# **Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary**

Bill Number: 2112 2S HB Title: Higher ed. opioid prevention

# **Estimated Cash Receipts**

NONE

# **Estimated Operating Expenditures**

Agency Name		2	2023-25			2	025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Department of Health	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
University of Washington	1.4	254,099	254,099	254,099	2.8	489,598	489,598	489,598	2.8	489,598	489,598	489,598
Washington State University	1.0	379,341	379,341	379,341	1.9	758,682	758,682	758,682	1.9	758,682	758,682	758,682
Eastern Washington University	.5	140,000	140,000	140,000	1.0	220,000	220,000	220,000	1.0	220,000	220,000	220,000
Central Washington University	.0	28,613	28,613	28,613	.0	51,226	51,226	51,226	.0	51,226	51,226	51,226
The Evergreen State College	.5	112,849	112,849	112,849	1.0	202,698	202,698	202,698	1.0	202,698	202,698	202,698
Western Washington University	.8	137,263	137,263	137,263	1.5	253,293	253,293	253,293	1.5	253,293	253,293	253,293
Community and Technical College System	.0	448,000	448,000	448,000	.0	562,000	562,000	562,000	.0	562,000	562,000	562,000
Total \$	4.2	1,500,165	1,500,165	1,500,165	8.2	2,537,497	2,537,497	2,537,497	8.2	2,537,497	2,537,497	2,537,497

# **Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures**

Agency Name		2023-25			2025-27	1		2027-29	
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Department of Health	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
University of Washington	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Washington State University	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Eastern Washington University	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Central Washington University	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
The Evergreen State College	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Western Washington University	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Community and Technical College System	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

# **Estimated Capital Budget Breakout**

NONE

Prepared by:	Ramona Nabors, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
		(360) 742-8948	Revised 2/27/2024

Bill Number: 2112 25	S HB Titl	e: Higher ed. opioid prevention	Agency: 3	303-Department of Health
Part I: Estimates				
X No Fiscal Impact				
Estimated Cash Receipt	ts to:			
NONE				
<b>Estimated Operating E</b> NONE	xpenditures fron	n:		
Estimated Capital Budg	et Impact:			
NONE				
		s on this page represent the most likely fisca	l impact. Factors impacting th	e precision of these estimates,
and alternate ranges (if  Check applicable boxe	** *	responding instructions:		
If fiscal impact is g		000 per fiscal year in the current bienniu	m or in subsequent biennia,	complete entire fiscal note
form Parts I-V.	1 4 650 000			
If fiscal impact is	less than \$50,000	per fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia, co	mplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget im	pact, complete Pa	art IV.		
Requires new rule	making, complet	te Part V.		
Legislative Contact:	Alicia Kinne-C	lawson	Phone: 360-786-7407	Date: 02/12/2024
Agency Preparation:	Damian Howar	d	Phone: 3602363000	Date: 02/14/2024
Agency Approval:	Amy Burkel		Phone: 3602363000	Date: 02/14/2024
OFM Review:	Breann Boggs		Phone: (360) 485-5716	Date: 02/14/2024

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

This substitute bill added language to allow higher education institutions to obtain and maintain overdose reversal medication and added Section 2 that says if funding is required and not provided by June 30, 2024 the act is null and void.

The bill instructs public and private institutions of higher education to provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness information to all students. The Department of Health (DOH) is not directed to do anything in this bill. It is possible public and private institutions of higher education may reach out to DOH for assistance, but at this time the department is assuming it would be limited, short in duration, and could be managed within existing resources. No fiscal impact to DOH.

## II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

**NONE** 

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

		1							
Bill Number:	2112 2S HB	Title:	Higher ed. opioid p	prevention		<b>Agency:</b> 360-University of Washington			
Part I: Estin	nates	·							
No Fiscal	Impact								
Estimated Cash	Receipts to:								
NONE	•								
1,01,2									
<b>Estimated Oper</b>	ating Expenditure	es from:	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	<u> </u>	025-27	2027-29	
FTE Staff Years	S		0.0	2.8	2023-20	1.4	2.8		
Account									
General Fund-S			0	254,099	254,		489,598	·	
		Total \$	0	254,099	254,	099	489,598	489,598	
The early years			n this page represent the	was likalu Gasal	innast Eastan	in parties the		of these activates	
-	ois ana expenaiture e. anges (if appropriate			e most tikety jiscat i	трасі. Faciors	impacting the	e precision (	of these estimates,	
Check applica	ble boxes and follo	w corresp	onding instructions:						
X If fiscal imform Parts		n \$50,000	per fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subsequ	ent biennia,	complete 6	entire fiscal note	
If fiscal in	npact is less than \$5	50,000 pe	r fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium oi	in subsequen	t biennia, co	mplete this	s page only (Part I)	
Capital bu	dget impact, comp	lete Part I	V.						
Requires r	new rule making, co	omplete P	art V.						
Legislative Co	ontact: Alicia Ki	nne-Claw	rson		Phone: 360-78	36-7407	Date: 0	02/12/2024	
Agency Prepa	ration: Lauren H	latchett			Phone: 20661	67203	Date: (	02/15/2024	
Agency Appro	oval: Michael	Lantz			Phone: 20654	37466	Date: (	02/15/2024	
OFM Review:	Ramona l	Nabors			Phone: (360)	742-8948	Date: (	02/20/2024	

