (Pierce County) at an estimated cost of \$492,000. Total estimated cost for both sites is \$972,000 GF-S per year for each of FY25 and FY26.

Total cost: \$1,944,000 (1,944,000 GF-S)

FY 25 \$972,000 (\$972,000 GF-S) FY 26 \$972,000 (\$972,000 GF-S)

Section 209

Testing strips

This section requires DCYF to provide staff with testing strips for high potency synthetic opioids to be used when performing CPS investigations or otherwise appropriate.

DCYF estimates a need for an additional 200 boxes per region per year at a cost of 6,272.00. 6 regions x 6,272=38,000/year for the entire state.

Early Learning

Section 201

This section is subject to appropriation and costs are INDETERMINATE. To meet the requirements of this section, DCYF estimates the cost to be \$1,600,000 (\$1,597,000 GF-S).

Contracted Safety Care Slots

DCYF estimates the cost to hold 100 full-day infant childcare slots open across the state for four months. DCYF would require one (1) Program Specialist 5 (PS5) FTE to manage the slots.

| staff | FY25 | FY26 | FY27 |
|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| GF-S | \$149,000 | \$142,000 | \$142,000 |

| GF-F | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| slot GF-S | FY25 \$1,448,000 | FY26 \$1,448,000 | FY27 \$1,448,000 |
| GF-F | \$- | \$- | \$- |
| Total | | | |
| GF-S | \$1,597,000 | \$1,590,000 | \$1,590,000 |
| GF-F | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 |

Section 202

This section is subject to appropriation and costs are INDETERMINATE. To provide 150 contracted slots statewide, DCYF estimates a cost of \$1,7720,000 from the Home Visiting Services Account. For each 150 slots, DCYF estimates the need for 1.0 FTE to manage the slots.

Home Visiting:

DCYF estimates 150 home visiting slots, including 20 percent the cost of training for home visiting providers, at a cost per slot of 10,679 based. 10,679 X 150 slots = 1,602,000. DCYF estimates the need for one (1) Program Specialist 5 (PS5) to manage the pilot program. 158,000 (GF-S 158,000).

Program Support

Section 107

This section is subject to appropriation and costs are INDETERMINATE. This section requires DCYF to establish six (6) legal liaisons to work between social service specialists and AGOs office. For modeling purposes, a Social and Health Program Consultant 2 (SHPC2) cost was used.

6 FTE X \$146,000= \$876,000 (GF-S \$709,000).

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

| Account | Account Title | Туре | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|---|---------------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| 001-1 | General Fund | State | 0 | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 |
| | | Total \$ | 0 | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 |
| In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion. | | | | | | | |

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

| | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 | |
|---|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|--|
| FTE Staff Years | | | | | | |
| A-Salaries and Wages | | | | | | |
| B-Employee Benefits | | | | | | |
| C-Professional Service Contracts | | | | | | |
| E-Goods and Other Services | | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 | |
| G-Travel | | | | | | |
| J-Capital Outlays | | | | | | |
| M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers | | | | | | |
| N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services | | | | | | |
| P-Debt Service | | | | | | |
| S-Interagency Reimbursements | | | | | | |
| T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements | | | | | | |
| 9- | | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 0 | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 | |
| In addition to the estimates above, there are additional indeterminate costs and/or savings. Please see discussion. | | | | | | |

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.*

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

| Program | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Children and Families (010) | | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 |
| Total \$ | | 1,010,000 | 1,010,000 | 1,048,000 | 76,000 |

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

This bill would require new rule making.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

| Bill Number: | ill Number: 2447 2S HB Title: Children and families | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Part I: Jurisdiction-Location, type or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts. | | | | | | |
| Legislation Impacts: | | | | | | |

Cities:

Counties:

Special Districts:

Specific jurisdictions only:

Variance occurs due to:

Part II: Estimates

| Х | No fiscal | impacts. |
|---|-----------|----------|
|---|-----------|----------|

Expenditures represent one-time costs:

Legislation provides local option:

Key variables cannot be estimated with certainty at this time:

Estimated revenue impacts to:

None

Estimated expenditure impacts to:

None

Part III: Preparation and Approval

| Fiscal Note Analyst: Alice Zillah | Phone: 360-725-5035 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Leg. Committee Contact: Jackie Kauble | Phone: 360-786-7125 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
| Agency Approval: Allan Johnson | Phone: 360-725-5033 | Date: 02/09/2024 |
| OFM Review: Carly Kujath | Phone: (360) 790-7909 | Date: 02/14/2024 |

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

CHANGES BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PRIOR VERSION OF THE BILL:

The changes made in the second substitute version of the bill do not create impacts for local governments.

SUMMARY OF THE BILL:

The legislation amends a number of statutes to direct a court to give great weight to the lethality of a high potency synthetic opioid when a parent, guardian, or legal custodian's use of a high potency synthetic opioid, possession of a high potency synthetic opioid, or action creates a risk that a child will be harmed from exposure to, ingestion, inhalation, or contact with a high potency synthetic opioid. The child abuse or neglect establishing the basis for a determination of imminent physical harm during a request for a pick up order, law enforcement removal, and hospital hold may include, but is not limited to, child abuse or neglect resulting from a high-potency synthetic opioid.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would have no expenditure impacts for local governments. Any increase in law enforcement involvement in child welfare cases involving exposure to fentanyl and other highly potent synthetic opioids is anticipated to be minimal.

Please note that court impacts, including judicial costs, clerk costs, and court fees are described in fiscal notes prepared by the Administrative Office of the Courts. Local government fiscal notes include city and county expenditures for law enforcement investigations and arrests, indigent defenders, prosecutors, and jail costs.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would have no revenue impacts for local governments.