Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 5525 S SB Title: Layoffs

Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name	2025-27			2027-29			2029-31		
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Employment Security Department	Non-zero but	indeterminate cos	t and/or savings	. Please see disc	ussion.				
Total \$	l 0	ol	0	0	0	0	0	l 0	0

Agency Name	2025	-27	2027	-29	2029-31	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts	No fiscal impac	t				
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other						
Local Gov. Total		•				

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	2025-27					2027-29				2029-31			
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	
Office of Administrative Hearings	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	
Employment Security Department	1.6	0	0	556,803	1.2	0	0	324,692	1.2	0	0	324,692	
Total \$	1.6	0	0	556,803	1.2	0	0	324,692	1.2	0	0	324,692	

Agency Name	2025-27				2027-29			2029-31		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	cal impact								
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other										
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2025-27			2027-29			2029-31		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Administrative Office of the Courts	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Office of Administrative Hearings	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Employment Security Department	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Agency Name	2025-27				2027-29			2029-31		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts	No fis	cal impact								
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other										
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Anna Minor, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 790-2951	Final 2/27/2025

Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5525 S SB	Title: Layoffs	Agency:	055-Administrative Office of the Courts
Part I: Estimates			
X No Fiscal Impact			
Estimated Cash Receipts to:			
NONE			
Estimated Expenditures from	1:		
NONE			
Estimated Capital Budget Imp	pact:		
NONE			
subject to the provisions of RCV Check applicable boxes and	W 43.135.060. follow corresponding instructions:	ely fiscal impact. Responsibility for expendi	
Parts I-V.		rent biennium or in subsequent biennia, or in subsequent biennia, co	-
Capital budget impact, of		-	
Legislative Contact Jarrett	Sacks	Phone: 360-786-7448	Date: 02/21/2025
Agency Preparation: Chris C	Conn	Phone: 360-704-5512	Date: 02/25/2025
Agency Approval: Chris S	tanley	Phone: 360-357-2406	Date: 02/25/2025
φFM Review: Gaius I	Horton	Phone: (360) 819-3112	Date: 02/27/2025

203,709.00 Request # 249-1 Form FN (Rev 1/00) 1 Bill # <u>5525 S SB</u>

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

This substitute bill modifies required notification content; adds notice requirement exemptions; eliminates continuation of health benefits for certain employers; and precludes including those on paid family or medical leave in mass layoff or business closing.

The substitute would not make any changes affecting the fiscal impact to the Administrative Office of the Courts or the courts.

II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

None

II. C - Expenditures

No fiscal impact to the Administrative Office of the Courts as this bill does not affect current AOC or court processes.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (State)

NONE

III. B - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (County)

NONE

III. C - Expenditure By Object or Purpose (City)

NONE

III. D - FTE Detail

NONE

III. E - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B1 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (State)

NONE

IV. B2 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (County)

NONE

IV. B3 - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose (City)

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

None

203,709.00 Request # 249-1

Form FN (Rev 1/00) 2 Bill # 5525 S SB

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5525 S SI	В	Title: Layoffs		Agency:	110-Office of Administrative Hearings
Part I: Estimates	-				
X No Fiscal Impact					
Estimated Cash Receipts	to:				
NONE					
TOTAL					
Estimated Operating Exp NONE	oenditures	from:			
Estimated Capital Budget	Impact:				
NONE					
The cash receipts and expe and alternate ranges (if ap		imates on this page represent the most lik	ely fiscal impact. Factors	impacting t	he precision of these estimates,
		corresponding instructions:			
If fiscal impact is greater form Parts I-V.	eater than S	\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current	biennium or in subsequ	ent biennia	, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is les	ss than \$50	0,000 per fiscal year in the current bie	ennium or in subsequent	biennia, co	omplete this page only (Part I)
Capital budget impa	ct, comple	te Part IV.			
Requires new rule m	naking, cor	nplete Part V.			
Legislative Contact:	Jarrett Sacl	22	Phone: 360-78	6-7448	Date: 02/21/2025
Agency Preparation:	Pete Boeck	:el	Phone: 360-40	7-2730	Date: 02/25/2025
Agency Approval:	Rob Cotto	1	Phone: 360-40	7-2708	Date: 02/25/2025
OFM Review:	Val Terre		Phone: (360) 2	80-3073	Date: 02/26/2025