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Compared to the original bill, the second substitute includes the following changes:

- Requires institutions of higher education to include information on the Good Samaritan statute as a part of the opioid and fentanyl prevention education;
- Provides that institutions of higher education may obtain and maintain opioid reversal medication through a standing order in accordance with RCW 69.41.095; and
- Adds a null and void clause.

These changes do not impact our previous fiscal analysis, and so we are submitting the same note.

Second Substitute House Bill 2112 intends to provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness information at institutions of higher education to all students. In addition, institutions must make Naloxone and Fentanyl strips available on campus in various accessible locations and provide training to resident hall staff on administering naloxone.

The University of Washington (UW) anticipates that implementation of this bill would result in costs of \$254,099 in FY25 and \$244,799 each year thereafter. Please see the expenditures section for a detailed explanation of fiscal impacts.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

For the purposes of this fiscal note, we have organized our expenditures narrative by the components of this bill, "Education," "Naloxone and Fentanyl Strips," and "Training"

## EDUCATION IMPACT: \$121,760 per FY

The UW would provide education and awareness information to all students across the three campuses (Bothell, Seattle, and Tacoma). To meet the requirements of the bill, we anticipate the following FTE would be required:

- 1.0 FTE Counseling Services Coordinator (annual salary: \$61,327; benefits rate: 30.0%) which would be responsible for developing education and informational materials and managing student workers.
- 0.8 FTE Counseling Services Student workers (annual salary: 41,537; benefits rate: 21.2%) which would be divided among 4 student employees. These students would manage educational materials and serve as points of contact on their respective campuses.

#### NALOXONE AND FENTANYL STRIPS IMPACT: \$24,100 in FY25 and \$14,800 in FY26+

The UW would make Naloxone and Fentanyl strips available on campus in various accessible locations. To ensure supplies are available on each campus (primarily the Seattle and Tacoma campuses as the Bothell Campus already receives an annual allocation for opioid reversal supply), the UW would need to purchase the following supplies and services:

- 200 Narcan Kits, \$45 each, per year = \$9,000
- 800 Fentanyl Strips, \$1 each, per year = \$800
- 100 Sharps Containers, \$50 each, one-time = \$5,000
- 100 Sharps Container Holders (wall-mounted, locking) and three large pre-disposal pick-up containers, one-time = \$8,500

• Pick-up, Disposal, and Box Sterilizing Service, per year = \$5,000

## TRAINING IMPACT: \$110,000 per FY

The UW would provide training to staff working in residence halls on administering Naloxone. To meet the requirements of this bill the UW would hire the following FTE:

• 1.0 FTE Public Health Specialist (annual salary: \$84,615; benefits rate: 30.0%) to coordinate and manage supply and placement of opioid reversal medication in campus locations; manage location and servicing of sharps boxes; and manage the integration of opioid reversal into unit-level first aid and accident prevention plans across the three campuses.

## **TOTAL COSTS**

The summation of implementation costs for each component of this bill would cost the UW \$254,099 in FY25 and \$244,799 each year thereafter.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

# III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	254,099	254,099	489,598	489,598
		Total \$	0	254,099	254,099	489,598	489,598

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		2.8	1.4	2.8	2.8
A-Salaries and Wages		179,172	179,172	358,344	358,344
B-Employee Benefits		50,827	50,827	101,654	101,654
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		24,100	24,100	29,600	29,600
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	254,099	254,099	489,598	489,598

# III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Counseling Services Coordinator	61,327		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Counseling Services Student	41,537		0.8	0.4	0.8	0.8
Workers						
Public Health Specialist	84,615		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs			2.8	1.4	2.8	2.8

