Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 2118 E S HB Title: Firearms dealers

Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name		2023-25		2025-27			2027-29		
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Washington State Patrol	0	0	0	0	0	64,148	0	0	64,148
Total \$	0	0	0	0	0	64,148	0	0	64,148

Agency Name	2023	3-25	2025	-27	2027-29	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal note not	available				
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other						
Local Gov. Total						

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name			2023-25			2	2025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	Fiscal n	ote not availa	able									_
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Washington State Patrol	.0	0	0	0	.1	0	0	43,586	.1	0	0	43,586
Department of Licensing	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0	0.1	0	0	43,586	0.1	0	0	43,586

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal	note not availab	le						
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27	,	2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	Fiscal r	note not availabl	e						
Office of Attorney General	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Washington State Patrol	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Licensing	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Department of Corrections	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	Fiscal	note not availab	le						
Loc School dist-SPI									
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.							
Local Gov. Total									

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Kyle Siefering, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 995-3825	Preliminary 2/26/2024

Bill Number: 2118 E S	НВ	Title: Firearms dealers	Agenc	y: 100-Office of Attorney General
Part I: Estimates	•		•	
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipts (to:			
NONE				
Estimated Operating Exp NONE	enditures	from:		
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:			
NONE				
The cash receipts and expe and alternate ranges (if ap		mates on this page represent the most likely fisc	cal impact. Factors impactii	ng the precision of these estimates,
		corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	eater than \$	650,000 per fiscal year in the current bienn	ium or in subsequent bien	nia, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is les	ss than \$50	,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	n or in subsequent biennia	, complete this page only (Part I
Capital budget impa	ct, comple	te Part IV.		
Requires new rule m	naking, con	nplete Part V.		
Legislative Contact: J	Joe McKitt	rick	Phone: 3607867287	Date: 02/20/2024
Agency Preparation:	Amy Flaniş	gan	Phone: 509-456-3123	Date: 02/23/2024
Agency Approval: J	Joe Zawisla	ak	Phone: 360-586-3003	Date: 02/23/2024
OFM Review:	Val Terre		Phone: (360) 280-3073	3 Date: 02/23/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The Attorney General's Office (AGO) Licensing & Administrative Law Division (LAL) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the Department of Licensing (DOL). The enactment of this bill will not impact the provision of legal services to DOL because the client does not anticipate the new dealer requirements in this bill to result in additional audit or enforcement actions. Possible LAL Assistant Attorney General (AAG) impacts are limited to constituent correspondence related to the new dealer physical security requirements and self-certification requirements, especially prior to and immediately after the bill becomes effective. The fiscal impact to LAL is not expected to result in more than 90 AAG hours per FY. New legal services are nominal and costs are not included in this request.

The AGO Criminal Justice Division (CRJ) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not increase or decrease the division's workload in representing the Washington State Patrol (WSP). CRJ provides programmatic advice to WSP. The changes contemplated in this legislation are mostly technical changes to switch from local law enforcement agencies conducting firearm background checks to WSP's Firearms Background Division conducting the background checks. The substantive work has already been accounted for with prior legislation. It is not anticipated that the requirement in Section 1 (17) (b), for WSP to transmit information daily to DOL will require AAG advice or support. Therefore, no costs are included in this request.

The AGO Government Compliance and Enforcement Division (GCE) has reviewed this bill and determined it will not significantly increase or decrease the division's workload in representing WSP. This bill will impose certain requirements on firearms dealers relating to employees, building security, and records maintenance. GCE provides program specific advice and litigation support to WSP and none of those programs would be implicated by this bill. Therefore, no costs are included in this request.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Bill Number: 2118 E S HB	Title: F	irearms dealers		Ag	ency: 225-Washingt	on State Patrol
Part I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
ACCOUNT		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Fingerprint Identification Account-St 225-1	ate				64,148	64,148
223 1	Total \$				64,148	64,148
Estimated Operating Expenditures	from:	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Account			0.0	0.0		
Fingerprint Identification		0	0	0	43,586	43,586
Account-State 225-1	otal \$	0	0	0	43,586	43,586
NONE						
The cash receipts and expenditure esting	mates on thi	s nave renresent the	e most likely fiscal	impact Factors impo	acting the precision of t	hese estimates
and alternate ranges (if appropriate), a			most mety fiscur.	mpues. I desort impe	iemig me precision oj t	rese estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follow	correspond	ling instructions:				
If fiscal impact is greater than \$ form Parts I-V.	50,000 per	fiscal year in the	current bienniun	or in subsequent b	piennia, complete ent	ire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than \$50.	,000 per fis	scal year in the cur	rrent biennium o	in subsequent bier	nnia, complete this pa	age only (Part l
Capital budget impact, complet	e Part IV.					
Requires new rule making, com	nplete Part	V.				
Legislative Contact: Joe McKitti	rick			Phone: 360786728	7 Date: 02/2	20/2024
Agency Preparation: Thomas Bo				Phone: (360) 596-4		
Agency Approval: Mario Ruor				Phone: (360) 596-4		