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

No fiscal impact. This legislation will not measurably increase the appeal workload for the Office of Administrative Hearings. Any new work is assumed to be nominal and will be provided with existing resources.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

None

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

NONE

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Bill # 5525 S SB

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 5525 S SB	Title:	Layoffs		Ag	ency: 540-Employs Department	ment Security
Part I: Estimates						
No Fiscal Impact						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
Non-zer	o but inde	eterminate cost and	or savings. Plea	ase see discussion.		
Estimated Operating Expenditure	es from:	FY 2026	FY 2027	2025-27	2027-29	2029-31
FTE Staff Years		2.0	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.2
Account		2.0	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.2
Employment Service Administrati	ve	394,457	162,346	556,803	324,692	324,692
Account-State 134-1		334,437	102,540	330,003	324,032	324,032
Tibesam same	Total \$	394,457	162,346	556,803	324,692	324,692
The each veccints and expenditure of	stimates on	this page venues out the	most likely ficeal	impact Easters impact	geting the precision of	these estimates
The cash receipts and expenditure eand alternate ranges (if appropriate			most tikety jiscat i	трасі. Faciors impo	icting the precision of	inese estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follo	_	_				
X If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	n \$50,000 j	per fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subsequent b	oiennia, complete en	tire fiscal note
If fiscal impact is less than \$3	50,000 per	fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium o	in subsequent bier	nnia, complete this p	page only (Part I
Capital budget impact, comp	lata Dart I	V.				
	iete Fait i					g, (c
X Requires new rule making, co						18 - 11 y
X Requires new rule making, co	omplete Pa			Phone: 360-786-74	148 Date: 02/	
	omplete Pa			Phone: 360-786-74 Phone: 360 890 35		/21/2025

Anna Minor

OFM Review:

Date: 02/25/2025

Phone: (360) 790-2951

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Employers with 50+ employees must provide written notice of at least 60 days to employees, ESD and applicable bargaining representatives before a business closing or mass layoff. An employer may receive an exception from ESD on the written notice under certain circumstances and ESD may issue penalties for non-compliance of written notice. Mass layoffs generally cannot include employees currently on paid family and medical leave. ESD is provided rulemaking authority including documentation requirements for exceptions outlined in Section 3.

Changes from Substitute to original.

This Substitute:

- Adds that notifications must include whether a mass layoff or business closing is related to the relocation or contracting out of operations or positions
- Adds exceptions from notification requirements:
 - -Construction projects where employees were hired with understanding employment was temporary
 - -Multi-employer construction projects with a union referral or dispatch system
 - -Removes the 120-day group health insurance coverage requirement for employers
- -Prohibits mass layoffs and business closings requiring notification from including employees currently on paid family or medical leave, except under certain circumstances.

Section by Section Summary:

- Section 1. New Section: Definitions including Department (meaning Employment Security Department), employee, employer, employer, employer and mass layoff.
- Section 2. New Section: Employer with 50 or more employees cannot order business closing or mass layoff without giving notice of 60 days; employer must provide written notice to ESD, employee(s), and if applicable employee's bargaining representative; provides considerations for short-term mass layoffs and businesses being sold. Written notice must include federal WARN info, and additional information such as employment site, dates of employment loss, and job titles.
- Section 3. New Section. Outlines exceptions for the notice required in section 2 such as employer was seeking capital or business to prevent layoff, unforeseeable business circumstances and natural disasters. Exception may only apply for part of the 60-day notice and employer could be liable for penalty for days requiring notice per Sections 4 and 5. ESD can only provide exception if employer meets documentation requirements in Section 7.
- Section 4. New Section. Creates liability for employer not meeting notification requirement in Section 2 potentially including back pay for each day of violation and value of the cost of benefits. Liability to be calculated for a maximum of up to 60 days and can be reduced by wages and benefits paid during period of violation. ESD, employee, or bargaining representative may bring civil action on behalf of person within 3 years of alleged violation. Court may award reasonable attorneys' fees and reduce penalty but cannot enjoin a mass layoff or business closing.
- Section 5. New Section. An employer in violation of Section 2 may be subject to civil penalty of not more than \$500 for each day of violation unless employer pays all employees' wages and benefits. All penalties recovered under this section to be credited to the general fund.
- Section 6. New Section. Except under certain circumstances, an employer may not include an employee in an order of a mass layoff if the employee is currently on paid family or medical leave under Title 50A RCW.
- Section 7. New Section. ESD may adopt rules including documentation requirements for the exceptions in Section 3.

Section 8. New Section Act to be known as "securing timely notification and benefits for laid-off employees" act.

Section 9. New Section. Sections 1-8 new chapter in Title 49.

Section 10: Null and void clause.

Lead Agency Assumptions

Employers with 50+ employees must provide written notice of at least 60 days to employees, ESD and applicable bargaining representatives before a business closing or mass layoff. An employer may receive an exception from ESD on the written notice under certain circumstances and ESD may issue penalties for non-compliance of written notice. Mass layoffs generally cannot include employees currently on paid family and medical leave. ESD is provided rulemaking authority including documentation requirements for exceptions outlined in Section 3.

ESD receives approximately 5 WARN notices a month; however, it is uncertain how many employers do not report via the current federal WARN system and therefore cannot estimate how many employers could be cited under the new act or appeal any citations.

For illustrative purposes, ESD assumes six employers will not provide WA WARN notice and receive a citation.

Employer calculation assumptions:

In 2023 and 2024, ESD received 113 federal WARN notices, or about 67 notices per year.

Approximately 5% of unemployment insurance reports are incomplete

Assuming a similar rate of noncompliance to UI reporting, ESD estimates about 4 employers a year will be subject to the WA WARN penalty prescribed in the bill.

The assumption was increased by 150% to account for unknown firms that did not submit a federal WARN notices as required, totaling 6 employers per year.

Employer penalty assumptions:

In 2023 and 2024 federal WARN data, employers that did not provide at least 60 days advance notice averaged 28 days' notice

Each of these employers would be subject to \$500 per day for 32 days

Penalty calculation

6 employers per year X 32 days of violation per employers X \$500 per day = \$96,000

It is unlikely to have a substantive number of appeals to higher level courts each year. Litigation following section 4 is already available as an action through the federal WARN Act and therefore this bill is unlikely to bring a significant increase in litigation under that section.

Impact Summary

High Level Implementation Assumptions:

ESD would need to create a process for identifying, receiving and reviewing documents for the purposes of excepting an employer from the notice requirement (sections 3 & 7).

ESD would need to create a mechanism for collecting penalties associated with violation of the notice and deposit these penalties into the general fund (section 5)

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The legislation would allow for a civil penalty to be collected when an employer does not comply with the notice requirements under certain circumstances; if a penalty is collected it can be for as many days an employer is out of compliance.

ESD receives approximately 5 federal WARN notices a month; however, it is uncertain how many employers do not report via the current federal WARN system and therefore cannot estimate how many employers could be cited under the new act or appeal any citations.

For illustrative purposes, ESD assumes six employers will not provide WA WARN notice and receive a citation.

Employer calculation assumptions

- In 2023 and 2024, ESD received 133 federal WARN notices, or about 67 notices per year.
- Approximately 5% of unemployment insurance reports are incomplete
- Assuming a similar rate of noncompliance to UI reporting, ESD estimates about 4 employers a year will be subject to the WA WARN penalty prescribed in the bill.
- The assumption was increased by 150% to account for unknown firms that did not submit a federal WARN notice as required, totaling 6 employers per year.