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

# IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

# IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 2112 2S HB	Title:	Higher ed. opioid	prevention	A	Agency: 365-Washin	gton State
					University	
Part I: Estimates	•			•		
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
NONE						
Estimated Operating Expendit	ures from:					
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	2.0	1.0	1.9	1.9
Account						
General Fund-State 001-	·1	0	379,341	379,34	758,682	758,682
	Total \$	0	379,341	379,34	758,682	758,682
The cash receipts and expenditur and alternate ranges (if appropri			e most likely fiscal ii	mpact. Factors in	pacting the precision o	f these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and for	llow corresp	onding instructions:				
If fiscal impact is greater the form Parts I-V.	han \$50,000	per fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subsequen	t biennia, complete e	ntire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than	n \$50,000 per	r fiscal year in the cu	ırrent biennium or	in subsequent b	iennia, complete this	page only (Part
Capital budget impact, con	mplete Part I	V.				
Requires new rule making	, complete P	art V.				
Legislative Contact: Alicia	Kinne-Claw	son	]	Phone: 360-786-	7407 Date: 02	2/12/2024
Agency Preparation: Brittne	ey Gamez		1	Phone: 509-335-	5406 Date: 0	2/16/2024
Agency Approval: Chris	Jones		]	Phone: 509-335-	9682 Date: 0.	2/16/2024
OFM Review: Ramon	na Nabors		]	Phone: (360) 742	2-8948 Date: 0	2/20/2024

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

HB 2112 requires opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness to higher education students, along with access to fentanyl strips and Naloxone.

WSU expects the bill to have a fiscal impact.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill will require staffing for implementation and continuation of student and employee (including staff working in residence halls) opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness system-wide at WSU. Travel costs are for the registered nurse to present in person trainings at all WSU campuses to both students and employees. Goods and services costs are for software modules for online trainings, website hosting and maintenance, educational materials including pamphlets and posters. Also included are laptops for trainers and associated maintenance and support costs. Students and employees attending in person trainings will receive fentanyl strips and Naloxone kits which are included in goods & services. These strips and kits will also be made available to students in various accessible locations on all campuses.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

# III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	379,341	379,341	758,682	758,682
		Total \$	0	379,341	379,341	758,682	758,682

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		2.0	1.0	1.9	1.9
A-Salaries and Wages		147,367	147,367	294,734	294,734
B-Employee Benefits		51,292	51,292	102,584	102,584
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		173,182	173,182	346,364	346,364
G-Travel		7,500	7,500	15,000	15,000
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	379,341	379,341	758,682	758,682

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Assistant Dean of Students	102,756		0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Custodians	2,725		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Medical Director	262,656		0.1	0.0		
Registered Nurse	67,848		0.5	0.2	0.5	0.5
Residential Education Director	700		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Student/Hourly	6,185		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Training Coordinator	70,800		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs			2.0	1.0	1.9	1.9

# III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

# IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

<b>Bill Number:</b> 2112 2S HE	Title:	Higher ed. opioid p	prevention	Ag	gency: 370-Eastern University	Washington
Part I: Estimates  No Fiscal Impact						
<b>Estimated Cash Receipts to</b>	:					
NONE						
<b>Estimated Operating Exper</b>	nditures from:					
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Account						
General Fund-State (	001-1	0	140,000	140,000	220,000	220,000
	Total \$	0	140,000	140,000	220,000	220,000
The cash receipts and expend and alternate ranges (if appr	ropriate), are expla	ined in Part II.	e most likely fiscal i	mpact. Factors imp	acting the precision of	these estimates,
Check applicable boxes an X If fiscal impact is great form Parts I-V.			current biennium	or in subsequent	piennia, complete en	tire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less	than \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or	in subsequent bie	nnia, complete this p	page only (Part l
Capital budget impact.	, complete Part IV	7.				
Requires new rule make	king, complete Pa	rt V.				
Legislative Contact: Al	icia Kinne-Claws	on	1	Phone: 360-786-7	407 Date: 02/	/12/2024
Agency Preparation: Ke	eith Tyler		]	Phone: 509 359-24	180 Date: 02	/27/2024
Agency Approval: Ta	mmy Felicijan		]	Phone: (509) 359-	7364 Date: 02	/27/2024
OFM Review: Ra	mona Nabors		]	Phone: (360) 742-	8948 Date: 02	/27/2024

# II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

2SHB 2112 relates to opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness at institutions of higher education. Section 1 requires that institutions of higher education (1) provide in person or electronic opioid and fentanyl prevention education to all students, to be posted on the institution's public website, (2) make accessible to students on campus naloxone and fentanyl strips, in various accessible locations, and (3) provide residence hall staff with education and training on administering naloxone. Changes to the current bill include the addition of section 1(4), stating that for the purpose of assisting a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose, an IHE may obtain and maintain opioid reversal medication through a standing order prescribed and dispensed in accordance with RCW 69.41.095. This addition does not substantively change the fiscal impact to EWU, therefore we are submitting the same fiscal note as the previous bill.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

