# **Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary**

Bill Number: 1956 E 2S HB

Title: Substance use prevention ed.

# **Estimated Cash Receipts**

NONE

Agency Name	2023	-25	2025	-27	2027-	2027-29	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts							
Loc School dist-SPI	No fiscal impac	t					
Local Gov. Other							
Local Gov. Total							

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures**

Agency Name		2023-25				2025-27				2027-29			
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	
Washington State Health Care Authority	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	
Department of Health	.9	3,458,000	3,458,000	3,458,000	1.7	6,299,000	6,299,000	6,299,000	1.7	6,299,000	6,299,000	6,299,000	
Department of Children, Youth, and Families	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	
Superintendent of Public Instruction	Fiscal n	ote not availa	able										
Total \$	0.9	3,458,000	3,458,000	3,458,000	1.7	6,299,000	6,299,000	6,299,000	1.7	6,299,000	6,299,000	6,299,000	

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27		2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI	No fis	No fiscal impact							
Local Gov. Other									
Local Gov. Total									

# **Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures**

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	
Washington State Health	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Care Authority										
Department of Health	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Department of Children,	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Youth, and Families										
Superintendent of Public	Fiscal n	ote not availabl	e							
Instruction										
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27		2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts									
Loc School dist-SPI	No fis	No fiscal impact							
Local Gov. Other									
Local Gov. Total									

# **Estimated Capital Budget Breakout**

Prepared by: Breann Boggs, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 485-5716	Preliminary 2/19/2024

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

Bill Number: 1956 E 2S HB Title: Substance use prevention ed.	Agency: 107-Washington State Health Care Authority
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## Part I: Estimates

X No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures from:** NONE

**Estimated Capital Budget Impact:** 

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Jordan Clarke	Phone: 360-786-7123	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Preparation:	Cari Tikka	Phone: 360-725-1181	Date: 02/15/2024
Agency Approval:	Carl Yanagida	Phone: 360-725-5755	Date: 02/15/2024
OFM Review:	Arnel Blancas	Phone: (360) 000-0000	Date: 02/15/2024

# Part II: Narrative Explanation

## II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

See attached narrative.

## II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached narrative.

## II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

See attached narrative.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

**III. C - Operating FTE Detail:** *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

## III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

## IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Bill Number: 1956 E2SHB

HCA Request #: 24-152

Title: Substance Use Prevention Ed.

## Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

#### Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

**Estimated Operating Expenditures from:** 

NONE

**Estimated Capital Budget Impact:** 

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

#### Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.



# HCA Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1956 E2SHB

HCA Request #: 24-152

Title: Substance Use Prevention Ed.

## Part II: Narrative Explanation

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This bill relates to fentanyl and other substance use prevention education.

As compared to SHB 1956 of this bill, this bill instead:

- Directs the Department of Health (DOH) develop, implemental, and maintain a statewide drug overdose prevention and awareness campaign to address the drug overdose epidemic that meets specified requirements; DOH shall collaborate with HCA if they want to include messaging on substance use disorder and overdose death prevention, resources for addiction treatment and services, and information the Good Samaritan Overdose Law.
- Requires the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) in collaboration with HCA and other agencies, to develop, periodically update, and make available school and classroom substance use prevention and awareness materials; and
- Directs the OSPI to adjust the state health and physical education learning standards for middle and high school students to add opioids to the list of drugs included in drug-related education; and
- Provides expiration dates and timelines for developing school materials; and
- Declares an emergency.

New Section 1 An Introductory section explaining why the legislature is proposing this bill. This section includes information on the increase in opioid overdoses at the federal and state level.

New Section 2 requires DOH to develop, implement, and maintain a statewide drug overdose prevention and awareness campaign to address the drug overdose epidemic. The campaign must include outreach to both youth and adults aimed at preventing substance use and overdose deaths. DOH, in consultation with HCA, may also include messaging focused on substance use disorder and overdose death prevention, resources for addiction treatment and services, and information on immunity for people who seek medical assistance in a drug overdose situation pursuant to RCW 69.50.315. The 2024 and 2025 campaign must be focused on fentanyl and other opioids. DOH is required to submit an annual report to the appropriate committees of the Legislature. This section expires July 1, 2029.

New Section 3 requires OSPI, in collaboration with DOH, HCA, other state agencies, and educational service districts to develop age-appropriate substance use prevention and awareness materials for school and classroom uses. These materials must be periodically updated to align with the annual substance use prevention and awareness campaigns.

New Section 4 requires OSPI, in collaboration with DOH, HCA, other state agencies, and educational service districts to develop school and classroom materials on the lethality of fentanyl and other opioids in coordination with the public health campaign created in Section 2 of this act. This section expires July 1, 2026.