Employer penalties assumptions

- In 2023 and 2024, employers that did not provide at least 60 days advance notice averaged 28 days' notice
- Each of those employers would be subject to \$500 per day for 32 days

Penalty calculation

6 employers per year X 32 days of violation per employer X \$500 per day = \$96,000 per year

It is unlikely to have a substantive number of appeals to higher level courts each year. Litigation following section 4 is already available as an action through the federal WARN Act and therefore this bill is unlikely to bring a significant increase in litigation under that section.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Fund solvency for account 134 should be considered.

The following estimates are based on current structures responsible for similar functions and previous experiences with similarly sized projects and programs. It is assumed the case management process, citations/orders issuance and depositing penalties in the General Fund will be manual.

Customer Compliance Division (CCD)

Section of the Bill: All

Customer Compliance Division will need to create and maintain new processes and procedures related to the WARN notification exceptions process. CCD staff will conduct the review of documentation and any investigations. To implement this bill, a Technical Training Consultant (TTC) is needed to prepare for and provide the training.

CCD One-time costs

FY26: Technical Training Consultant - 0.1 FTE

CCD ongoing costs:

FY26 and ongoing: ES Benefits Specialist 3 - 1.0 FTE

Communications Division Section of the Bill: 2, 3, 6, 7

Extra-large communications plan consisting of web pages and document creation; new letters and updating existing letters; outreach to employers and broader outreach effort to impacted stakeholders; internal communication.

Communication One-time costs:

FY26: Communications Consultant 4 - 0.1 FTE FY26: Communications Consultant 5 - 0.1 FTE

Financial Services Division (FSD):

Section of the Bill: 5

Development needed to calculate the amount of penalty for employers to transfer on a monthly/regular basis from ESDs local UI bank accounts to the State General Fund.

FSD Ongoing costs:

FY26 and ongoing: Fiscal Analyst 4 - 0.1 FTE FY26 and ongoing: WMS Band 2 - 0.1 FTE

Product, Planning and Performance Division (PPP):

Section of the Bill: All

Project management to support implementation in a complete and timely manner. Support designing and establishing new processes, gathering input from customer and stakeholders.

PPP One-time costs:

FY26: IT Project Management Senior/Specialist - 0.5 FTE

\$90,000 during FY26 for major rule making.

ESD estimates two appeals a year resulting from this Legislation and would absorb those costs.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2026	FY 2027	2025-27	2027-29	2029-31
134-1	Employment Service Administrative Account	State	394,457	162,346	556,803	324,692	324,692
		Total \$	394,457	162,346	556,803	324,692	324,692

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2026	FY 2027	2025-27	2027-29	2029-31
FTE Staff Years	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.2
A-Salaries and Wages	165,786	87,260	253,046	174,520	174,520
B-Employee Benefits	66,314	34,904	101,218	69,808	69,808
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services	120,300	18,180	138,480	36,360	36,360
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements	42,057	22,002	64,059	44,004	44,004
9-					
Total \$	394,457	162,346	556,803	324,692	324,692

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2026	FY 2027	2025-27	2027-29	2029-31
COMMUNICATIONS	69,396	0.1		0.1		
CONSULTANT 4						
COMMUNICATIONS	80,460	0.1		0.1		
CONSULTANT 5						
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY	66,012	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BENEFITS SPECIALIST 3						
FISCAL ANALYST 4	66,012	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
IT PROJECT MANAGEMENT -	106,976	0.5		0.3		
SENIOR/SPECIALIST						
TECHNICAL TRAINING	72,924	0.1		0.1		
CONSULTANT						
WMS BAND 2	105,072	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total FTEs		2.0	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.2

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Rulemaking is required to implement section 5 to determine how to calculate required penalties.

Rulemaking is required to implement sections 2,3, & 7 to determine what is included in the notice of violation and appeal rights.