## II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Section 1 of 2SHB 2112 contains three distinct requirements that will generate cost as they relate to EWU - student education, staff training, and supplies. Subsection (1) requires that the institution provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education to students, and subsection (3) requires that the institution provide residence hall staff with training on administering naloxone. These education and training requirements would be provided by a 1 FTE program coordinator at an annual cost of approximately \$95,000 (\$70,000 salary plus \$25,000 benefits). Subsection (2) requires that naloxone and fentanyl detection strips be made available to students across campus. EWU estimates a need for approximately 150 wall mounted dispensers at a cost of \$130 each, for a total initial equipment cost of \$20,000. Additionally, naloxone kits and fentanyl strips to stock the dispensers will incur an initial cost of \$25,000. Assuming a 20% usage rate and a two year expiration period, EWU will incur an annual cost of approximately \$5,000 as well as a biannual cost of approximately \$25,000 to replace kits and strips.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

# III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	140,000	140,000	220,000	220,000
		Total \$	0	140,000	140,000	220,000	220,000

# III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
A-Salaries and Wages		70,000	70,000	140,000	140,000
B-Employee Benefits		25,000	25,000	50,000	50,000
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		45,000	45,000	30,000	30,000
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	140,000	140,000	220,000	220,000

# III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Program Coordinator	70,000		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs			1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0

# III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

# IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number:	2112 2S	НВ	Title:	Higher ed. opioid	prevention		Ageno	cy: 375-Central University	Washington
Part I: Esti	mates	•							
<b>Estimated Cas</b>	h Receipts	s to:							
NONE	<b>.</b>								
NONE									
Estimated Op	erating Ex	penditures	s from:						
				FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-2	5	2025-27	2027-29
Account General Fund	C4-4-	001.1		0	20.642	20	642	E4 00C	E4 000
General Fund	-State	001-1	Total \$	0	28,613 28,613		613 613	51,226 51,226	51,226 51,226
Estimated Com	tal Dudge	ot Immosts							
Estimated Cap	itai buuge	et impact:							
NONE									
				this page represent th	he most likely fiscal	impact. Factor	s impacti	ing the precision of	these estimates,
				ained in Part II.  Conding instructions:					
			-	per fiscal year in the		or in subsequ	ıent hier	nia complete er	ntire fiscal note
form Par		reater than	\$50,000	per fiscar year in the	e current olemnun	r or in subsequ	icht bich	mia, complete ci	tire fiscar note
X If fiscal	impact is l	ess than \$50	0,000 per	r fiscal year in the co	urrent biennium o	r in subsequer	t bienni	a, complete this j	page only (Part I)
Capital l	oudget imp	act, comple	ete Part I	V.					
Requires	s new rule	making, co	mplete P	art V.					
Legislative (	Contact:	Alicia Kin	ne-Claw	son		Phone: 360-7	86-7407	Date: 02	/12/2024
Agency Prep	paration:	Alexa Orc	utt			Phone: 50996	32955	Date: 02	2/14/2024
Agency App	roval:	Lisa Plesh	a			Phone: (509)	963-123	3 Date: 02	2/14/2024
OFM Review	v:	Ramona N	labors			Phone: (360)	742-894	8 Date: 02	2/20/2024

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

2112 Second Substitute HB adds in section 1(1) that the education must include information on the "good samaritan" statute in RCW 69.50.315. Inserts a new subsection: for the purpose of assisting a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose, an IHE may obtain and maintain opioid overdose reversal medication.

2112 2S HB adds a new section 2, if specific funding for the purposes of this act isn't provided by June 30,2024, this act is null and void.

There are no changes to our original response.

## Summary from original 2112 HB:

Section 1: New section added to chapter 28B.10 RCW: (1) Each public/private higher education institution will provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness information to all students via in-person or electronically. Also, this education must be posted on each institution's public website for students/parents/legal guardians to view. (2) Naloxone and fentanyl strips must be available to students on-campus in various accessible locations, such as: wellness centers, student union buildings, and student housing. (3) Higher education institutions will need to provide residence halls staff education/training on administering naloxone. (4) "Institutions of higher education" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 28B.92.030.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