Tiffany West

OFM Review:

Date: 02/22/2024

Phone: (360) 890-2653

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The engrossed substitute version of the proposed legislation changes our fiscal impact due to a change to the effective date.

There is a fiscal impact to the Washington State Patrol (WSP).

Section 1(5)(b) changes the fingerprint background requirement for Firearm Dealer Employees (FDE) who may sell a firearm in the course of their employment to an annually recurring basis.

Revised section 1(11)(b)(i) no longer mentions the WSP.

Revised section 2 changes the effective date to July 1, 2025.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

There is a positive cash receipt impact to WSP.

Section 1(5)(b) changes FDE license requirements to match the requirements of a Concealed Pistol License (CPL) in that they must be over the age of 21 and annually submit a state fingerprint based background check. As these fingerprints must be mailed to the WSP, we charge \$58 for a state based fingerprint background check. Using the 2023 FDE background checks we processed, we are estimating an annual increase of 553 checks each year, resulting in an increased revenue of \$32,074 annually starting in FY2026.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 1(5)(b) changes the fingerprint background requirement for Firearm Dealer Employees (FDE) who may sell a firearm in the course of their employment to an annually recurring basis. Using the 2023 FDE background checks we processed, we are estimating an annual increase of 553 checks each year. This will result in an increased workload of 0.17 FTEs of a Fingerprint Technician 2, the total cost of which is \$21,793 annually.

We base estimated salary expenditures on current levels for the positions requested per published salary schedules, plus any applicable incentive or assignment pay. We compute estimated benefits expenditures based on federal or state mandated rates plus state provided amounts for health insurance and workers' compensation insurance. We assume that any increases in these rates or amounts will be covered by legislation establishing the increase.

We base our estimate for agency indirect costs on the approved federal indirect cost rate of 33.41 percent. We apply this indirect cost rate percentage to all categories of expenditure with only two exceptions: capital equipment and expenditures after \$25,000 of each projected contract. Indirect costs include, but are not limited to, computer and telecommunications support, payroll processing, vendor payments, general accounting, procurement administration, inventory control, and human resource management.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
225-1	Fingerprint	State	0	0	0	43,586	43,586
	Identification						
	Account						
		Total \$	0	0	0	43,586	43,586

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years				0.1	0.1
A-Salaries and Wages				23,596	23,596
B-Employee Benefits				9,074	9,074
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services					
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-Indirect Costs				10,916	10,916
Total \$	0	0	0	43,586	43,586

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Fingerprint Technician 2	69,401				0.1	0.1
Total FTEs					0.1	0.1

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Bill Number: 2118 E S HB	Title: Firearms dealers	Agency:	240-Department of Licensing
Part I: Estimates	•	•	
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Operating Expendi NONE	tures from:		
Estimated Capital Budget Imp	act:		
NONE			
The cash receipts and expendite and alternate ranges (if approp.	ure estimates on this page represent the mos riate), are explained in Part II.	st likely fiscal impact. Factors impacting t	the precision of these estimates,
	Collow corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the curr	ent biennium or in subsequent biennia	i, complete entire fiscal note
	nn \$50,000 per fiscal year in the curren	t biennium or in subsequent biennia, c	omplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, co	omplete Part IV.		
Requires new rule makin	•		
Legislative Contact: Joe N	1cKittrick	Phone: 3607867287	Date: 02/20/2024
Agency Preparation: Gina	Rogers	Phone: 360-634-5036	Date: 02/21/2024
Agency Approval: Collin	n Ashley	Phone: (564) 669-9190	Date: 02/21/2024
OFM Review: Kyle	Siefering	Phone: (360) 995-3825	Date: 02/21/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

No change from previous fiscal note.