New Section 5 declares an emergency.

New Section 6 includes a null and void clause.

Prepared by: Cari Tikka

## HCA Fiscal Note

#### Bill Number: 1956 E2SHB

HCA Request #: 24-152

Title: Substance Use Prevention Ed.

New Section 7 proclaims this act to be known and cited as the Lucas Petty act.

#### II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing functions.

#### NONE

#### II. C – Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguish between one time and ongoing functions.

#### **No Fiscal Impact**

Effective awareness campaigns and substance use information dissemination in schools and communities can help reinforce drug refusal skills developed through normative and educational efforts. This usually results in the mid- and long-term reduction of treatment and recovery rates, and therefore, in the decrease of patients accessing these benefits through the HCA's healthcare plans. HCA already provides awareness campaigns and information dissemination in some schools and to some target populations. It is difficult to estimate if these items would result in a significant additional decrease in treatment and recovery rates, and therefore, for this analysis, HCA assumes no fiscal impact.

#### Part III: Expenditure Detail

**III. A - Operating Budget Expenditure** 

NA

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NA

**III. C - Operating FTE Detail:** FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

#### NA

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NA

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

Prepared by: Cari Tikka

## HCA Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1956 E2SHB

HCA Request #: 24-152

Title: Substance Use Prevention Ed.

NA

#### IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

#### NA

**IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout:** Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

#### NONE

**IV. D - Capital FTE Detail:** FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

#### NONE

#### Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

## NONE

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

<b>Bill Number:</b> 195	56 E 2S HB <b>Title:</b>	Substance use prevention ed.	Agency: 303-Department of Health
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## Part I: Estimates

No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

#### **Estimated Operating Expenditures from:**

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.0	1.8	0.9	1.7	1.7
Account					
General Fund-State 001-1	0	3,458,000	3,458,000	6,299,000	6,299,000
Total \$	0	3,458,000	3,458,000	6,299,000	6,299,000

#### **Estimated Capital Budget Impact:**

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

X If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Jordan Clarke	Phone: 360-786-7123	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Preparation:	Bekki Ayres	Phone: 3604703623	Date: 02/16/2024
Agency Approval:	Amy Burkel	Phone: 3602363000	Date: 02/16/2024
OFM Review:	Breann Boggs	Phone: (360) 485-5716	Date: 02/19/2024

# Part II: Narrative Explanation

## II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The engrossed second substitute version of this bill adds reporting requirements to section 2(4). This can be done within previous fiscal impact, no change.

Section 2: The Department of Health shall annually develop and deploy a statewide multimedia substance use prevention and awareness campaign that evolves to address the substance or substances with the greatest impact on the health of Washington youth and their families, diverse regions and communities, and the broader public.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

## II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 2: Develop and deploy a statewide multimedia substance use prevention and awareness campaign that evolves to address the substance or substances.

## Health Services Consultant 3 (HSC3) - FY25: \$144,000 and \$140,000 ongoing; 1.0 FTE ongoing

This position will serve as a health educator managing the health promotion aspects of the Department of Health's (DOH) opioid response. The HSC3 will develop and test educational materials and contribute to planning and implementing health promotion interventions. This will include managing the social marketing and behavior change campaign, and the associated contractors. This position will coordinate with existing internal DOH programs and liaise with the governor's interagency coordinating council on health disparities, the office of the superintendent of public instruction, and other state agencies working on the opioid response, as directed in this bill.

## PRINTING & SHIPPING \$32,054 per FY

The department will print and ship campaign materials to diverse region and communities per section 2(1)(d). The department estimates 100,000 posters there are approximately 3,000 schools in Washington State, which would provide them with 15 posters each (total school quantity 45,000), leaving 55,000 for community distribution and placement at stores, churches, etc. This number can flex if more or fewer posters are desired. The higher the quantity, the better the per-piece cost. The poster can also be made smaller for some cost savings.

#### CONTRACTS

The department will establish contract(s) for a statewide campaign work targeting "Washington youth and their families, diverse regions and communities, and the broader public." The first fiscal year includes additional money to secure a contractor and develop the campaign, as well as initial placement and monitoring. Developing the campaign includes audience research and concept testing, developing effective messaging and branding for each branch, and designing the ads and content. The additional first-year money also would cover the bulk of the transcreation/translation of the campaign messages and graphics into other languages. Subsequent years are for continuation of the campaign, including placement and monitoring, adjustment of messages as needed, and additional transcreation or translation as needed. An evaluation every other year will show how the campaign is doing and better inform DOH strategies for subsequent years; it will also allow DOH to see the effectiveness of the overall strategy and how it is changing behavior and health in Washington and allow DOH to report the successes to the Legislature. These budget amounts were chosen as they are at the minimum level to have an effective campaign, the budget is in alignment with other statewide behavior change campaigns managed

by DOH and confirmed cost estimates for this topic based on our previous opioid campaign in 2023.