#### II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

CWU was the recipient of a \$10,000 grant from WSAC for emergency contraception to be used by June 2024. Our intention with the grant funds is to also include the fentanyl test strips and naloxone kits for easy accessibility to students. We currently receive about 50 naloxone kits from the Department of Health free of charge and are dependent on funding received by the DoH. Additionally, an entity that distributes medically related supplied through a vending machine format must be a licensed designated shopkeeper. Because CWU's dining services also runs a C-store where over-the-counter medication is sold, they are currently a licensed designated shopkeeper. CWU Dining Services, as a licensed designated shopkeeper, has 2 vending machines that the Health & Wellness Center could use as dispensaries for naloxone, fentanyl test strips, as well as other over-the-counter medications. If CWU is able to secure the use of those vending machines we would place one in the Student Union & Recreation Center, one in the library, and one other in a high-traffic student area on campus, providing 3 points of access for the supplies required in this bill.

If use of the Dining Services vending machines isn't possible, the costs to procure a machine plus the necessary opioid overdose prevention supplies required in this bill are outlined below and shown in the table.

Estimated Costs for Ellensburg Campus:

- -Vending Machine QTY: 1 = \$3,000
- -Fentanyl Strips (\$1/test strip): (\$1\*2500 strips) = \$2,500
- -Naloxone kit (\$30/kit) QTY: 50 = (\$30\*50 kits) = \$1,500

Additionally, CWU has hosted "drug take-back" pop-up events that offer naloxone and SHARPS containers which may allow for a broader outreach/support to students. In compliance with this bill, we would also include fentanyl test strips as part of the offerings of a "drug take-back" event. Included in the staffing costs within the table is the cost to increase the frequency of these pop-up events. CWU already provides sharps containers and has a process in place for sterile disposal.

To comply with the proposed bill, CWU would need \$21,613/year for staffing costs to assist with educating students regarding opioid and fentanyl prevention and awareness as well as information on the "good samaritan" statue described in section 1. Also, to organize/operate the pop-up events.

- -Assistant Director at .25 FTE (.25FTE\*\$65,000 salary=\$16,250) = \$16,250
- -Benefits at 33% = (.33\*\$16,250=\$5,362.50) = \$5,363

Before we supply these vending machines at our University Center/Instructional Site locations (Des Moines, Pierce, Lynnwood, Moses Lake, Wenatchee, Yakima, JBLM, and Sammamish), we would need to determine if the shopkeeper's license associated with Dining Services would apply to those locations. Additionally, our centers are co-located on community college campuses. As they are co-located, we would need to work with our partners to 1) make sure its allowable within our current operating agreements 2) it may be more fiscally and operationally responsible to establish a memorandum of understanding to utilize the host campus' vending machines (if they have them).

If CWU were able to operate vending machines at each of our centers/sites to provide the naloxone and fentanyl test strips, we would need 8 additional vending machines and the correlating amount of naloxone kits and fentanyl test strips for a cost of \$7000 per location.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

# III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	28,613	28,613	51,226	51,226
		Total \$	0	28,613	28,613	51,226	51,226

## III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years					
A-Salaries and Wages		16,250	16,250	32,500	32,500
B-Employee Benefits		5,363	5,363	10,726	10,726
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		7,000	7,000	8,000	8,000
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	28,613	28,613	51,226	51,226

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

## III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

# IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

# IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

# IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

<b>Bill Number:</b> 2112 2S HE	Title:	Higher ed. opioid p	prevention		Agency: 376- Coll		reen State
Part I: Estimates  No Fiscal Impact	•						
Estimated Cash Receipts to	•						
•	•						
NONE							
<b>Estimated Operating Exper</b>	nditures from:						
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025	-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	1.0	0	.5	1.0	1.0
Account							
General Fund-State (	001-1	0	112,849	112,84		202,698	202,698
	Total \$	0	112,849	112,84	49	202,698	202,698
The cash receipts and expend and alternate ranges (if appr	ropriate), are expla	ined in Part II.	e most likely fiscal i	impact. Factors i	impacting the pro	ecision of the	ese estimates,
Check applicable boxes an	_	_	current biennium	or in subseque	nt biennia, con	nplete entir	e fiscal note
form Parts I-V.  If fiscal impact is less	than \$50,000 per	fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or	in subsequent	biennia, compl	ete this paş	ge only (Part I
Capital budget impact	, complete Part IV	V.					
Requires new rule mal	king, complete Pa	nrt V.					
Legislative Contact: Al	icia Kinne-Claws	son		Phone: 360-786	5-7407 П	Date: 02/12	2/2024
Agency Preparation: Da	niel Ralph			Phone: 360-867	7-6500 I	Date: 02/14	4/2024
Agency Approval: Lis	sa Dawn-Fisher			Phone: 564-233	3-1577 П	Date: 02/14	4/2024
OFM Review: Ra	ımona Nabors			Phone: (360) 74	12-8948   Г	Date: 02/20	0/2024

# II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

2S HB 2112 relates to opioid and fentanyl education at institutions of higher education.