This bill sets new requirements for firearms dealer employees and business operations. Since Department of Licensing does not issue firearms dealer licenses or regulate them for compliance, this bill has no requirements or fiscal impacts on the agency.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

	_				
Bill Number: 2118 E S	HB Tit	le: Firearms dealers	Ag		310-Department of Corrections
Part I: Estimates					
X No Fiscal Impact					
Estimated Cash Receipts	to:				
NONE					
Estimated Operating Exp NONE	oenditures fro	m:			
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:				
NONE					
		es on this page represent the most like	ly fiscal impact. Factors impa	acting ti	he precision of these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if ap					
		000 per fiscal year in the current b	piennium or in subsequent b	oiennia	, complete entire fiscal note
	ss than \$50,000	0 per fiscal year in the current bier	nnium or in subsequent bier	nnia, co	omplete this page only (Part
Capital budget impa	ct. complete P	art IV.			
Requires new rule m	•				
Legislative Contact:	Joe McKittrick	<u> </u>	Phone: 360786728	7	Date: 02/20/2024
Agency Preparation:	Jaysanna Wang	j	Phone: (360) 725-8	3428	Date: 02/22/2024
Agency Approval:	Michael Steenl	nout	Phone: (360) 789-0)480	Date: 02/22/2024
OFM Review:	Danya Cleveng	ger	Phone: (360) 688-6	5413	Date: 02/26/2024

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2118 is an act relating to protecting the public from gun violence by establishing additional requirements for the business operations of licensed firearms dealers.

This engrossed substitute bill does not have additional changes that affect DOC.

Previous bill language:

Section 1(4) authorizes any law enforcement agency acting within the scope of its jurisdiction to investigate any breach of licensing conditions.

Section 2 states this act takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The Department of Corrections (DOC) assumes no fiscal impact as investigating firearm dealers would be outside of DOC's scope of jurisdiction.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number:	2118 E S HB	Title:	Firearms dealers			
Part I: Jurisdiction-Location, type or status of political subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.						
X Counties: Special Dist	Same as above, plus arricts: isdictions only: curs due to:		investigation and prosecution of violations of new requirements for firearm dealers			
No fiscal in	npacts.					
Expenditure	es represent one-time	costs:				
Legislation	provides local option	:				
X Key variable	les cannot be estimate	d with certai	inty at this time: Number of instances of violations			
Estimated revo	enue impacts to:					
None						
Estimated exp	enditure impacts to:					
	Non-zero	but indeter	rminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.			

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Alice Zillah	Phone:	360-725-5035	Date:	02/20/2024
Leg. Committee Contact: Joe McKittrick	Phone:	3607867287	Date:	02/20/2024
Agency Approval: Allan Johnson	Phone:	360-725-5033	Date:	02/20/2024
OFM Review: Kyle Siefering	Phone:	(360) 995-3825	Date:	02/21/2024

Page 1 of 2 Bill Number: 2118 E S HB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis

A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

CHANGES BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PRIOR VERSION OF THE BILL:

The engrossed substitute establishes which provisions do not apply to dealers with a sales volume of \$1,000 or less per month on average over the preceding 12 months. This addition does not affect the indeterminate impacts discussed below.

SUMMARY OF BILL:

Sec. 1 amends RCW 9.41.110. As a condition of licensure, a firearms dealer shall annually certify to the licensing authority, in writing and under penalty of perjury, that the dealer is in compliance with each licensure requirement established in this section. This section further establishes requirements for building security for firearms dealers. Any law enforcement agency acting within the scope of its jurisdiction may investigate a breach of the licensing conditions established in this chapter.

This act takes effect January 1, 2025.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would result in indeterminate costs for cities and counties.

RCW 9.41.810 defines the penalty for any violation of RCW 9.41 as a misdemeanor unless otherwise noted, and therefore the Local Government Fiscal Note Program (LGFN) assumes that violations of the new provisions on building security would be prosecuted as misdemeanors. The average cost to investigate and prosecute a misdemeanor is approximately \$2,117, according to the LGFN criminal justice cost model. Any sentences as a result of violations would be served in county jails, at an average daily bed cost of \$145.

The legislation defines the penalty for violating section 1(6) as perjury. RCW 9A.72.020 establishes that perjury in the first degree is a class B felony. Costs to investigate and prosecute a comparable felony charge are approximately \$6,987, according to the LGFN criminal justice cost model. Sentences for a violation of this provision would served either in jail or prison.

Because the number of violations cannot be estimated, the total costs are indeterminate.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

The legislation would have no revenue impacts for local governments.

SOURCES:

Local Government Fiscal Note Program criminal justice cost model

Page 2 of 2 Bill Number: 2118 E S HB