The proposed bill prioritizes sub-populations, this campaign will have one main priority audience, a second priority population, and a general audience. The audience research the contractor would conduct would indicate which audiences are of special concern for this topic beyond that specified within the bill.

DOH historically conducts research evaluations every 2-3 years, however this campaign will require annual reviews in order to focus on the current trends in substance abuse prevention. The cost of those evaluations is included in this fiscal note.

Contractor account management is for contractor staff time and other costs they incur in executing the campaign, such as reporting, invoicing, attending check-ins, and social media monitoring. Campaign development and media buy costs are captured in the amounts listed per audience.

FY 25: \$ 3,229,000 Priority population (youth and families): \$1,325,000 Secondary priority population (under "diverse regions and communities," to be determined by pre-campaign evaluation and planning): \$450,000 General population: \$750,000 Contractor account management: \$379,000 Audience research (annually, per section 2): \$325,000

Total FY 26: \$3,054,000 Priority population (youth and families): \$850,000 Secondary priority population: \$400,000 General population: \$850,000 Evaluation (once per biennium, even years): \$250,000 Contractor account management: \$379,000 Audience research (annually, per section 2): \$325,000

Total FY 27: \$ 2,804,000 Priority population (youth and families): \$850,000 Secondary priority population: \$400,000 General population: \$850,000 Contractor account management: \$379,000 Audience research (annually, per section 2): \$325,000

Total FY 28: \$3,054,000 Priority population (youth and families): \$850,000 Secondary priority population: \$400,000 General population: \$850,000 Contractor account management: \$379,000 Evaluation (once per biennium, even years): \$250,000 Audience research (annually, per section 2): \$325,000

Total FY 29: \$2,804,000 Priority population (youth and families): \$850,000 Secondary priority population: \$400,000 General population: \$850,000 Contractor account management: \$379,000

## TOTALS

FY2025: \$3,458,000 and 1.8 FTE FY2026: \$3,276,000 and 1.7 FTE FY2027: \$3,023,000 and 1.7 FTE FY2028: \$3,276,000 and 1.7 FTE FY2029: \$3,023,000 and 1.7 FTE

Annual totals include agency overhead costs which include services from: accounting, budget, contracts, facilities, HR, IT, and other shared costs.

# **Part III: Expenditure Detail**

## III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Туре	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	3,458,000	3,458,000	6,299,000	6,299,000
		Total \$	0	3,458,000	3,458,000	6,299,000	6,299,000

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.8	0.9	1.7	1.7
A-Salaries and Wages		122,000	122,000	234,000	234,000
B-Employee Benefits		50,000	50,000	94,000	94,000
C-Professional Service Contracts		3,229,000	3,229,000	5,858,000	5,858,000
E-Goods and Other Services		45,000	45,000	95,000	95,000
J-Capital Outlays		3,000	3,000		
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements		9,000	9,000	18,000	18,000
9-					
Total \$	0	3,458,000	3,458,000	6,299,000	6,299,000

**III. C - Operating FTE Detail:** List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Fiscal Analyst 2	53,000		0.8	0.4	0.7	0.7
HEALTH SERVICES CONSULTAN	78,120		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
3						
Total FTEs			1.8	0.9	1.7	1.7

## III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

## IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

## IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

- Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE
- IV. D Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

Bill Number: 195	56 E 2S HB <b>Tit</b>	tle: Substance use prevention ed.	Agency: 307-Department of Children, Youth, and Families
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## **Part I: Estimates**

X No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures from:** NONE

**Estimated Capital Budget Impact:** 

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Jordan Clarke	Phone: 360-786-7123	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Preparation:	Jay Treat	Phone: 360-556-6313	Date: 02/15/2024
Agency Approval:	Crystal Lester	Phone: 360-628-3960	Date: 02/15/2024
OFM Review:	Carly Kujath	Phone: (360) 790-7909	Date: 02/15/2024

# Part II: Narrative Explanation

## II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Comparison of 1956 SHB to 1956 E2SHB:

New Section 4(1) Directs the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to adjust the state health and physical education learning standards for middle and high school students to add opioids to the list of drugs included in drug-related education.

New Section 4(2) Changes the date that OSPI must have the education materials available for schools from December 1, 2024 to December 1, 2025.

New Section 4(3) provides an expiration date of July 1, 2026.

New Section 5 add an emergency clause, taking effect immediately.

New section 6 adds a null and void clause making the bill null and void if specific funding is not provided by June 20, 2024 in the omnibus appropriations act.