Section 1(1) states that information about the good samaritan law must be included in the program of education offered to all students related to opioid and fentanyl abuse prevention.

Section 1(4) states that for the purpose of assisting a person who is at risk for experiencing an overdose, the college may obtain and maintain overdose reversal medication through a standing order prescribed and dispensed in accordance with RCW 69.41.095.

Section 2 states that if funding for this act is not provided by June 30, 2024, the act shall be null and void.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

HB 2112 requires institutions of higher education to provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness information to all students.

Section 1(1) states that this education may be offered in person or electronically, and must also be posted on each institution's public website for students, parents, and legal guardians to view.

Section 2 states that naloxone and fentanyl strips must be made available to students on campus in various locations.

Section 3 states that institutions of higher education must provide staff working in residence halls education and training on administering naloxone.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

# II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

We will need a 1.0 FTE Prevention Coordinator (Range 6, step 26) to develop a comprehensive education and prevention program that follows public health standards such as those outlined by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Association. In addition to salary and benefits, there will be one-time set up costs for the new FTE of \$6,000 in FY 2025 with ongoing costs for goods and services at \$2,000/year.

In addition, we will need \$10,000 for educational and promotional materials each year. We will also need \$2,500/year to supply housing employees with Naloxene kits, and \$2,000/year for fentanyl test strips. A vending machine to dispense kits and test strips would be acquired in FY 2025 at a one-time cost of \$7,500.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

## III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	112,849	112,849	202,698	202,698
		Total \$	0	112,849	112,849	202,698	202,698

# III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
A-Salaries and Wages		60,048	60,048	120,096	120,096
B-Employee Benefits		24,801	24,801	49,602	49,602
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		28,000	28,000	33,000	33,000
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					·
9-					·
Total \$	0	112,849	112,849	202,698	202,698

# III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Prevention Coordinator	60,048		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs			1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0

# III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

**NONE** 

# IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Bill Number: 2112 2S HB	Title:	Higher ed. opioid p	prevention	A	gency: 380-Western University	n Washington
Part I: Estimates  No Fiscal Impact	1			<b>,</b>		
Estimated Cash Descints to						
<b>Estimated Cash Receipts to:</b>						
NONE						
<b>Estimated Operating Expenditur</b>	res from:					
Estimated Operating Expenditur		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.0	1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5
Account						
General Fund-State 001-1		0	137,263	137,263	253,293	253,29
	Total \$	0	137,263	137,263	253,293	253,293
The cash receipts and expenditure of and alternate ranges (if appropriate			e most likely fiscal i	mpact. Factors imp	oacting the precision o	f these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follo						
X If fiscal impact is greater that form Parts I-V.	•		current biennium	or in subsequent	biennia, complete en	ntire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than \$	\$50,000 per fi	iscal year in the cu	rrent biennium or	in subsequent bie	ennia, complete this	page only (Part
Capital budget impact, comp	plete Part IV.					
Requires new rule making, o	complete Part	t V.				
Legislative Contact: Alicia K	Linne-Clawso	n		Phone: 360-786-7	407 Date: 02	2/12/2024
Agency Preparation: Gena Mi	ikkelsen			Phone: 36065074	12 Date: 02	2/13/2024
Agency Approval: Anna Hu	urst		]	Phone: 360-650-3	569 Date: 02	2/13/2024
OFM Review: Ramona	Nabors		]	Phone: (360) 742-	8948 Date: 02	2/20/2024

# II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1 of the legislation mandates that both public and private institutions of higher education, including WWU, are obligated to provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness information to all students. This information can be conveyed either in person or electronically and is required to be easily accessible on the institution's public website for the benefit of students, parents, and legal guardians.

Furthermore, the legislation outlines specific requirements, including the provision that Naloxone and fentanyl strips must be made available to students on campus. These resources are to be strategically placed in easily accessible locations such as student wellness centers, student union buildings, and student housing, including our satellite campuses, Anacortes, Bremerton, Everett, Port Angeles, and Poulsbo.

In adherence to these mandates, our calculations encompass the comprehensive fiscal impact on WWU, which includes University Residences and the University Police Department.

To fulfill these obligations, WWU has established key roles dedicated to opioid and fentanyl prevention. The Student Care Case Managers and Student Services Advisor/Coordinator 2 play crucial roles in providing comprehensive training, outreach, and support related to Naloxone and fentanyl strips, ensuring compliance with legislative requirements.