New Section 7 names the law as the Lucas Petty Act.

These changes do not change the indeterminate impact to The Department of Children, Youth and Families (DCYF).

## 1956 SHB

New section 2 requires the Departmetn of Health (DOH) to annually develp and deploy a statewide multimedia substance use prevention and awareness campign.

New section 3 requires the OSPI to collaborate with the DOH develop age-appropriate substance use prevention and awareness materials for school and classroom use. These materials must be periodically updated to align with the annual substance use prevention and awareness campaign in section 2.

The substitute bill shifts the requirement to develp and annually deploy statewide substance use prevention education materials from OSPI to the DOH.

## II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

## II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No fiscal impact to the Department of Children, Youth and Families (DCYF).

The bill does not directly name DCYF as a contributor to the campaign that the DOH and the OSPI must create. However, DCYF may be asked by these departments to help with knowledge and material concerning substance use prevention and treatment concerning opioids and synthetic opioids like fentanyl.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

- **III. A Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE
- III. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

**III. C - Operating FTE Detail:** *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

- IV. A Capital Budget Expenditures NONE
- IV. B Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

## IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

**IV. D - Capital FTE Detail:** FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

# **Individual State Agency Fiscal Note**

Bill Number: 1956 E 2S HB T	Title:   Substance use prevention ed.	Agency: SDF-School District Fiscal Note - SPI
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## **Part I: Estimates**

X No Fiscal Impact

Estimated Cash Receipts to:

NONE

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures from:** NONE

**Estimated Capital Budget Impact:** 

NONE

The cash receipts and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting the precision of these estimates, and alternate ranges (if appropriate), are explained in Part II.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.

If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).

Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

Legislative Contact:	Jordan Clarke	Phone: 360-786-7123	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Preparation:	Lindsey Ulrich	Phone: 3607256420	Date: 02/14/2024
Agency Approval:	TJ Kelly	Phone: (360) 725-6301	Date: 02/14/2024
OFM Review:	Brian Fechter	Phone: (360) 688-4225	Date: 02/15/2024

# Part II: Narrative Explanation

## II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Summary of E2SHB 1956

Changes compared to SHB 1956

E2SHB 1956 updates language in section 2 to address the development of the drug overdose prevention campaign by the department. Section 3 adds collaborators for developing substance use prevention materials in schools. Adds new section 4-7, section 4 directs OSPI to collaborate and update health and physical education learning standards in middle and high schools. Section 5 highlights the emergent need and makes it effective immediately.

Section 2 – A new section is added to RCW 43.70

Revised language to include more information on the statewide drug overdose campaign developed by the department. Beginning June 30, 2025, the department must submit a report to the appropriate committees to summarize the message and mediums of the campaign.

Section 3 – A new section is added to RCW 28A.300.

(1) Updated language, the office of the superintendent of public instruction (OSPI) will collaborate with the department of health (DOH), the health care authority (HCA), other state agencies, and education service districts (ESDs) to develop substance use prevention materials.

Section 4 – New section

(1) OSPI shall collaborate with DOH, HCA, other state agencies and ESDs to develop classroom materials on the lethality of fentanyl in coordination with the public health campaign created in section 2. OSPI will make the materials available to school districts and public school.

(2) By December 1, 2025, OSPI shall adjust the state learning standards for health and physical education to add opioids to the list of drugs included in drug-related education. OSPI must make these materials available to school districts.(3) This section expires July 1, 2026.

Section 5 – New section

This act is necessary and take effect immediately.

Section 6 - New section

If specific funding is not provided by June 30, 2024 in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

Section 7 - New section

This act may be known and cited as the Lucas Petty act.

## II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No impact to cash receipts. OSPI assumes the fiscal impact to school districts will be minimal, as OSPI is providing the materials and resources to be incorporated into current health education and drug prevention programs for students and families.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 3 - No fiscal impact to school districts. OSPI will develop materials for school and classroom use. OSPI will distribute the materials to school districts and strongly encourage districts to incorporate the materials into classroom learning.

Section 4 - No fiscal impact to school districts. OSPI will develop classroom materials on the lethality of fentanyl and make the materials available to school districts. OSPI will adjust the state health and physical educational learning standards for middle and high schoolers to include opioids in drug-related education. OSPI must make these materials available to school districts.

OSPI assumes the fiscal impact to school districts will be minimal, as OSPI is providing the materials and resources to be incorporated into current health education and drug prevention programs for students and families.

## Part III: Expenditure Detail

**III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures** NONE

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose NONE

**III. C - Operating FTE Detail:** *FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.* NONE

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures NONE

#### IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods. NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Substance use prevention ed. Form FN (Rev 1/00) 194,799.00 FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note No impact to capital.

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.