The first-year total is estimated at \$137,263, covering the costs associated with implementing the educational initiatives and ensuring the availability of Naloxone, fentanyl strips, micro-scoops, sterile syringes, sharp containers for disposal on campus, and the FTE that would be required to fulfill this bill.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

# II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The comprehensive cost for compliance with this legislation in our Residence Halls and Wellness Division is \$19,191 every other year, with an additional \$1,000 annual cost (to replace the Ten Sharps containers). For our University Police Department, the total cost is \$5,293 in FY25. The annual renewal fee for training is \$3,000 and the recurring cost to replace materials is \$4,543 every other year beginning in FY27.

Cost detail for Residence Halls and Wellness Division:

The breakdown encompasses essential items for 48 campus buildings, including satellite locations in Anacortes, Bremerton, Everett, Port Angeles, and Poulsbo:

- Narcan kits (2 per building) at \$42/each, prorated across all locations, totaling \$4,032 (refill every other year).
- 2,000 fentanyl strips totaling \$1,980 (refill every other year).
- 200 boxes of sterile single-use syringes with needles (100 per box) at \$10.22/box, totaling \$2,044 (refill every other year).
- Ten Sharps containers (2 per physical campus) at \$50/each, totaling \$1,000 (refill annually).
- 2,000 micro scoops at \$0.19 each, totaling \$380.
- 8% tax, totaling \$755

Travel expenses are necessary for visits to 48 campus buildings, including remote locations, covering medicine replacement, training, and staff oversight; this also includes essential training and certifications for residence halls and the wellness division. The total cost for travel and training is \$9,000.

Cost Detail for the University Police Department:

- Training costs: \$250-300 per person, with an annual renewal fee of \$200 per individual. For a group of 15 officers, initial training costs amount to \$3,750, and the annual renewal fee totals \$3,000.
- Narcan kits amount to \$1,260 (refill every other year).
- The cost for a box of Fentanyl Strips (box of 100) is \$139, for 100 Micro scoops is \$19, and for 1 box of sterile syringes is \$10 (refill every other year).

# FTE Breakdown for Western Washington University:

- 1. Student Care Case Managers Fentanyl Strips and Narcan Focus: (\$25,000 in salaries and \$4,500 benefits at 18%)
- Provide student care case management services with a specific focus on fentanyl strips and Narcan.
- Conduct training under the supervision of student service advisors and campus staff.
- Develop educational materials and actively participate in student events to raise awareness.
- Serve as an informational resource for students regarding fentanyl strips and Narcan.
- 2. Student Services Advisor/Coordinator 2 Comprehensive Training and Outreach: (\$66,000 salary and \$21,780 benefits at an estimated 33%)
- Orchestrate comprehensive training and outreach initiatives across all WWU campuses, emphasizing fentanyl strips and Narcan awareness.
- Develop curriculum for essential training sessions, ensuring students are well-informed about risks and available resources.
  - Act as a resource for faculty and staff, addressing inquiries related to fentanyl strips and Narcan.
- Foster collaboration with student care case managers, in- and outpatient services, ensuring seamless coordination between preventive efforts and responsive actions.
  - Supervise and delegate work to the Student Care Case Managers

Total cost of FTE is \$91,000 in salaries, \$26,280 in benefits, with grand total of \$117,280.

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

## III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	137,263	137,263	253,293	253,293
		Total \$	0	137,263	137,263	253,293	253,293

# III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5
A-Salaries and Wages		91,000	91,000	182,000	182,000
B-Employee Benefits		21,780	21,780	43,560	43,560
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		11,733	11,733	18,733	18,733
G-Travel		12,750	12,750	9,000	9,000
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	137,263	137,263	253,293	253,293

# III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Student Care Case Manager	25,000		0.5	0.3	0.5	0.5
Student Services	66,000		1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Advisor/Coordinator 2						
Total FTEs			1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5

## III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

# IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

# Part V: New Rule Making Required

Bill Number: 2112	2 2S HB	Title:	Higher ed. opioid	prevention		•	99-Commu College Syst	nity and Technic
Part I: Estimat								
Estimated Cash Reco	eipts to:							
NONE								
Estimated Operating	g Expenditure	s from:						
			FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	20	25-27	2027-29
Account General Fund-State	001-1		0	449.000	110	200	F62 000	F62 000
General Fund-State		Total \$	0	448,000 448,000	448,0 448,0		562,000 562,000	562,000 562,000
NONE								
Check applicable b  X If fiscal impact form Parts I-V.	s (if appropriate)  oxes and follow  is greater than  t is less than \$5  impact, compl	w corresponder \$50,000 per ete Part I	per fiscal year in the r fiscal year in the co	: e current biennium	or in subsequ	ent biennia, o	complete en	ntire fiscal note
Legislative Contac	t: Alicia Kii	nne-Claw	rson	1	Phone: 360-78	6-7407	Date: 02	/12/2024
Agency Preparatio					Phone: 360-70		Date: 02	
Agency Approval:					Phone: 360-70		Date: 02	
OFM Review:	Ramona N	Vabors		]	Phone: (360) 7	42-8948	Date: 02	2/20/2024

# II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The second substitute bill differs from the original bill in several ways, including:

- Opioid and fentanyl education and awareness training must include information on the states' Good Samaritan Law.
- Specifies that Institution of Higher Education may obtain and maintain opioid overdose reversal medication through a standing order prescribed and dispensed in accordance with RCW 69.41.095.

These changes would not change the fiscal impact when compared to the original bill.

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This bill would require Institutions of Higher Education, including community and technical colleges, to provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness information to students. Education and awareness training must include information on the states' Good Samaritan Law. Education can be offered in-person or electronically. The education must be posted on the institutions' website for students, parents and guardians to view.

Naloxone and fentanyl strips must be made available to students on campus in various accessible locations, such as student union buildings and student housing.

Institutions of higher education must provide staff working in residence halls with education and training on administering naloxone.

#### II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No cash receipts impact.

## II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The requirements of the bill would have the following expenditure impacts

#### **EDUCATION**

Institutions of Higher Education are required to provide opioid and fentanyl prevention education and awareness information to students. Education can be offered in-person or electronically. The education must be posted on the institutions' website for students, parents and guardians to view.

Based on online training modules offered to students and employees for other training purposes, it is estimated that costs would be \$6,000 per college.

Total cost for the community and technical college system would be:

 $6,000 \times 34 = 204,000 \text{ FY25}$  onward

#### **SUPPLIES**

Naloxone and Fentanyl test strips must be made available to students on campus in various accessible locations such as wellness centers, student union buildings and student housing.

Colleges in the community and technical college system would place the supplies in wellness centers, student union buildings, the library and student housing. It is assumed there would be one wall mounted dispenser, two naloxone kits and one hundred fentanyl detection strips, per location at each college.

Dispenser costs for all 34 colleges in the system would be:

113 locations X 1 dispenser per location X \$130 per dispenser = \$15,000 (rounded) one-time costs FY25

Naloxone costs for all 34 colleges in the system would be:

113 locations X 2 kits per location X \$45 per kit = \$10,000 (rounded)

Fentanyl strips costs for all 34 colleges in the system would be:

113 locations X 100 strips per location X \$1 per strip = \$11,000 (rounded)

10,000 + 11,000 + 15,000 = 36,000 FY 25

10,000 + 11,000 = 21,000 FY 26 onward

#### STAFF TRAINING

Institutions of Higher Education are required to provide education and training on the administering naloxone to staff that work in residence halls. There are currently 8 colleges that have housing facilities with college staff.

It is estimated that developing the initial plan and training materials will cost approximately \$14,000 per college in staff time. These costs are one-time costs and would occur in FY 2025.

Training designated personnel to administer opioid overdose medication is estimated to cost \$12,000 per college per year for the initial training and \$7,000 per year thereafter.

Total training costs per college in first year:

14,000 plan development + 12,000 training = 26,000

\$26,000 X 8 colleges = 208,000 FY25

Total cost per college in on-going cost:

\$7,000 re-training X 8 colleges = \$56,000 FY26 onward

## TOTAL COSTS FOR THE COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM

\$204,000 (Education) + \$36,000 (Supplies) + \$208,000 (Training) = \$448,000 FY25

204,000 (Education) + 21,000 (Supplies) + 56,000 (Training) = 281,000 FY26 onward

# Part III: Expenditure Detail

# III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	448,000	448,000	562,000	562,000
		Total \$	0	448,000	448,000	562,000	562,000

#### III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years					
A-Salaries and Wages		160,000	160,000	80,000	80,000
B-Employee Benefits		48,000	48,000	32,000	32,000
C-Professional Service Contracts		240,000	240,000	450,000	450,000
E-Goods and Other Services					
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-	·				
Total \$	0	448,000	448,000	562,000	562,000

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

**NONE** 

#### III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

**NONE** 

# Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

**NONE** 

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

#### IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

**NONE** 

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

**NONE** 

# Part V: New Rule Making Required